755

Bill RR (1114) New Style, "Medina Pat"

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15:23:38

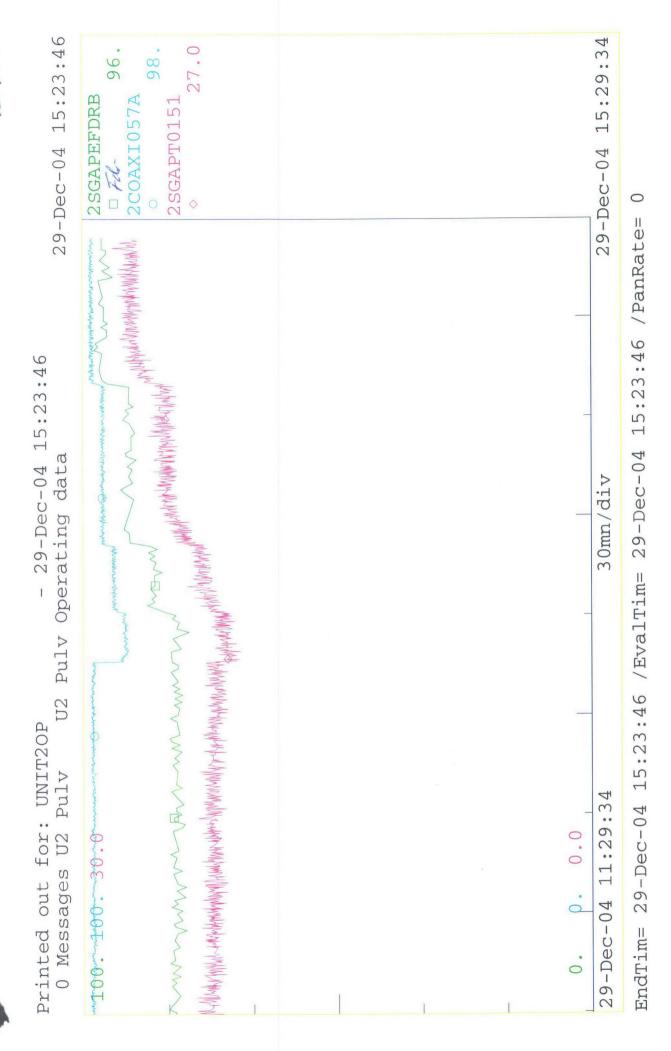
29-Dec-04

15:23:38 29-Dec-04 UNITZOP O Messages U2 Pulv for: Printed out

data Operating Pulv U2

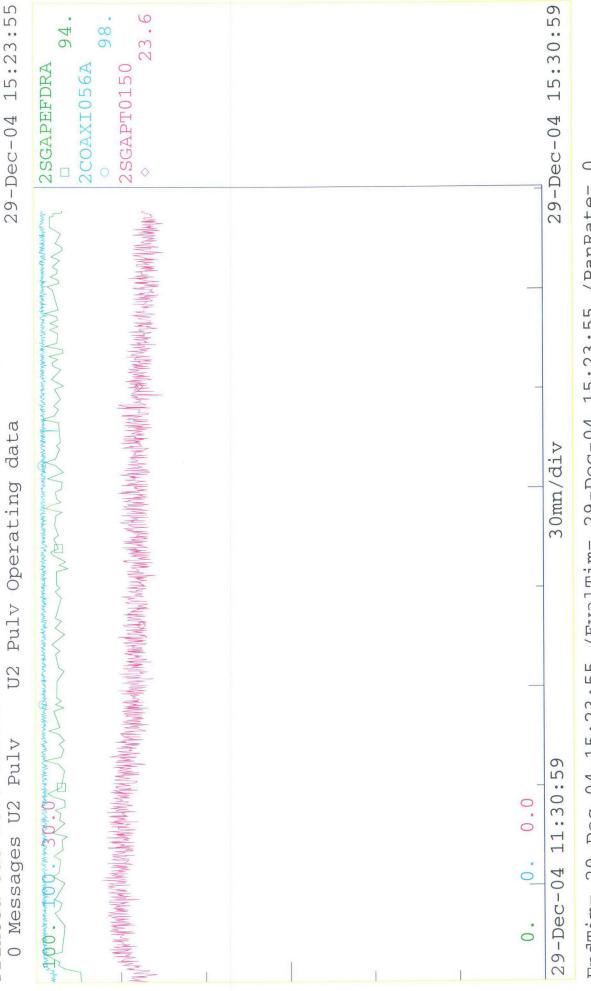
2349. 140.8 2036. 4891. 9. 7 100. 7 0.0 0.1 80.1 20.6 2 .27 N 379 2 73 52 16 74 39 335.4 140.9 U 4896. 2446 2350 21.6 100. 100. 74.4 955 . 24 0.0 0 4. 7 5 Pulv 77 61. 15 53 748. 104.5 102.0 H 1149 0.0 Calc 2 28.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 4 Calc BadI Pulv 4. 371.2 2378 4940 0.0 1849 9. 0 5 955 . 22 5 100. 4. 3 9 146 9/ 78 24 78 9 53 9. 360.4 2347 78.0 9.89 0.0 10.1 2268 9 4893 100. 75.1 2 .24 4 140 395 78 18. 52 2 φ. Pulv C 350.0 2464. 2346 4831 -4.0 3899 73.5 .5 9.  $\infty$ 98.3 70.8 17.4 .18 10.0 141 52 65  $\infty$ 886. 65.7 2400. 27.0 2406 4841 8.06 0.0 0.0 2 3 0. 1.77 2 2 47 74 64 86 9 70 9 2400. 4. φ. 2296. 3907. 4825 0.0 0.0 .82 2 2 . 7 1 N 140 463 98. 64 94 64 87 91 23 Setpt Ratio .4TPH . 8 MW Temp Fdbk 0.31)Temp Pr57 Pos Vel Pos Speed F10w392 Flow DP (NOX 953 Pr Pr Outlet Fuel Inlet Pipe Amps (Duct Blas Damper Pademper Skid Bias Skid Flow Mass to Feeder 2 Unit Coal Pulv Pulv Coal Pulv Coal Hyd Hyd Air Air PA PA

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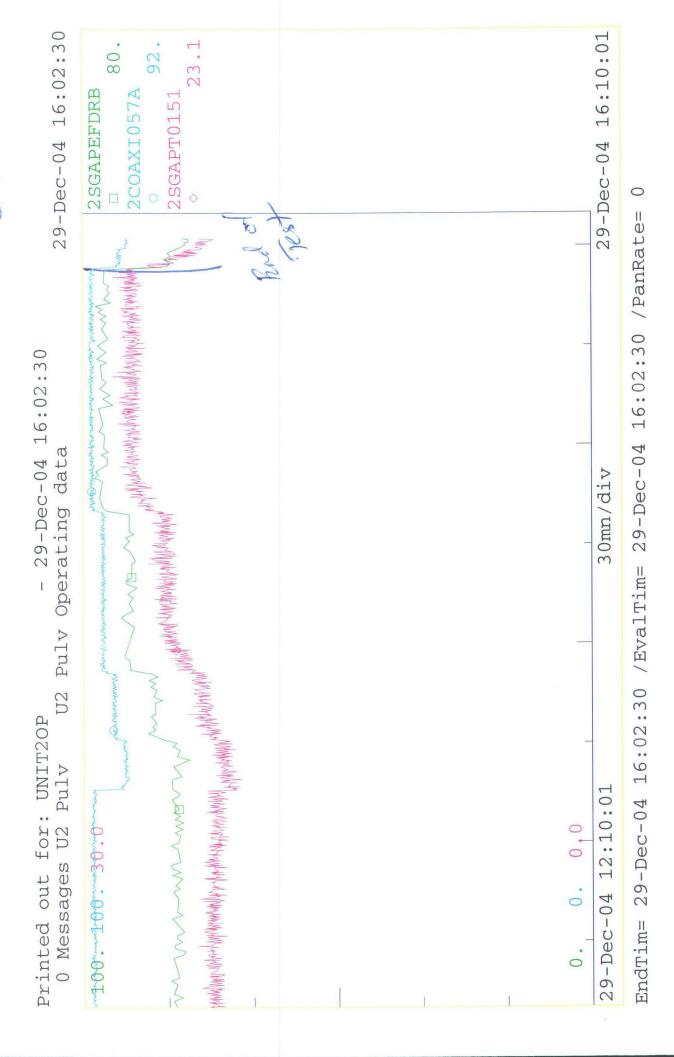


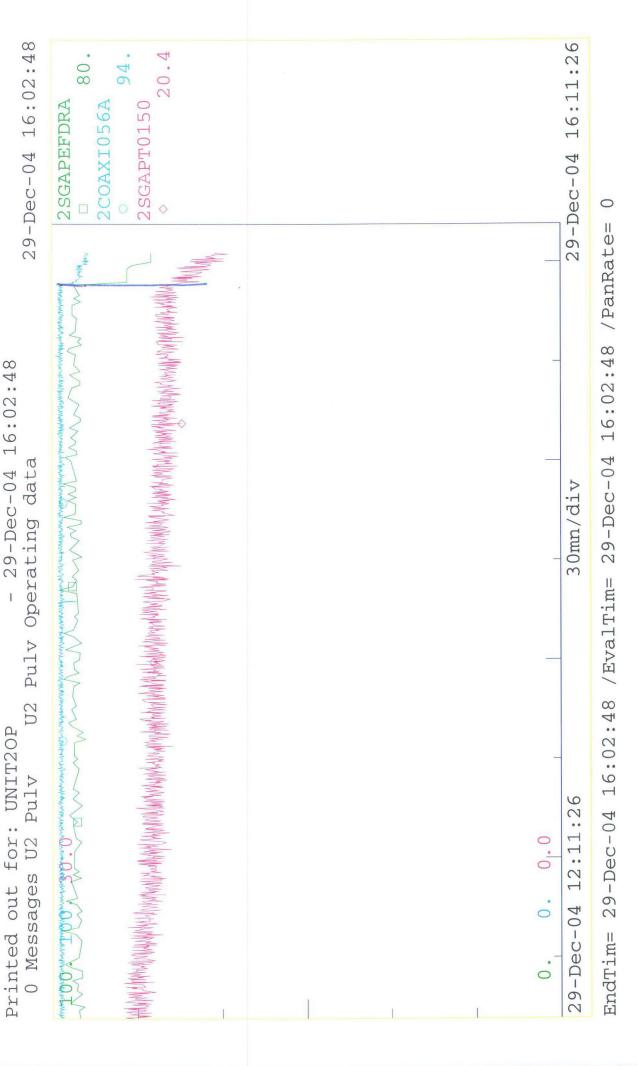
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Printed out for: UNIT20P



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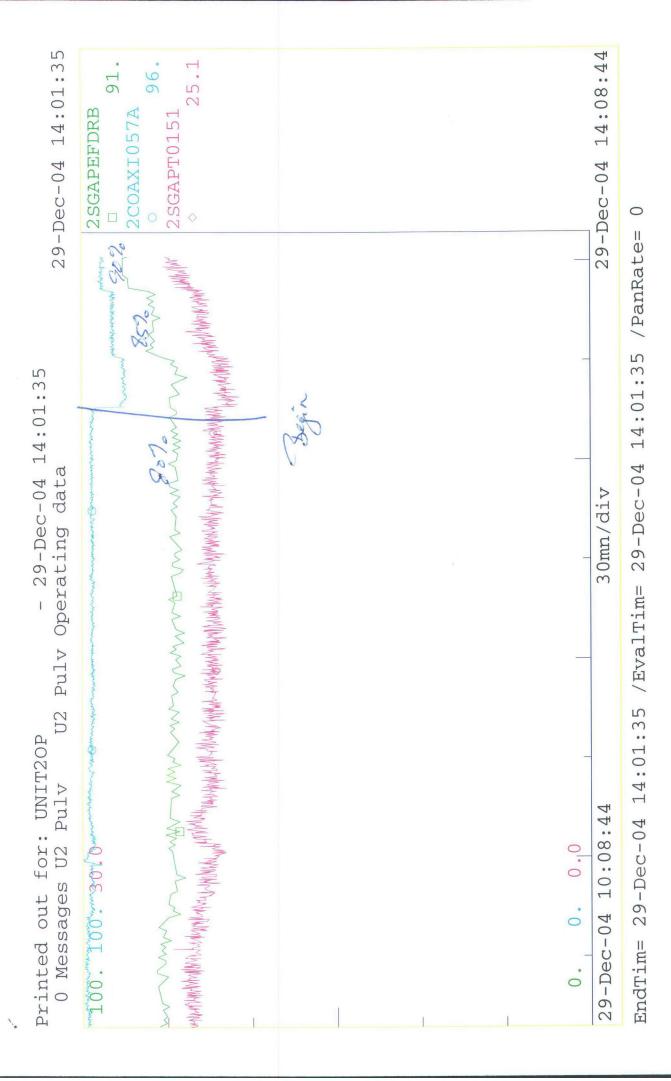


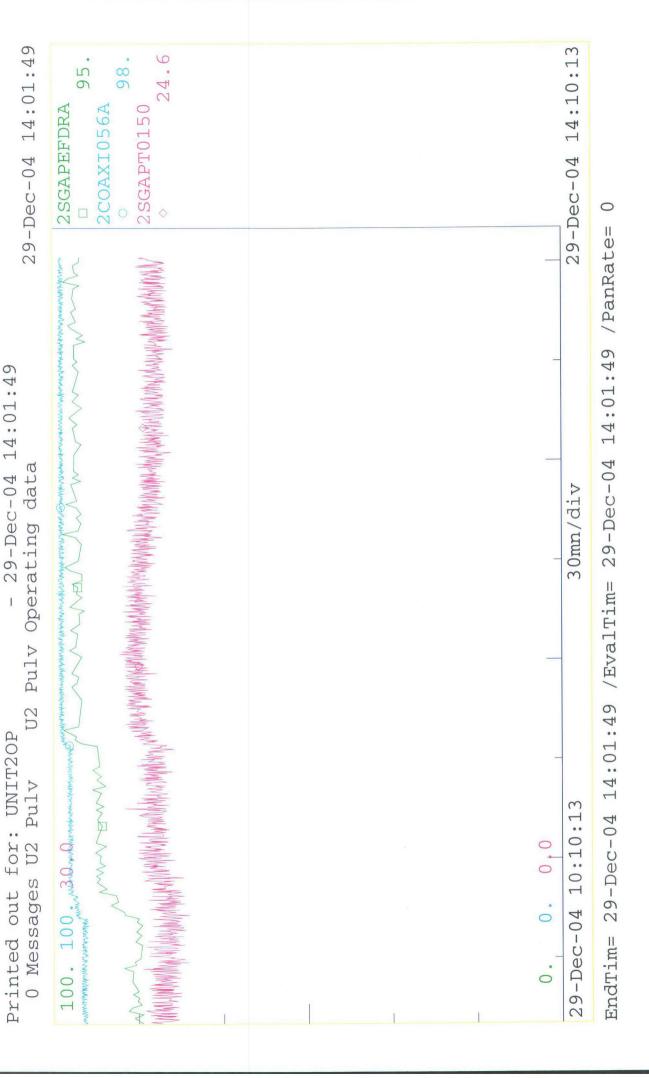


- 29-Dec-04 14:01:30 Pulv Operating data Printed out for: UNIT20P O Messages U2 Pulv

29-Dec-04 14:01:30

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	) }	, H H H						
Unit 2 944.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow392.5TPH	65.3	62.4	53.4	53.7	54.5	BadI	53.9	53.7
Feeder Speed	94.7	91.0	79.1	79.2	80.7	Calc	79.1	78.3
Amps (Duct Rr56.8)	67.2	70.7	64.6	68.5	75.7	0.0	62.5	72.4
Coal Pipe Vel	4823.	4737.	4775.	4888.	4930.	9	4887.	4902.
PA Flow %	98.3	96.3	9.66	100.	100.	0.1	100.	100.
Mammer Pos	88.2	71.4	74.1	9.97	79.7	0.0	100.	80.9
SA Damper Pos	91.8	88.1	73.6	78.5	79.0	28.0	74.6	74.3
PA Mass Flow	3900.	3786.	3941.	3955.	3955.	. 5	3955.	3955.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.32)	6.42	25.0	18.5	20.4	24.9	0.0	22.1	20.0
Air to Fuel Ratio	1.81	1.84	2.16	2.20	2.16	Calc	2.19	2.23
Pulv Inlet Temp	427.1	443.6	449.7	366.0	376.2	102.1	341.2	385.0
Pulv Outlet Temp	140.4	145.2	138.7	139.6	144.8	103.5	139.5	141.3
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.1	6.6	0.0	15.0	10.1
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2302.	2411.	2465.	2298.	1879.	748.	2464.	2026.
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	2400.	2400.	2365.	2377.	2399.	1149.	2382.	2374.
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Printed out for: 0 Messages U2 F	UNIT2OP Pulv l	J2 Pulv (	– 29–D Operatin	ec-04 13 g data	3: 40: 42	2A vs 2	Б <i>А</i> Э-Dec-04	95% 95% 13: 40: 42
Unit 2 942.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow392.5TP	64.2	58.3	54.7	54.3	54.8	BadI	55.0	54.5
Feeder Speed	96.4	85.8	80 . 1	80 . 1	80.8	Calc	80.3	79.8
Amps (Duct (Pr57.2)	66.1	67.8	65.0	69.4	78.9	0.0	63.7	74.8
Coal Pipe Vel	4826.	4629.	4866.	4900.	4912.	6.	4896.	4911.
PA Flow %	98.4	93.7	99.7	100.	100.	0.1	100.	100.
Թ∕ысQаπper Pos	87.7	68.8	71.8	82.2	80.6	- 0.0	100.	82.1
SA Damper Pos	90.5	82.3	76.4	81.2	81.3	28.0	77.3	77.1
PA Mass Flow	3880.	3718.	3935.	3955.	3955.	5.	3955.	3955.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.3@	24.2	23.0	17.4	21.4	25.0	0.0	23.1	21.6
Air to Fuel Rati	1.78	1.90	2.17	2.18	2.16	Calc	2.17	2.20
Pulv Inlet Temp	428.4	449.6	358.8	373.6	375.3	102.1	355.7	397.4
Pulv Outlet Temp	141.2	146.4	140.1	140.6	142.4	104.1	140.4	142.3
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.1	9.9	0.0	15.0	10.1
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2303.	2414.	2463.	2326.	1889.	745.	2464.	2016.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	2400.	2400.	2400.	2400.	1149.	2400.	2400.

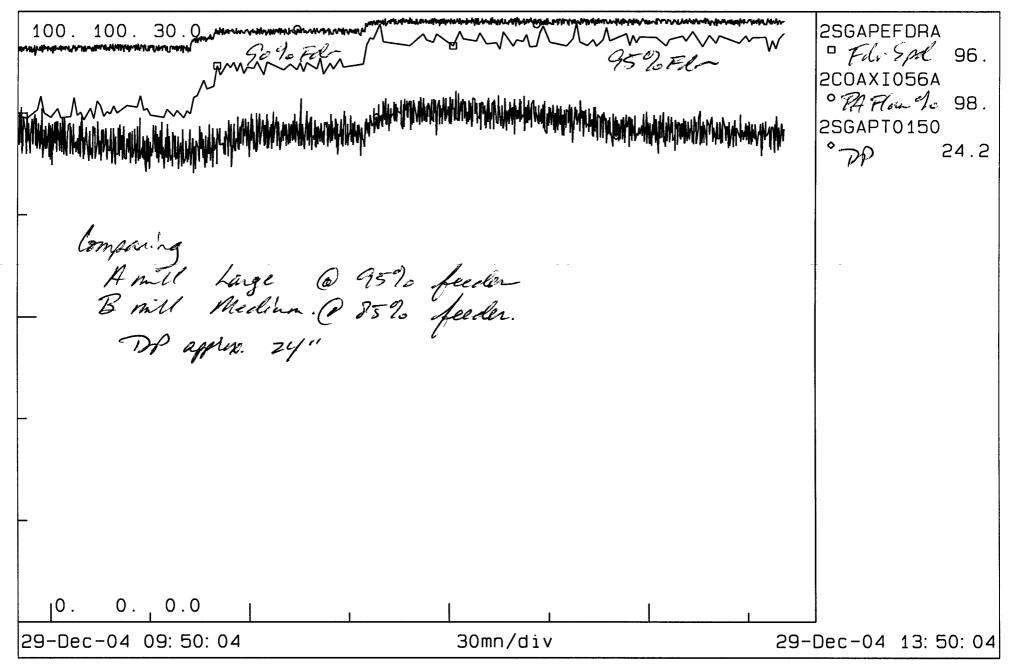
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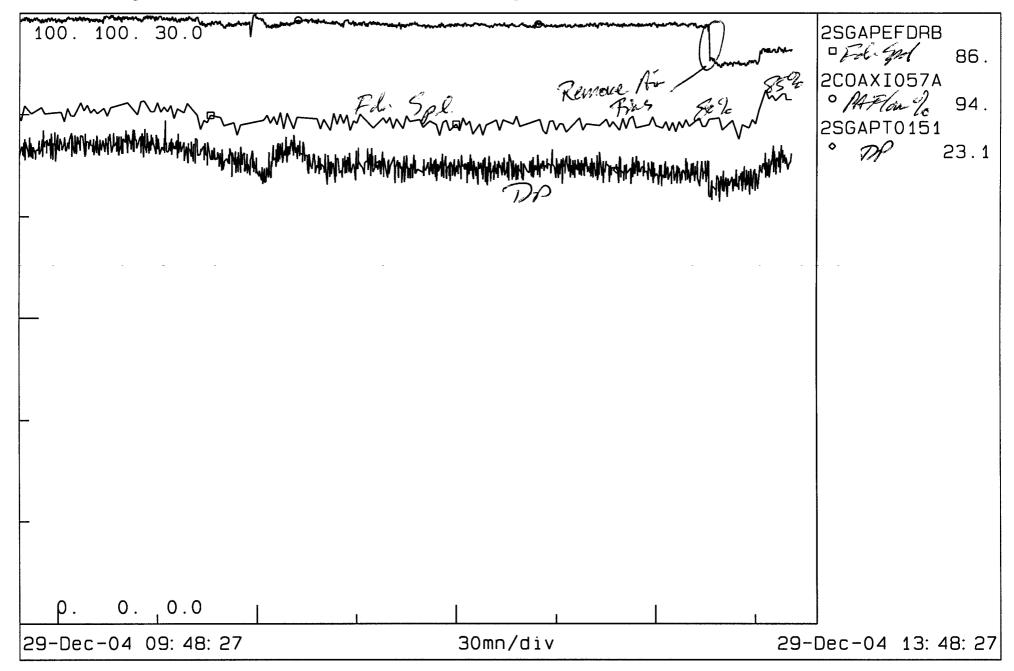
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29-Dec-04 13: 40: 47



Printed out for: UNIT2OP - 29-Dec-04 13: 40: 51 O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data B Mill 29-Dec-04 13: 40: 51



Printed out for: UNIT2OP - 29-Dec-04 10:58:43 B W 2A Mull Test

O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data Fre-Test 29-Dec-04 10:58:43

Unit 2 936.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow390.7TP	1 62.4	56.1	56.3	55.9	54.0	BadI	56.8	55.9
Feeder Speed	89.9	82.4	82.4	81.8	79.6	Calc	82.5	82.2
Amps (Duct Pr56.7)	66.2	66.3	66.8	73.7	74.5	0.0	64.6	71.8
Coal Pipe Vel	4695.	4905.	4874.	4855.	4934.	6.	4869.	4844.
PA Flow %	96.7	97.8	99.9	100.	100.	0.1	100.	100.
	85 7	72.3	72.5	82.8	79.8	0.0	100.	82.5
SA Damper Pos	87.4	78.5	78.3	82.4	80.4	28.0	78.5	78.3
PA Mass Flow	3826.	3801.	3951.	3955.	3955.	5.	3955.	3955.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.31)	23.8	22.3	18.4	24.0	25.2	0.0	23.4	20.1
Air to Fuel Rati	1.87	2.08	2.12	2.13	2.20	Calc	2.11	2.12
Pulv Inlet Temp	413.3	426.6	323.0	341.2	359.6	102.4	348.9	365.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	(139.5	153.8	140.9	138.1	147.3	108.7	138.8	136.2
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	6.2	10.0	10.1	9.9	0.0	15.0	10.1
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2315.	2415.	2470.	2341.	1901.	748.	2463.	2010.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	2400.	2400.	2400.	2400.	2363.	1149.	2400.	2400.

EndTim= 29-Dec-04 10:58:43 /EvalTim= 29-Dec-04 10:58:43 /PanRate= 0

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Unit 2 945.8 MW	13; v. ( prac.) Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Purchine	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H	
Coal F10W392.5TPH	4)61.8	56.2	56.0	56.6	54.0	BadI	56.6	55.4	
Feeder Speed	91.6	82.9	83.1	82.7	79.3.	Calc	82.3	81.8	
Amps (Duct Pr56.6)	66.4	68.1	64.6	72.6	75.2	0.0	64.6	75.2	
Coal Pipe Vel	4719.	4892.	4875.	4875.	4881.	6.	. 4872	4879.	
PA Flow %	96.6	98.8	100.	100.	100.	0.1	100.	100.	
(PA <sub>C</sub> eamper Pos	86.7	70.7	72.4	82.7	79.4	0.0	.100	83.4	
SA Damper Pos	87.3	78.6	78.4	82.9	80.5	28.0	0.67	78.8	
PA Mass Flow	3830.	3907.	3955.	3955.	3955.	5.	3955.	3955.	
Pulv DP (NOx 0.30)	(24.0)	22.3	18.5	24.6	24.8	0.0	23.5	21.0	
Air to Fuel Rati	0 1.84	2.08	2.11	2.11	2.20	Calc	2.13	2.13	
Pulv Inlet Temp	427.3	\ 451.7	327.2	353.6	340.6	102.7	96.98	381.4	
Pulv Outlet Temp	140.4	/ 150.6	140.1	140.1	140.8	108.3	139.6	140.6	
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Air Bias	0.0	6.2	10.0	10.1	9.9	0.0	15.0	10.1	
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	(2316.)	2411.	2470.	2344.	1903.	748.	2463.	2001.	
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	t 2400.	2400.	2400.	2400.	2393.	1149.	2400.	2400.	
Skid Pr	A	2400.	2400.	2400.	2393.	112	. D .	2400	2400.

29-Dec-04 11: 15: 41 /EvalTim= 29-Dec-04 11: 15: 41 /PanRate= EndTim=

Printed out for: UNIT2OP

O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data 29-Dec-04 11: 15: 31 PA Flan % 100. 100. 30. 2SGAPEFDRA - Fil - Spel 92. 2C0AXI056A Cool Fdo ° 74 Flain % 97. 2SGAPT0150 24.4 Nearly 400 TPH Coal
Very High PA Devot Press, 56.6".

- High morsture coal (Wyoming)

Reduced Pulv Ontlet Temp 140° (Normally 1520)

Puly later Temp 430° Very Kigh 7 mils Al Whilliams, Kieth Mangrum Could not test 2B nor ZE (8 ? W Meddin Port), because of high eganis al concern for lasting up. ,0. 0. | 0.0 29-Dec-04 07: 19: 50 30mn/div 29-Dec-04 11: 19: 50

- 29-Dec-04 11: 15: 31

24 Mil BOW PRThoats

EndTim= 29-Dec-04 11: 15: 31 /EvalTim= 29-Dec-04 11: 15: 31 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UNIT20P - 29-Dec-04 12: 10: 00 24 Mil Blu In Throats

29-Dec-04 12: 10: 00

O Messages U2 Pulv	U2 Pulv	Operating	data
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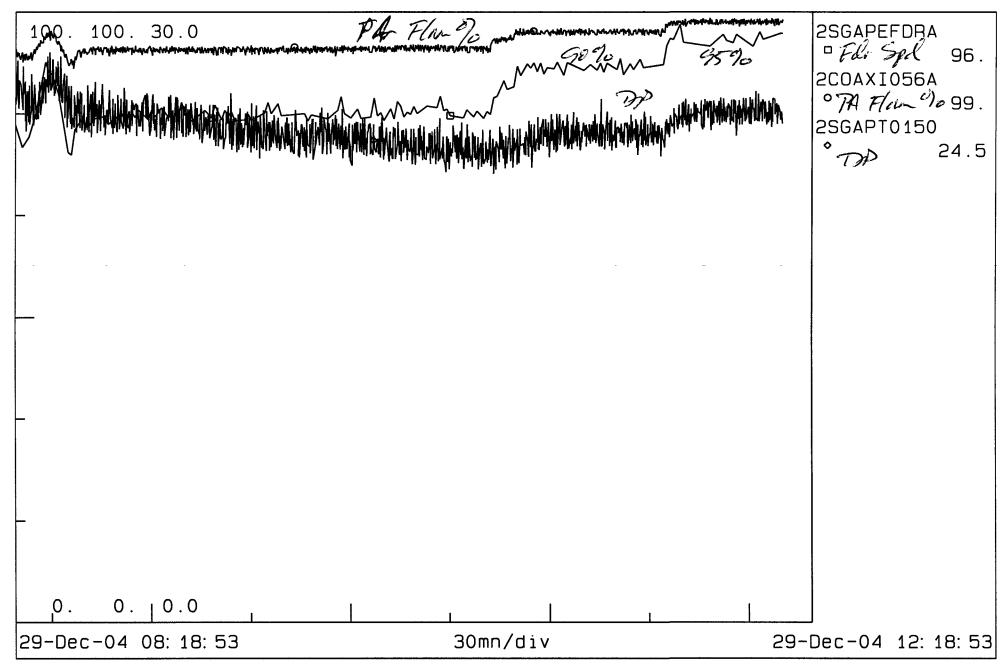
Unit 2 942.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow392.6TP	64.2	55.6	55.0	54.9	54.0	BadI	55.5	55.0
Feeder Speed	(96.5)	81.6	82.0	81.2	78.8	Calc	81.5	80.7
Amps (Duct Rr57.3)	66.7	67.9	64.0	72.2	74.7	0.0	66.4	72.8
Coal Pipe Vel	4828.	4831.	4877.	4886.	4851.	6.	4880.	4891.
PA Flow %	98.5	97.8	99.8	100.	100.	0.1	100.	100.
MAcHamper Pos	88.7	- 69.3	71.9	82.5	80.5	-0.0	100.	82.2
SA Damper Pos	91.0	77.7	77.6	82.0	80.7	28.0	78.1	77.8
PA Mass Flow	3892.	3881.	3955.	3955.	3955.	5.	3955.	3955.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.30)	24.9	22.1	18.4	22.8	25.7	0.0	23.0	20.0
Air to Fuel Rati	1.79	2.10	2.12	2.14	2.21	Calc	2.15	2.16
Pulv Inlet Temp	445.0	424.6	347.5	371.5	344.0	102.1	356.6	397.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	140.3	145.6	140.1	140.3	136.0	106.2	139.5	140.9
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	6.2	10.0	10.1	9.9	0.0	15.0	10.1
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2317.	2421.	2463.	2337.	1906.	748.	2463.	2025.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	2400.	2400.	2400.	2388.	1149.	2400.	2400.

EndTim= 29-Dec-04 12: 10: 00 /EvalTim= 29-Dec-04 12: 10: 00 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UNIT2OP - 29-Dec-04 12:10:09

O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

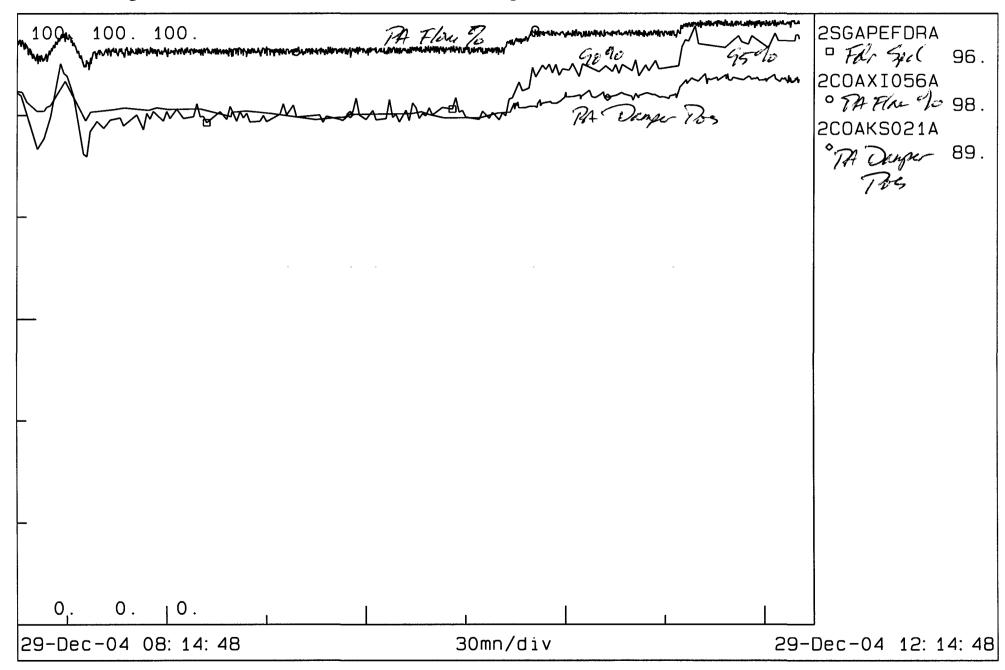
29-Dec-04 12: 10: 09



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O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

29-Dec-04 12: 10: 18



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29-Dec-04 13:02:20 Operating data Pulv ر ا UNITZOP Pulv rinted out for: O Messages U2

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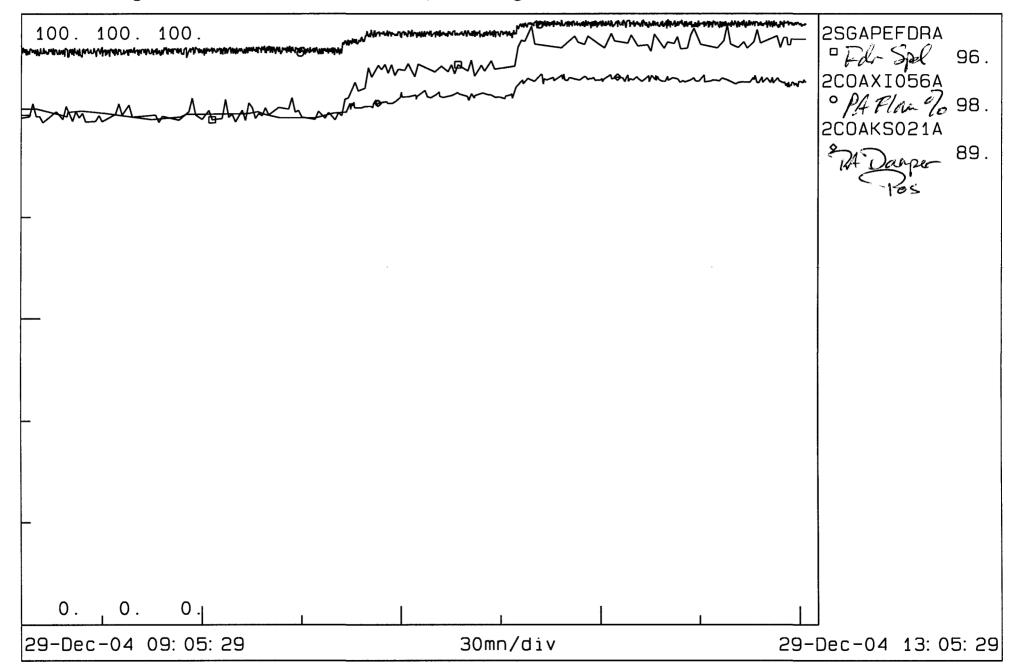
4893. 396.3 140.9 2025. Pulv H 3955. 2400. σ. <u></u>ق 71.0 82.3 77.8 20.5 2.15 0.0 10.1 100. 80 ഗ 125.3 411.7 3955. 2400. 4770. 2463. . ت 61.3 100 77.9 2.15 0.0 15.0 Φ. 7 100. Pulv 55 81 24 750. . വ Pulv F . و 104.8 102.4 1149. 28.0 BadI Calc 0.0 0.0 0.0 Calc 0.0 0.0 0.1 138.7 Ш 368.1 4875. 3955. 1910. 2400. 79.5 73.6 80.6 2.19 0.0 ດ ດ 79.1 25.0 100. Pulv 53. 140.6 3955. 371.8 4890. 2333. 2400. 80.9 68.9 81.4 2.16 <u>۷</u> 100. 82.7 0.0 10.1 വ Pulv 22 22 5 ပ 3950. 371.8 140.9 2464. 2400. 81.4 4870. 63.8 72.1 77.5 17.9 2.12 -4.0 10.0 Ŋ 100. Pulv 55  $\Box$ 432.8 146.9 3880. 2411. 2400. 4838. 0 . 54.4 81.4 66.7 98.2 69.4 77.8 22.3 2.11 0.0 Pulv 921.5 MW Pulv A 453.8 143.0 2302. 3890. 2400. 95.8 4809. 65.4 98.6 92.6 1.79 0.0 65.0 24.7 0.0 89.1 . 6ТР<del>||</del> Ratib Setpt Temp Fdbk DP (NOx 0.30) Pr57.1) Temp Ve 1 Pos Pos F10/4392. Flow Speed Я Fue 1 Р Outlet Inlet (Duct Pipe Damper Bias (PA) cleamper % Skid Skid Bias Flow Mass to Feeder N Pulv Pulv Unit Pulv Coal Amps Coal Coal Hyd Hyd SA РА

0 EndTim= 29-Dec-04 13:02:20 /EvalTim= 29-Dec-04 13:02:20 /PanRate=

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O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

29-Dec-04 13: 02: 00

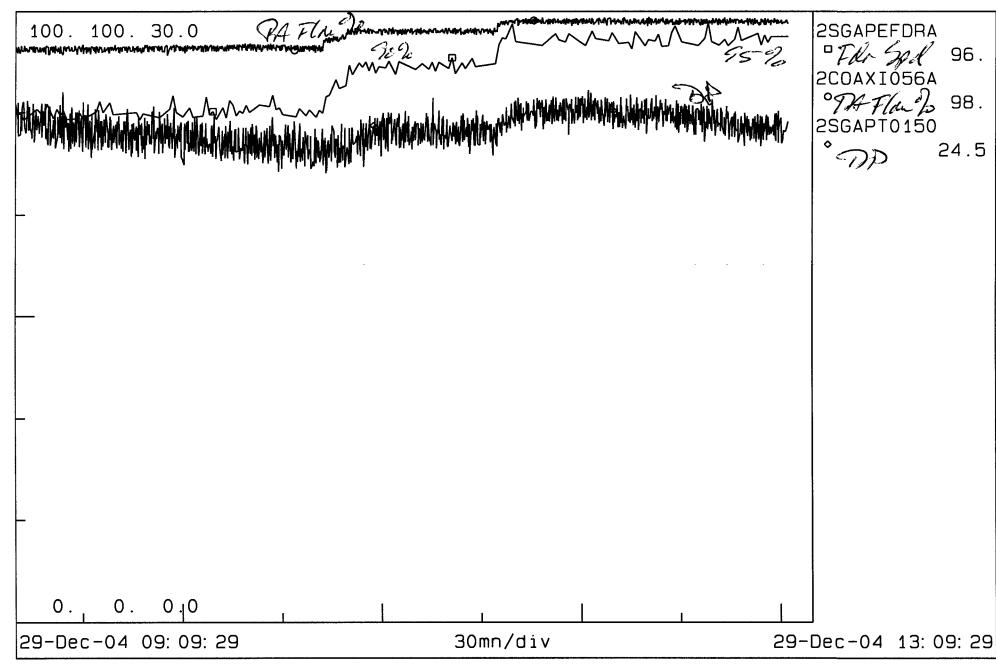


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O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

29-Dec-04 13: 02: 10



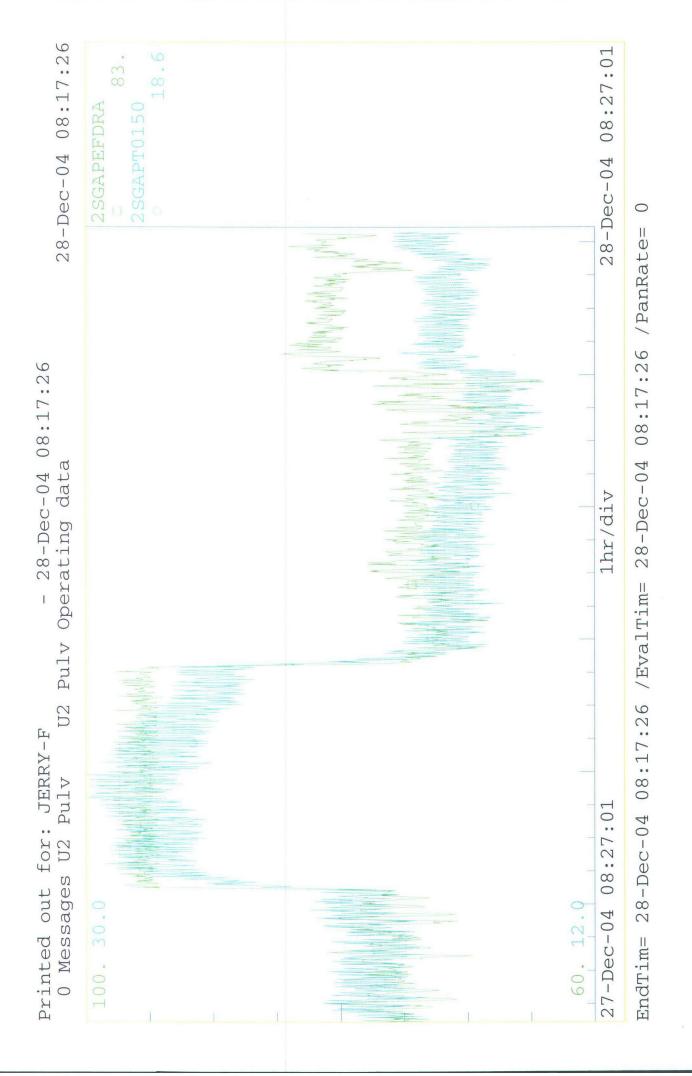
Printed out for: PHIL-H - 28-Dec-04 08: 38: 04

O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

28-Dec-04 08: 38: 04

		_					_	
Unit 2 953.0 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow396,9TP	t∋55.0	50.7	46.8	50 . 1	50.0	41.6	50.6	49.3
Feeder Speed	82.7	75 . 1	70.0	74.1	74.1	61.3	74.8	73.1
Amps (Duct Pr55.5)	62.0	65 . 1	64.7	65.4	80.1	60.0	63.9	67.6
Coal Pipe Vel	4516.	4537.	4575.	4801.	4701.	4597.	4763.	4774.
PA Flow %	93.3	92.5	95.0	98.5	97.1	95.1	99.9	98.3
(PAclamper Pos	79.1	64.3	68.1	75.2	73.5	66.5	74.7	74.9
SA Damper Pos	78.2	68.0	62.4	71.0	72.5	57.8	68.2	68.0
PA Mass Flow	3702.	3684.	3773.	3954.	3860.	3778.	3953.	3911.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.32)	19.2	19.5	15.0	17.0	21.0	18.5	19.8	13.2
Air to Fuel Rati	o	2.19	2.38	2.36	2.31	2.73	2.33	2.37
Pulv Inlet Temp	372.5	364.8	340.4	342.5	317.2	350.2	349.2	357.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	140.6	144.8	140.9	140.4	139.3	139.1	136.4	140.6
Coal Bias	8.0	0.0	-8.0	0.0	0.0	-12.	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	4.4	10.0	10-, 1	8.1	12.0	12.1	10.1
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2305.	2220.	2272.	2173.	1882.	1905.	2322.	1033.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	2241.	2122.	2236.	2241.	1930.	2261.	2210.

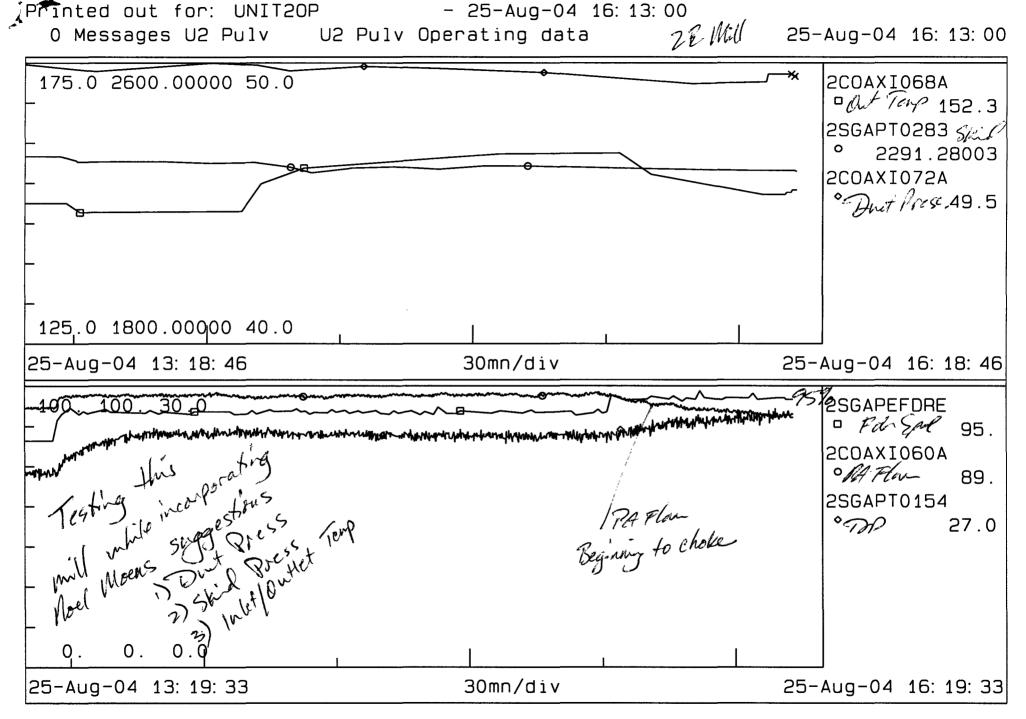
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Printed out for: UNIT2OP - 25-Aug-04 16: 13: 09 BW Resking Throat 12 mill 0 Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data 25-Aug-04 16: 13: 09

Unit 2 952.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow377.9TP	H 52.6	0.1	53.3	52.9	64.6	53.3	50.7	52.4
Feeder Speed	76.7	0.1	78.5	77.6	95.1	78.2	74.8	77.0
Amps (Duct Pr49.5)	64.8	0.0	64.0	71.8	67.9	68.5	68.0	74.2
Coal Pipe Vel	4095.	3.	4345.	4257.	3989.	4027.	4235.	4373.
PA Flow %	92.2	0.1	98.2	95.5	(89.3)	90.5	95.7	98.2
MACUamper Pos	80.6	1.4	80.9	78.4	100.	68.2	69.6	89.7
SA Damper Pos	74.3	23.0	73.4	78.3	95.3	78.6	69.2	74.2
PA Mass Flow	3640.	3.	3861.	3771.	3545.	3565.	3780.	3876.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.45)	17.8	2.8	20.2	17.0	(27.3)	16.8	11.6	21.3
Air to Fuel Rati	2.08	1.31	2.19	2.14	1.65	2.02	2.22	2.21
Pulv Inlet Temp	315.5	120.3	307.3	315.3	356.4	350.8	309.0	374.8
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.9	94.8	150.9	150.1	,152.3	150.1	150.1	150.8
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	9.1	4.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	7.8
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2188.	4.	2356.	2204.	2291.	2329.	2366.	1405.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2334.	1149.	2358.	2346.	2400.	2369.	2265.	2341.

EndTim= 25-Aug-04 16: 13: 09 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 16: 13: 09 /PanRate= 0



EndTim= 25-Aug-04 16: 13: 00 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 16: 13: 00 /PanRate= 0

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- 25-Aug-04 15: 30: 32

O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data ₹₺₩

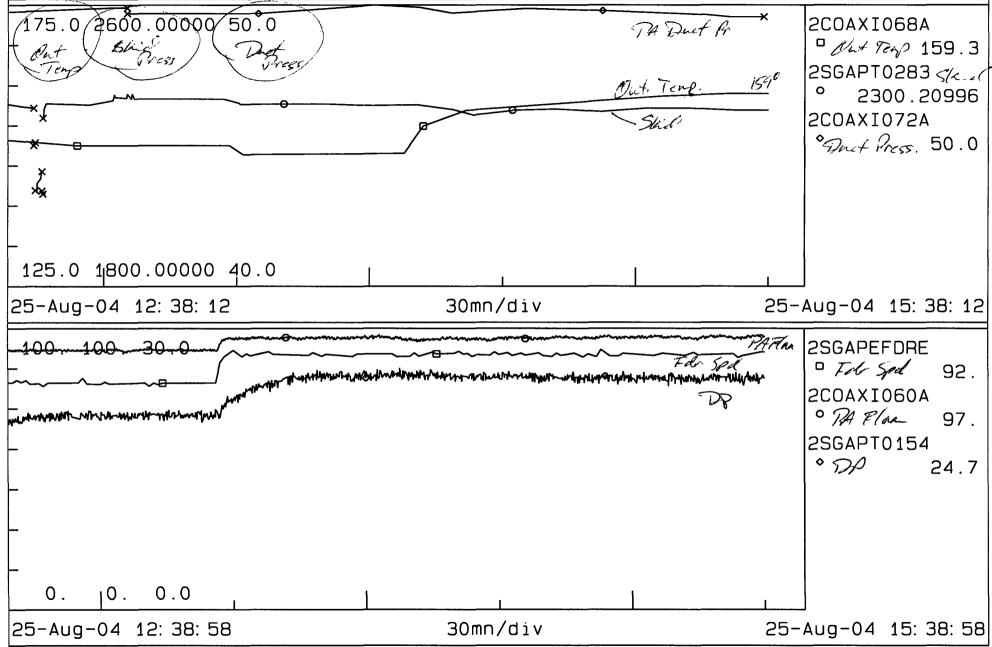
25-Aug-04 15: 30: 32

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Unit 2 951.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow375.2TP	1 52.4	0.1	53.3	52.9	61.6	53.8	50.3	52.2
Feeder Speed	76.2	0.1	77.7	77.0 (	90.3	77.8	73.8	75.8
Amps (Duct Pr49.6)	64.6	0.0	64.0	73.2	62.3	68.6	67.9	78.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4125.	1.	4356.	4251.	4398.	4033.	4263.	4416.
PA Flow %	92.1	0.0	98.0	94.9	96.9	90.4	95.3	98.5
æAcQaπper Pos	80.6	1.4	79.5	77.3	94.8	67.6	69.3	86.6
SA Damper Pos	73.9	23.0	72.3	77.2	90.9	77.5	68.8	73.8
PA Mass Flow	3643.	1.	3855.	3767.	3835.	3559.	3766.	3854.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.45)	18.8	2.7	20.2	17.4	24.8	16.9	11.6	21.2
Air to Fuel Rati	2.11	0.44	2.21	2.16	1.88	2.02	2.25	2.26
Pulv Inlet Temp	316.4	119.1	307.6	318.6	353.2	345.8	310.0	363.5
Pulv Outlet Temp	150.3	94.3	151.1	150.6	159.3	) 150.1	150.4	150.0
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	9.1	4.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	7.8
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2189.	4.	2357.	2209.	2300.	) 2329.	2386.	1412.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2337.	1149.	2355.	2341.	2400.	2363.	2250.	2319.

EndTim= 25-Aug-04 15: 30: 32 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 15: 30: 32 /PanRate= 0

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0 Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data 25-Aug-04 15: 30: 12



EndTim= 25-Aug-04 15: 30: 12 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 15: 30: 12 /PanRate= 0

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0 Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

25-Aug-04 14: 05: 53

Unit 2 949.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow371.5TP	52.0	0.1	53.1	52.8	61.9	52.6	50.3	52.9
Feeder Speed	75.5	0.1	77.2	79.3	(90.9)	76.7	73.5	76.4
Amps (Duct Pr49.7)	65.8	0.0	62.4	74.3	61.1	70.3	69.9	76.4
Coal Pipe Vel	4102.	1.	4351.	4197.	4300.	3999.	4227.	4302.
PA Flow %	91.8	0.0	96.7	94.5	96.6	90.0	95.3	97.8
(PA)cRamper Pos	80.8	1.4	80.6	76.6	98.0	68.3	69.3	92.1
SA Damper Pos	73.7	23.0	72.9	77.8	92.9	78.7	68.7	73.6
PA Mass Flow	3617.	1.	3856.	3731.	3818.	3546.	3750.	3849.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.43)	17.8	2.8	20.4	17.1	24.6	17.0	11.5	22.3
Air to Fuel Rati	2.12	0.44	2.20	2.07	1.86	2.04	2.25	2.21
Pulv Inlet Temp	314.2	116.7	307.2	315.0	321.4	344.8	304.6	340.6
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.7	92.2	151.3	150.6	148.4	150.8	150.3	149.4
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	9.1	4.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	7.8
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2189.	4.	2357.	2192.	2314.	2330.	2400.	1430.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2310.	1149.	2351.	2340.	2400.	2333.	2249.	2345.

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O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data 25-Aug-04 14: 05: 41 2C0AXI068A 175.0 2600.00000 50.0 148.4 2SGAPT0283 2313.80005 2C0AXI072A 49.7 쑛 125.0 1800.00000 40.0 25-Aug-04 11: 07: 18 30mn/div 25-Aug-04 14: 07: 18 2SGAPEFDRE 100. 100. 30.0 91. 2COAXI060A 97. 2SGAPT0154 24.6 0. 0.0 30mn/div 25-Aug-04 11: 07: 49 25-Aug-04 14: 07: 49

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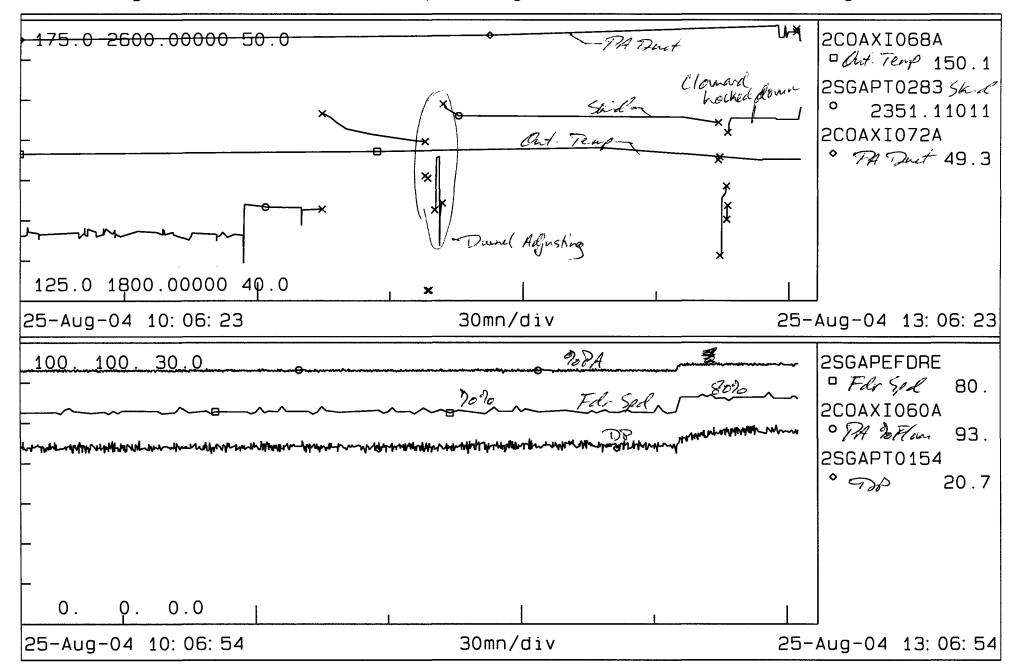
O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data Rew Rot Throat 25-Aug-04 13:02:11

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Unit 2 951.0 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow372.8TP	1 54.1	0.1	54.5	54.0	54.7	54.7	52.1	54.4
Feeder Speed	79.1	0.1	79.6	80.6	80.9	79.7	76.7	79.7
Amps (Duct (Pr49.7)	64.6	0.0	62.8	72.9	59.4	66 . 1	63.2	77.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4098.	1.	4400.	4219.	4112.	4010.	4253.	4358.
PA Flow %	92.9	0.1	98.4	95.3	92.1	91.2	96.4	98.7
MAcHamper Pos	82.4	1.4	83.3	79.4	78.2	69.5	70.5	90.8
SA Damper Pos	76.8	23.0	76.0	80.8	81.0	81.4	71.7	76.7
PA Mass Flow	3681.	3.	3911.	3748.	3638.	3615.	3790.	3910.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.43	(19.7)	2.7	20.4	16.9	20.8	17.4	12.3	22.0
Air to Fuel Rati	2.06	0.44	2.17	2.07	1.99	2.00	2.20	2.16
Pulv Inlet Temp	315.0	114.8	306.7	314.2	326.5	347.3	305.0	361.8
Pulv Outlet Temp	150.6	90.8	150.6	150 . 1	150 . 1	150.1	150.1	150.6
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	9.1	4.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	7.8
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2189.	4.	2357.	2256.	2316.	2334.	2365.	1427.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2390.	1149.	2400.	2397.	2400.	2400.	2321.	2390.

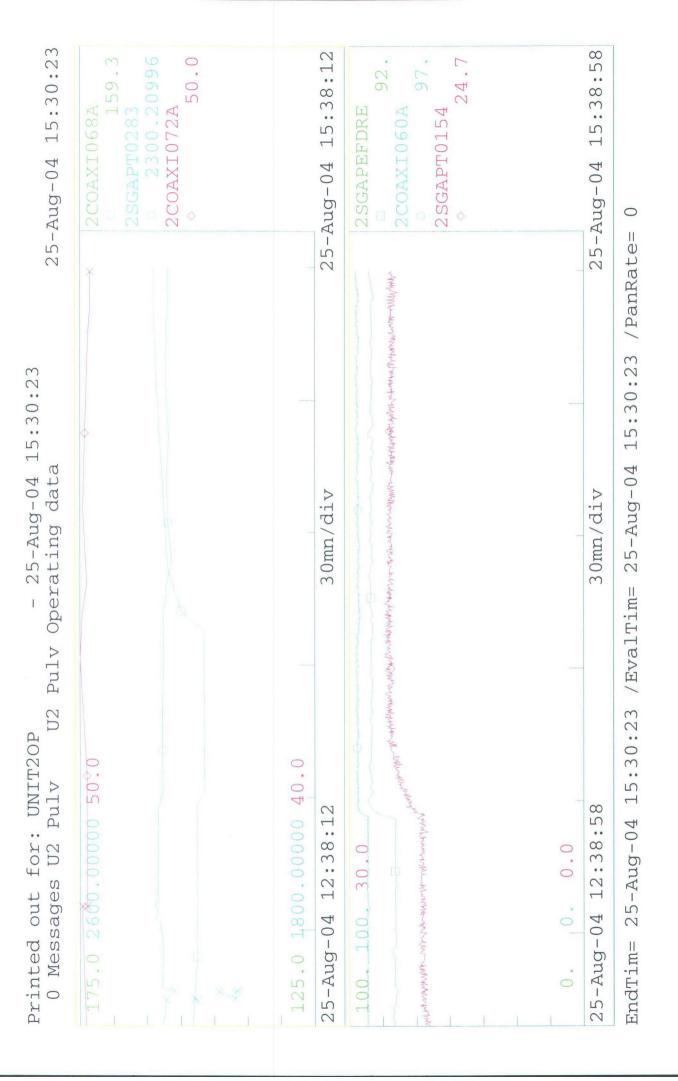
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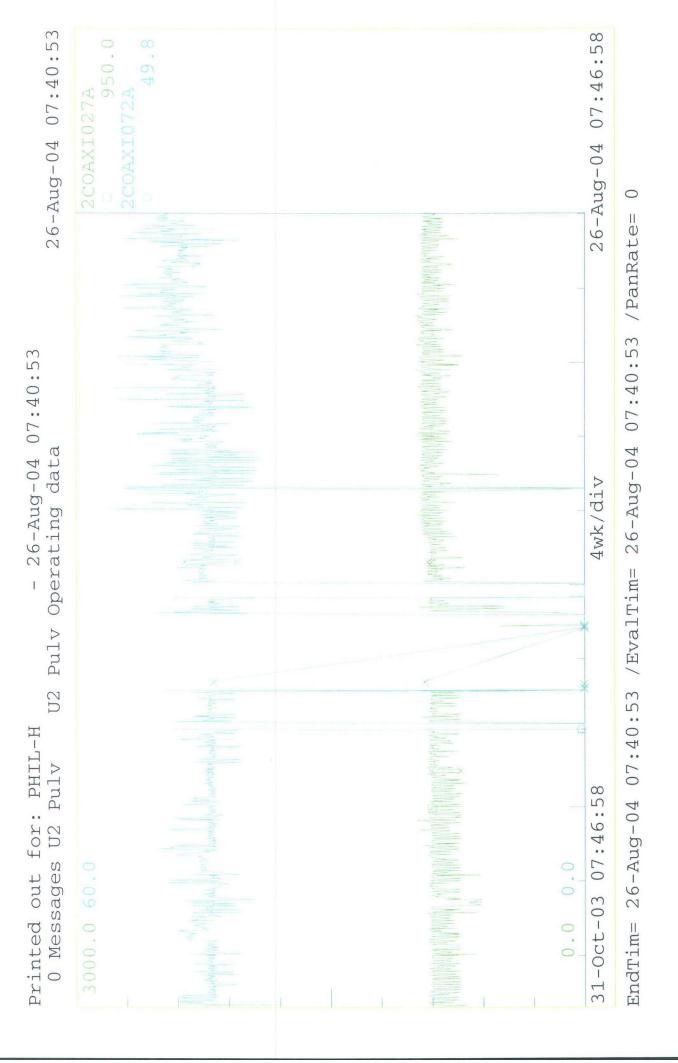
inted out for: UNIT2OP - 25-Aug-04 13:02:42 U2 EMil Blu Throats

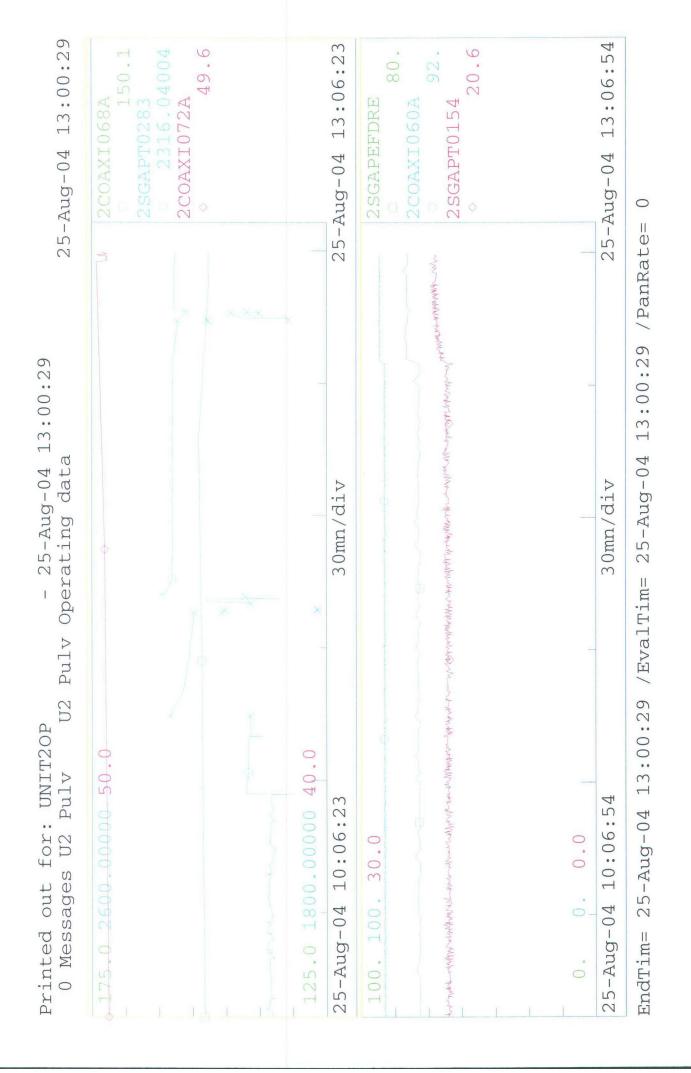
O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data 25-Aug-04 13:02:42

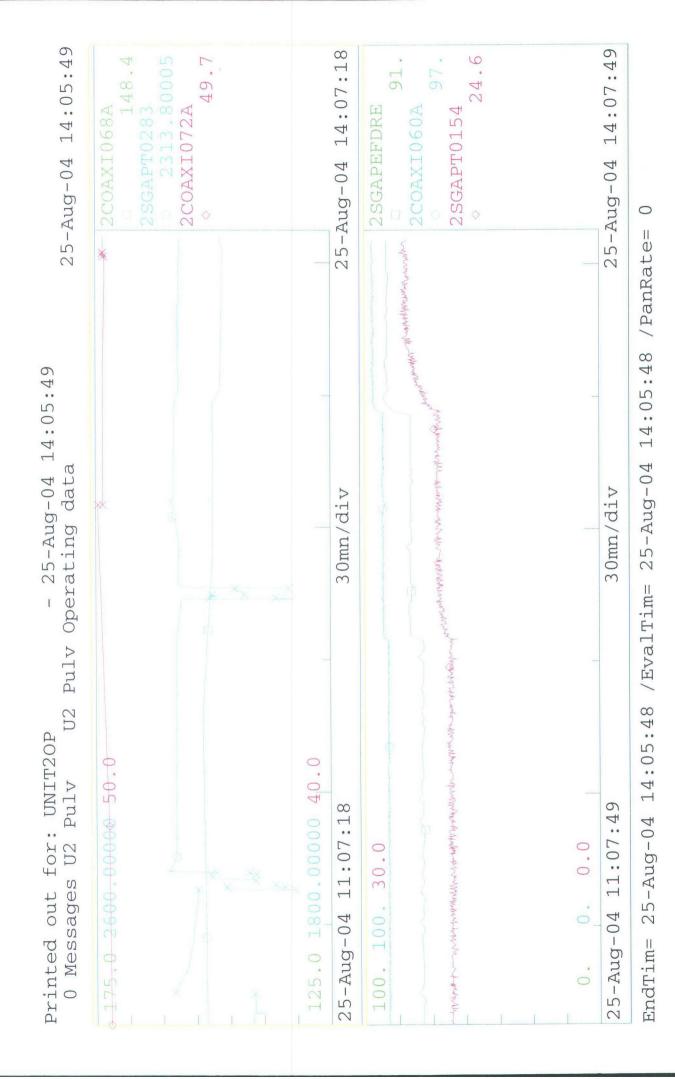


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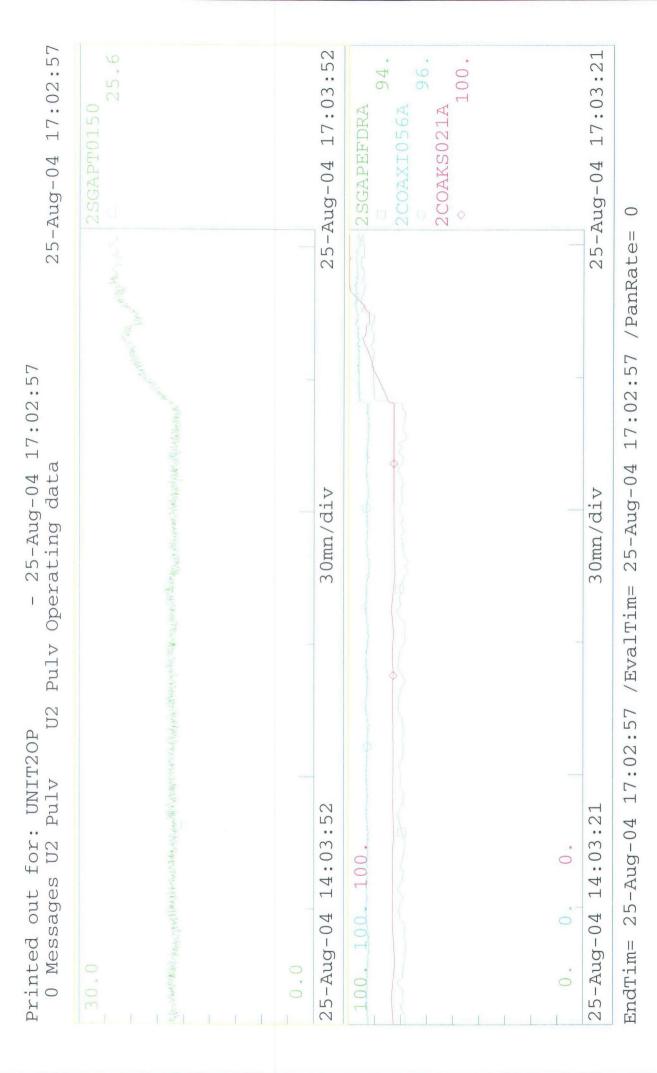




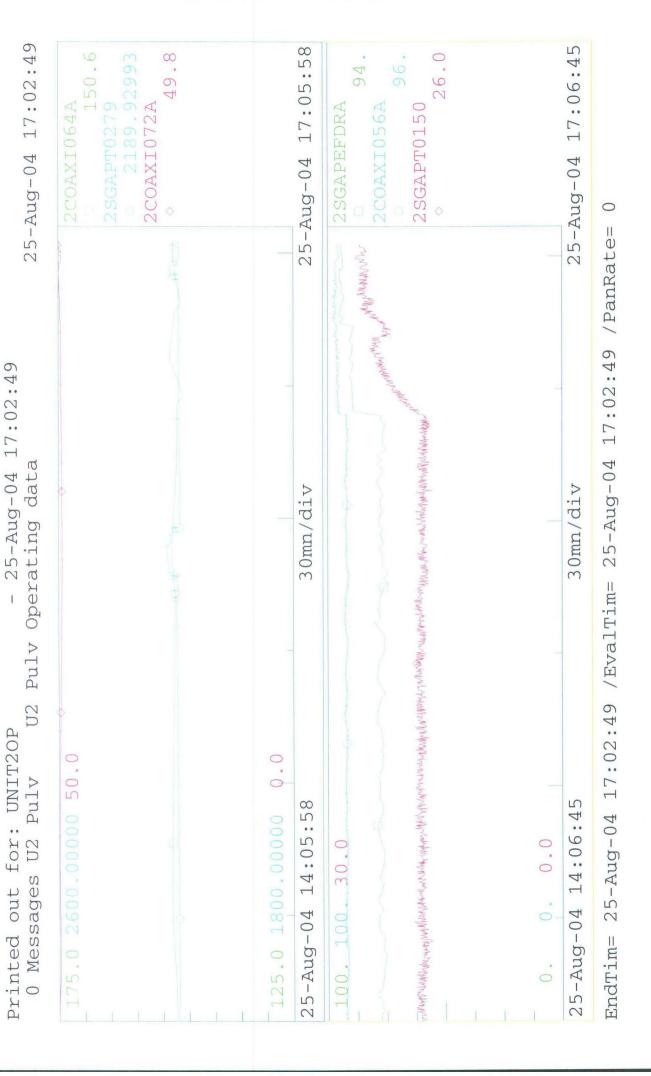




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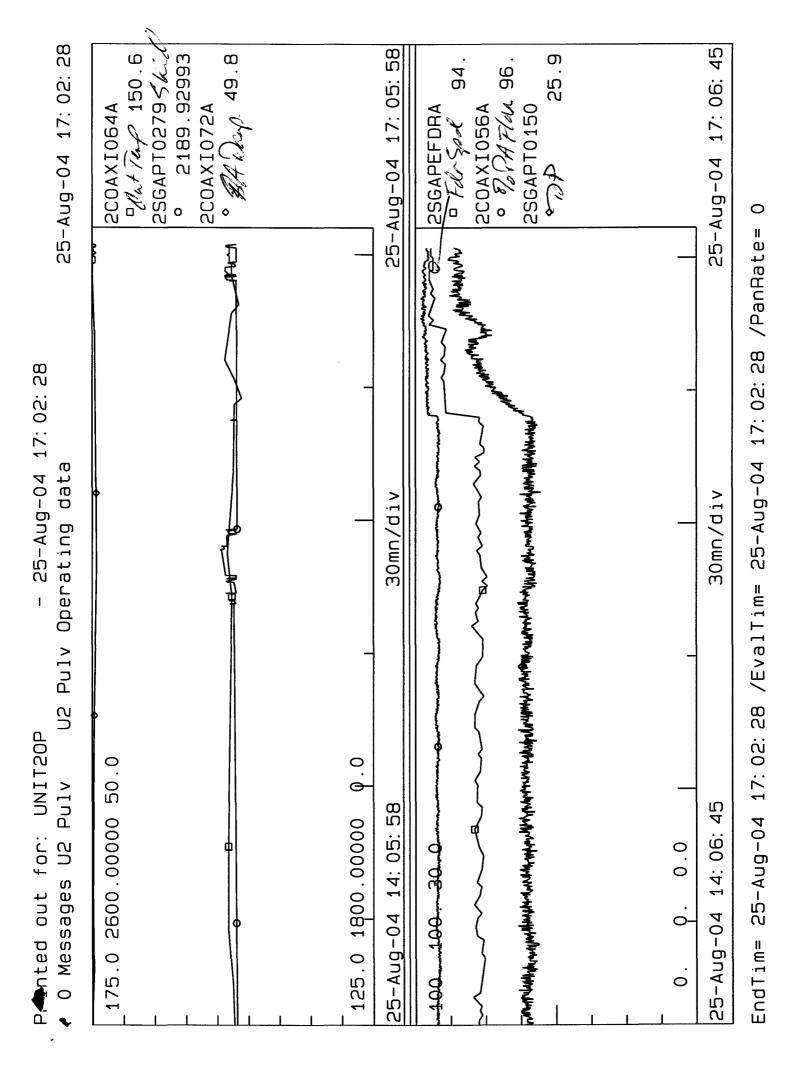


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Unit 2 950.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow375.8TP	64.3	0.1	53.1	52.9	53.7	53.4	50.8	52.1
Feeder Speed	94.5	0.1	77.4	77.6	78.1	77.8	73.8	77.5
Amps (Duct Pr49.4)	65.4	0.0	61.8	71.2	57.5	69.2	68.9	74.9
Coal Pipe Vel	4295.	1.	4353.	4254.	4081.	4040.	4259.	4373.
PA Flow %	96.8	0 . 1	97.3	94.9	91.1	90.4	95.0	97.7
MACHamper Pos	99.9	1.4	80.3	78.0	76.1	67.6	69.2	89.4
SA Damper Pos	90.9	23.0	72.7	77.9	78.5	78.3	68.8	73.8
PA Mass Flow	3813.	3.	3854.	3766.	3599.	3551.	3773.	3864.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.46)	(24.9)	2.7	20.3	16.4	20.2	16.8	11.7	20.4
Air to Fuel Ratio	1.77	1.31	2.20	2.15	2.04	2.03	2.25	2.21
Pulv Inlet Temp	348.0	120.8	305.7	315.2	321.9	348.3	310.9	363.5
Pulv Outlet Temp	150.6	95.9	151.4	150.9	150.9	150.6	150.1	151.5
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	9.1	4.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	7.8
Hyd Skid Pr Fdb	. 2190.	4.	2354.	2207.	2295.	2327.	2379.	1405.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	1149.	2360.	2349.	2372.	2363.	2252.	2314.

EndTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 04: 00 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 04: 00 /PanRate= 0



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U2 Pulv Operating data 25-Aug-04 17: 02: 40 2SGAPT0150 30.0 25.6 /afterscontinguighte-processing flooring-to-arende and and all of the processing of the contraction of the c 0.0 30mn/div 25-Aug-04 17: 03: 52 25-Aug-04 14: 03: 52 2. PAFlam 100 100 100 2SGAPEFDRA -FOSPA 94. 2C0AXI056A · Do PA Flow 96. 2COAKS021A Danper Pos, 5 in. 0; 0. 0. 30mn/div 25-Aug-04 14: 03: 21 25-Aug-04 17: 03: 21

EndTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 02: 39 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 02: 39 /PanRate= 0

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Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

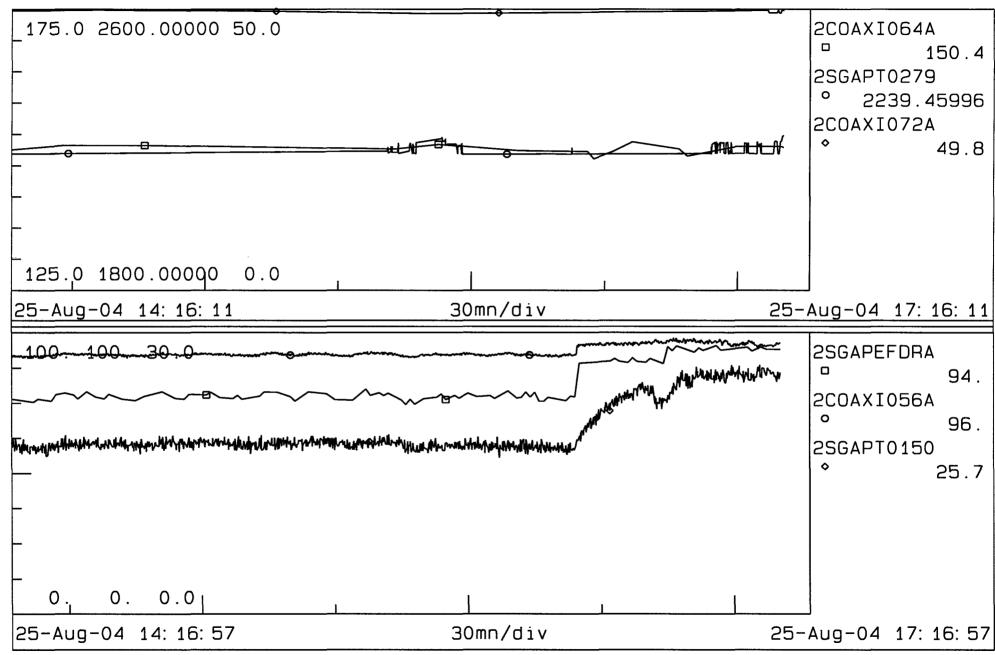
25-Aug-04 17: 10: 28

Unit 2 951.0 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow378.7TP	63.9	0.1	55.2	53.5	54.2	54.0	51.4	54.1
Feeder Speed	94.0	0.1	79.8	78.8	79.1	78.5	75.5	76.7
Amps (Duct (Pr49.8)	66.5	0.0	61.6	74.4	56.6	69.0	69.6	74.1
Coal Pipe Vel	4295.	3.	4383.	4227.	4064.	4030.	4256.	4393.
PA Flow %	96.3	0.1	97.6	94.8	91.8	90.9	95.8	98.8
- MacWamper Pos	100.	1.4	82.1	79.1	76.4	68.4	69.7	90.5
SA Damper Pos	90.2	23.0	74.6	79.2	79.7	79.6	70.1	75.2
PA Mass Flow	3802.	3.	3876.	3755.	3635.	3597.	3781.	3880.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.45)	25.4	2.7	20.8	16.7	20.3	17.0	12.0	22.4
Air to Fuel Rati	1.76	1.74	2.14	2.08	2.02	2.02	2.21	2.24
Pulv Inlet Temp	348.0	120.9	305.4	313.6	322.2	348.6	311.5	360.2
Pulv Outlet Temp	150.4	96.2	150.6	150.6	151.4	150.1	149.4	150.1
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	9.1	4.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	7.8
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2239.	4.	2354.	2254.	2295.	2329.	2385.	1396.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	1149.	2400.	2400.	2382.	2366.	2289.	2384.

EndTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 10: 28 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 10: 28 /PanRate= 0

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25-Aug-04 17: 10: 24



EndTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 10: 24 /EvalTim= 25-Aug-04 17: 10: 24 /PanRate= 0

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0 •Messages (U2)	Pulv l	J2 Pulv	Operatin	g data	Raul	. 22		09: 00: 21
Unit 2 947.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pu /v F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow366.8TP	1 58.4	0.1	60.4	59.2	59.7	BadI	60.4	59.6
Feeder Speed	88.5	0.1	90.0	88.8	90.7	Calc	89.9	88.5
Amps (Duct Pr51.8)	64.9	0.0	63.9	65.9	62.0	d.0	64.6	78.8
Coal Pipe Vel	4326.	1.	4274.	4234.	4275.	4.	4401.	4229.
PA Flow %	96.7	0.0	96.2	96.0	95.9	0 . 1	99.5	94.9
MAclamper Pos	86.6	1.4	83.2	78.1	82.1	1.2	73.3	84.3
SA Damper Pos	83.8	23.0	84.4	88.2	88.5	28.0	83.9	83.7
PA Mass Flow	3827.	1.	3842.	3804.	3797.	5.	3948.	3748.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.34	(22.9)	2.7	24.8	20.5	23.5	0.0	15.4	18.0
Air to Fuel Rati	1.92	0.44	1.87	1.91	1.85	Calc	1.93	1.87
Pulv Inlet Temp	314.5	86.6	304.8	312.0	323.5	88.0	355.5	374.8
Pulv Outlet Temp	150.6	77.6	151.1	146.9	152.5	82.3	150.1	150.1
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	1.2	0.0	3.3	0.3	0.0	6.3	4.1	0.0
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2225.	1.	2473.	2280.	2104.	394.	2475.	2245.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	1149.	2400.	2400.	2400.	1149.	2400.	2400.

EndTim= 22-Sep-04 09: 00: 20 /EvalTim= 22-Sep-04 09: 00: 20 /PanRate= 0

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Unit 1 946.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	PU1v (	()	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow355.7TPH	F.05 H	51.4	0/0	_	51.9	51.7	51.8	50.1	52.5
Feeder Speed	74.7	74.7	0(.0		76.8	75.9	75.4	73.2	76.3
Amps (Duct Pr44.2	56.4	66.7	0 0		64.4	65.9	49.7	43.0	67.9
Coal Pipe Vel	4555.	4329.	0)		4484.	4297.	4474.	4730.	4604.
PA Flow %	8.86	2.68	0.0		91.5	88.7	91.8	0.79	95.3
PA Damper Pos	78.7	77.4	$1 \{0$		69.3	77.8	78.5	82.0	78.7
SA Damper Pos	70.0	70.4	31.6		70.4	70.5	74.3	67.1	68.6
PA Mass Flow	3702.	3533.	0	•	3627.	3495.	3641.	3834.	3756.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.37)	14.0	10.8	<b>6</b> .0		11.0	14.5	13.9	16.3	11.6
Air to Fuel Rati	p 2.19	5.09	Ca1c		2.08	2.03	2.13	2.31	2.17
Pulv Inlet Temp	293.3	293.8	50.	6	288.8	311.1	305.3	308.7	303.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.4	146.9	. 67	3	152.3	148.9	148.6	150.9	147.0
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	-2.3	-1.9
Air Bias	7.2	0.0	4 /8	_	2.4	0.0	2.7	7.8	6.7
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2258.	0	•	2063.	2091.	1.	2294.	2305.
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	t 2250.	2290.	1149		2305.	2284.	2304.	2241.	2330.

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EndTim= 22-Sep-04 13: 56: 06 /EvalTim= 22-Sep-04 13: 56: 06 /PanRate=

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O-Messages U1 Pulv 2 Unit 1 Pulv data

22-Sep-04 13: 51: 13

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Unit 1 948.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Motors						TECO	TECO	
Pulv Status	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON
Feeder Speed	73.3	74.5	0.0	75.8	74.9	75.0	72.7	77.0
Amps	56.9	66.0	0.0	65.5	64.4	50.4	44.0	69.2
Stator Temp (C)	95.4	100	28.5	109.	110.	-69.8	59.8	145.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	154.	152.	71.0	154.	160.	141.	138.	131.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	123.	139.	70.4	126.	150	133.	127.	144
Rotating Throat		(	Tech		BPI		B&W RR	(B&W)
Backplate Ave T	956.	856.	1023.	923.	964.	907.	900.	926.
SA Damper Pos	68.8	69.0	31.5	69.0	69.0	72.7	65.6	67.3
SA Windbox Press	1.7	1.4	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.8	0.0	1.1
Coal Pipe Ave T	632.	616.	650.	626.	638.	634.	613.	612.
Previous Rotatin	9						Alstom	SW

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22-Sep-04 13: 56: 15 data Operating Pulv S N PHIL-H **₽**∪1∨ ر کا 0•Messages, Printed out

13: 56: 15

22-Sep-04

148.9 397.4 I 2224. 4668. 3755. 2400 72.7 86.7 0.0 4 17.7 1.89 0.0 7 თ ത Pu]v 88 83. 61 96 ო ග 149.7 3955. 2476. 4848. 74.2 2400 ຫ. 4 <u>ص</u> 88 0.0 4. σ 100 353 Pulv 62 92 63 86 Ŋ 83.9 g ш . വ 401 1149 6.3 വ 1.2 28.0 0.0 BadI Calc 0.0 0 Calc Τ. 99 Pulv 0 0 334.8 147.8 Ш 4694. 3830. 2125. 2400. 91.7 62.0 91.2 23.0 1.85 0.0 7 0.0 ۲.  $\dot{\omega}$ Pulv 62 96 82 325.8 146.4 2282. 2400 4673 3816 1.86 0.3 ო. S ۲. Φ. 0.0 ₹. ດາ വ Pulv 96 62 90 65 79 90 20 321.4 151.3 ပ 3846. 2400. 2474. 4719. 83.6 Э.Э 97.8 87.4 23.8 1.85 -4.0 62.7 ப ഥ Pulv 62 91 79.8 . -86.1 . - $\mathbf{\omega}$ 1149 N <u>1</u> . 4 0.0 0.44 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.0 0 0 2.7 Pulv 23 0 321.6 ⋖ 150.4 4747. 2220 2400 3869 21.7 1.2 4 ٦. 4 Φ. 0.0 ന Ò 87 Pulv 64 86 98 61 91 87 Ratib 표 Setpt Temp <u>.</u> .32 Fdbk 951.0 MW Temp 8 Pr51 0 Ve 1 Pos Pos F10w368 Speed F]ow XON) Fue 1 P Р Outlet Inlet Pipe Bias (Duct % PActamer. Damper Skid Skid Bias П Flow Mass to S Feeder Pulv Pulv Unit Pu]v Coal Amps Coal Coal Hyd Air Hyd РА SA А

0 /PanRate= 56: 15 22-Sep-04 13: 13:56:15 /EvalTim= 22-Sep-04 EndTim=

Printed out for: PHIL-H - 22-Sep-04 13:51:00 0.Messages U2 PULV 2 Unit 2 Pulv Data

22-Sep-04 13: 51: 00

•		•			•		_	_
Unit 2 948.0 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Pulv Status	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON
Feeder Speed	90.1	0.1	91.5	91.1	91.5	Calc	91.1	89.9
Amps	64.4	0.0	64.8	68.8	61.2	0.0	67.0	76.4
Stator Temp (C)	92.3	52.4	90.4	110.	90.5	46 . 1	98.8	116.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	146.	78.6	151.	143.	147.	84.5	167.	168.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	132.	76.1	130.	139.	135.	84.7	136.	147.
Rotating Throat				Tech	B&W RR			B&W
Backplate Ave T	147.	299.	23.	0.	25.	445.	20.	0.
SA Damper Pos	86.5	23.0	87.0	90.5	90.8	28.0	86.8	86.6
SA Windbox Press	3.5	0.0	3.2	3.3	3.4	0.0	2.5	3.5
Coal Pipe Ave T	0.	496.	43.	173.	38.	0.	42.	0.
				-				
Previous Rotatin	9							SAS

EndTim= 22-Sep-04 13:51:00 /EvalTim= 22-Sep-04 13:51:00 /PanRate= 0

Printed	ed out for:	PHIL-H	- 19	9-Apr-04 (	09: 34: 01	しない	st	
0	Messages O2 [	Data 02 L	Unit Compar	risons		19-Apr	-04 0	9: 34: 01
Data	•		j. T	it	U1 U2	SA Damper	Unit 1	Unit 2
Meas	o Load	Σ	949.25	0.	OFA	'u ] v	آ	
East	: Probe 1	0	2.17	1.75 (	% 4.1 5.	$\supset$	76.  B	71.
	Probe 2	0	7.	Ġ	In1(	Pulv C	. 9	$\mathcal{C}$
	Probe 3	0	Τ.	0.	W 99. B	I Pulv D	6.	
	Probe 4	% 05	3.89	7 .	0. Ba	Pulv	Ū.	0
	Average	0	σ.	Ġ	В	'u]v	7	
West		% OS	0.	0.	. Ba	Pulv	<u> </u>	
	Probe 6	0	7 .	ت	1/3	Pulv H	9	
	Probe 7	0	1	0.	2. Bad		) :	(
	Probe 8	0	ت	Θ.	/ 3. Bad	al Bia	_	<u>.</u>
	Average	05 %	ω.	7 .	NW 0./Bad	֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֡	•	•
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Econ	05	je %	2.63	2.41	2/3		•	٠
Econ	02 Out	in& 0	0.	₹.	6		0.0	3.7
02 J	Trim Setpoin	ىد	33.1	52.0	<u>m</u>	Pu]	•	•
Tota	l Ai				.0	т р п	•	•
ר מיט	Д МО	HOL	372 0	E 71E	<i>`</i>	G Pu I	•	٠
) #	Pilly To-	 מייי		· /	F 10 W	H Pulv	٠	0.0
a		ט כ	י א מטעמ	. , 0700	W 103. 7	.PA Bias	Unit 1	Unit 2
הים אנת ארים לים		5	· a	177	3.8	PU	•	0.0
ָ קי ני	$\Box$	. Q	200 000 000		NW 62.112		•	•
	המי	Š			1. 10		•	٠
Target	t NOX		٠ _ •		299. 373		٠	٠
Scri	er Inlet	SO2 PPM	52.	95.			•	0 0
PSH/RH	/RH Bias Dmpr	r Pos Bad	I/ 91.	84./92.		F Pulv	o e	o c
(	ŀ	0	(	(			٠	) (
MS/HH	√H lemps	1006.5/	999.6 1005	5.3/1011.	₹1	Y Dd H	•	8.
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0 EndTim= 19-Apr-04 09: 34: 01 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 09: 34: 01 /PanRate=

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	0: 41:	Unit						69				$\underline{\mathbf{u}}$	•	٠	•	3.7	•	•	•	٠	Unit	•	•	•	•	•	0.0	٠	•
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52/	r-04	Jnjt	//3.	/ 73.	74.	73.	73.	74.	/ 20.	74,		$\sqsubseteq$	•	•	٠	0.0	٠	٠	٠	٠	Un i t	•	٠	•	٠	•	ю О .	•	•
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	01	Damp	$\supset$	Pulv	<sup>5</sup> u 1 v	<sup>5</sup> u ] v	<sup>5</sup> u ] v		a]		Ω.	Ф	- Pu	Pu	P	_ □	Pu	Bi	Ф	Pu	Pu	P		ם נ					
		SA	u.	4	<u></u>	Ιþ	O		Ιp	<u>.</u>	Ιþ	Ğ,		<u></u>	)		H	Ιp	Ιp			7.	വ വ	Q	-	, I	<b>L</b> (	ن	_
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	ပ	<u>ب</u>	1.7	Φ.	Ġ	₹.	œ.	2.7	7.	1.4	1.4		1.9		у Э	0.	თ	78.	$)_{c}$	ע י	Ľ	247	265	4	4	48	σ	)	←
	Unit	5	95																) (	ק	741	J		(0	و	74	/ 14	4	1011
	02 (			0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	٥.	٥.	•	•	0.1		٥.	٥.								IBTU	IBTU		Bad	) . ) ;	.5/1011
.10P			MΣ	0	0	0	0	% 02	0	0	0	% 02	0		% 02	0				ב ב		PPM	РРМ	B/N	LB/MBTU	Мdd			1004
UNIT10P	Data		_	•	•	•	•	0\			0	٥.	•		ge	Jin &			1	Č	ם כ		. ш	NOX LB/MBT	_	ď	ת ה	, -	<b>←</b> 1
or: (	N												1		Avera	etpo	int				o a n a	)		ed	i	t SO	Omor.	<u>.</u> <u>:</u>	
4	s 0		g	e 1		ന	4	age	ة ت		<b>^</b>	ω ω	age			ഗ	Setpo			) -	ב ה		×ON	ert	) , )	Inlet	ď		വ
out	sage		Loa	Prob	Prob	Probe	Probe	Averag	Probe	Probe	Probe	Probe	Avera		2 Out	2 Out		·⊢	7	M C : 1 C	1. T.	XON	er:		×ON	د	α. 	) 1 ) 	MS/RH Temps
ted	Mess	m	s, d	T.	Ф.	Ф	σ.	⋖	<del>ر</del>	Ф	Ф	С	⋖		0	0	Trim	al /				) - -	Ω		ae t	crubbe	SH/BH	:	듀
Pr i'nted	0	Dat	Meas	Eas.					West						Econ	Econ	. 20	Ţ	(	ם כ	π	Stack	Scrub	Stack	Target	Scri	PSH	)	MS/I
σ.																													

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 10: 41: 46 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 10: 41: 46 /PanRate=

0 Messages O2 Dat	a 02 U	nit Compar	isons	19-Apr-04 11: 17: 28
Data Meas'd Load East Probe 1 Probe 2 Probe 3 Probe 4 Average West Probe 5 Probe 6 Probe 7 Probe 8 Average	MW % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02	Unit 1 947.75 2.50 2.75 2.70 2.41 2.61 2.47 3.29 2.58 2.18 2.62	Unit 2 899.25 1.72 2.15 2.83 1.89 1.91 2.30 4.05 2.75 3.03 2.76	U1 U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2  OFA Pulv A 76 A 73.  % 13.6 5.9 Pulv B 76. B 73.  Inlets Pulv C 77. C 53.  SW 99. BadI Pulv D 76. D 80.  SE 100. BadI Pulv E 76. E 73.  NW 98. BadI Pulv F 78. F 71.  NE 99. BadI Pulv G 20. G 73.  1/3 Pulv H 77. H 73.  SW 97 BadI  SE 100. BadI Coal Bias U1 U2  NW 90. BadI A Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ O2 Out Average Econ O2 Out Setpoi O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air % Coal Flow # of Pulv In-servi	e% 02 n% 02 57 <sup>320</sup> WW	2.60 3.09	2.37 3.16 52.0 74.9 348.0 7.	NE 99. BadI B Pulv 0.0 0.0 2/3 C Pulv 0.0 0.0 SW 98. BadI D Pulv 0.0 3.7 SE 96. BadI E Pulv 0.0 -2.1 NW 99. BadI F Pulv 0.0 -3.5 NE 99. BadI G Pulv 0.0 0.0 Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0
Main Steam Pressur Stack NOx Scrubber NOx Stack Converted NO Target NOx Scrubber Inlet SO2 PSH/RH Bias Dmpr P	PPM PPM x LB/MBTU LB/MBTU PPM	2395.8 203. 223. 0.339 0.387 452.8	2235.6 177. 198. 0.304 0.428 402.5 4./100.	SW 250. 77.PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2 SE 238. 80. A Pulv 7.4 0.0 NW 256. 114. B Pulv 0.0 5.4 NE 231. 99. C Pulv 2.9 0.0 975. 370. D Pulv 0.0 2.3 E Pulv 3.8 6.6 F Pulv 3.0 9.0 G Pulv 0.1 0.0 H Pulv 6.0 4.8

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 17: 28 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 17: 28 /PanRate= 0

. Printed out for: UNIT10P - 19-Apr-04 11: 17: 28

Opened OFA Dangers 3/3

11: 25: 08	Unit 2 70. 70. 53. 77. 70. 68. 70. 70. 70. 70. 70. 70. 70. 70. 70. 70
Dr-04	Unit 1
74 <b>20%</b> ⇒ 19-Apr	5 SA Damp 5.8 Pulv adI Pulv A Pulv
11: 25: 08 ′	NW 255. 1  NW 255. 1  NW 255. 1  NW 255. 1
19-Apr-04 arisons	Unit 2 899.75 1.67 2.08 2.08 2.86 1.82 2.62 4.05 2.63 3.15 2.54 3.15 3.16 3.17 3.16 3.17 3.16 3.16 3.17 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.17 3.17 3.17 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.17 3.00 3.
- 1 Unit Compa	Unit 1 950.75 2.66 2.93 2.47 2.41 3.18 2.42 2.42 2.42 2.42 2.42 2.42 2.42 2.4
UNIT1OP Data 02	MW WW W
Printed out for: ( O Messages O2 Da	Data Meas'd Load East Probe 1 Probe 3 Probe 3 Probe 4 Average West Probe 6 Probe 6 Probe 8 Average Average Con 02 Out Average Econ 02 Out Setpoint Total Air % Coal Flow # of Pulv In-servic Main Steam Pressure Stack NOx Strubber NOx Strubber NOx Strubber Inlet SO2 PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Po

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 11:25:08 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 11:25:08 /PanRate=

0

Printed out for: U O Messages O2 Da	JNIT10P ata 02 l	– 19 Jnit Compar	9-Apr-04 risons	11: 31: 10 SA 10% = 7-4% BAAS 19-Apr-04 11: 31: 10
Data Meas'd Load East Probe 1 Probe 2 Probe 3 Probe 4 Average West Probe 5 Probe 6 Probe 7 Probe 8 Average	MW % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02	Unit 1 951.75 2.21 2.77 2.62 2.87 2.62 2.32 3.28 2.59 2.29 2.64	Unit 2 898.00 1.76 2.15 2.97 1.74 1.95 2.15 4.36 3.53 3.91 2.91	U1 U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2  OFA Pulv A 72 A 73.  % 13.7 5.6 Pulv B 72. B 73.  Inlets Pulv C 73. C 53.  SW 99. BadI Pulv D 72. D 80.  SE 100. BadI Pulv E 72. E 73.  NW 98. BadI Pulv F 73. F 71.  NE 99. BadI Pulv G 20 G 73.  1/3 Pulv H 73. H 73.  SW 97. BadI  SE 100. BadI Coal Bias U1 U2  NW 90. BadI A Pulv 0.0 0.0  NE 99. BadI B Pulv 0.0
Econ O2 Out Avera Econ O2 Out Setpo O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air % Coal Flow	TPH	2.65 3.09 33.1 78.8 372.6	2.47 3.16 52.0 75.3 348.6	NE 99. BadI B Pulv 0.0 0.0 0.0 SW 98. BadI D Pulv 0.0 3.7 SE 96. BadI E Pulv 0.0 -2.1 NW 99. BadI F Pulv 0.0 -3.5 NE 99 BadI G Pulv 0.0 0.0 Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0
# of Pulv In-servented Nox Stack NOx Scrubber NOx Stack Converted Nox Stack Converted Nox Scrubber Inlet Stack PSH/RH Bias Dmpr MS/RH Temps	PPM PPM NOx LB/MBTU LB/MBTU O2 PPM	0.386 452.2 5./56. 8		SW 253. 81. PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2 SE 235. 83. A Pulv 7.4 0.0 NW 262. 115. B Pulv 0.0 5.4 NE 230. 95. C Pulv 2.9 0.0 980. 385. D Pulv 0.0 2.3 E Pulv 3.8 6.6 F Pulv 3.0 9.0 G Pulv 0.1 0.0

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 31: 10 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 31: 10 /PanRate= 0

Data	Printed out for: UNIT10P O Messages O2 Data     O2		11: 36: 26 JA (a) => -6723(AS) 19-Apr-04 11: 36: 26
Econ O2 Out Average% O2 2.65 2.29 2/3 C Pulv 0.0 0.0 Econ O2 Out Setpoin% O2 3.09 3.16 SW 98. BadI D Pulv 0.0 3.7 O2 Trim Setpoint 33.1 52.0 SE 96. BadI E Pulv 0.0 -2.1 Total Air % 78.7 75.7 NW 99. BadI F Pulv 0.0 -3.5 Coal Flow TPH 372.4 352.0 NE 99. BadI G Pulv 0.0 0.0 0.0	Meas'd Load MW  East Probe 1 % 02  Probe 2 % 02  Probe 3 % 02  Probe 4 % 02  Average % 02  West Probe 5 % 02  Probe 6 % 02  Probe 7 % 02  Probe 8 % 02	950.75 901.75 2.63 1.63 2.96 2.13 2.64 2.89 2.65 1.69 2.73 1.94 2.49 2.04 3.31 3.56 2.64 2.99 2.09 3.28	Pulv A 69. A 74. % 13.2 5.6 Pulv B 70. B 74. B Inlets Pulv C 70. C 53. SW 99. BadI Pulv D 70. D 81. SE 99. BadI Pulv E 70. E 73. NW 98. BadI Pulv F 71. F 72. NE 99. BadI Pulv G 20. G 74. I 1/3 Pulv H 70. H 74. SW 97. BadI SE 100. BadI Coal Bias U1 U2 NW 90. BadI A Pulv 0.0
Main Steam Pressure       2408.4       2229.6       SW 253.       82.PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2         Stack NOx       PPM       203.       180.       SE 235.       83. A Pulv 7.4 0.0         Scrubber NOx       PPM       224       200.       NW 262.       113. B Pulv 0.0 5.4         Stack Converted NOxLB/MBTU 7.4       0.331 0.308 0.308       NE 237. 108. C Pulv 2.9 0.0         Target NOx       LB/MBTU 0.386 0.428	Econ O2 Out Setpoin% O2  O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air %  Coal Flow TPH # of Pulv In-service Main Steam Pressure Stack NOx PPM Scrubber NOx PPM Stack Converted NOxLB/MBT Target NOx LB/MBT Scrubber Inlet SO2 PPM  PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Pos 1	3.09 3.16  33.1 52.0  78.7 75.7  372.4 352.0  7. 7.  2408.4 2229.6  203. 180.  224 200.  10 0.331 0.308  0.386 452.2 400.1  05. / 51. 84. / 100	2/3

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 36: 26 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 36: 26 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UNIT10P	- 19-Apr-04	11: 41: 54 PA 180 0 = -10% BLAS
· 0 Messages O2 Data O2 L	Jnit Comparisons	19-Apr-04 11: 41: 54
Data Meas'd Load MW East Probe 1 % 02 Probe 2 % 02 Probe 3 % 02 Probe 4 % 02 Average % 02 West Probe 5 % 02 Probe 6 % 02	Unit 1 Unit 2 950.75 901.75 2.22 1.95 2.71 2.46 3.25 3.00 1.96 2.25 2.32 2.42 3.18 4.14	OFA Pulv A 67. A 72.  % 13.8 5.6 Pulv B 67 B 72.  Inlets Pulv C 66 C 53.  SW 99. BadI Pulv D 67 D 79.  SE 99. BadI Pulv E 67. E 71.  NW 98. BadI Pulv F 67. F 69.  NE 99. BadI Pulv G 20. G 72.  1/3 Pulv H 68. H 71.
Probe 7 % 02 Probe 8 % 02 Average % 02 Econ 02 Out Average% 02	2.51       3.54         2.18       3.05         2.63       2.87         2.55       2.57	SE 100. BadI <sup>Coal</sup> Bias U1 U2 NW 90. BadI A Pulv 0.0 0.0 NE 99. BadI B Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ O2 Out Setpoin% O2	3.09 3.16	E/ J
O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air % Coal Flow TPH # of Pulv In-service	33.1 52.0 78.7 75.5 370.6 350.1 7. 7.	SE 96. BadI E Pulv 0.0 -2.1  NW 99. BadI F Pulv 0.0 -3.5  NE 99. BadI G Pulv 0.0 0.0  H Pulv 0.0 0.0
Main Steam Pressure Stack NOx PPM Scrubber NOx PPM Stack Converted NOxLB/MBTU Target NOx LB/MBTU Scrubber Inlet SO2 PPM PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Pos 105	2412.0 2237.4 206. 180. 222. 197. 0.338 0.307 0.386 0.428 454.1 395.2	SW 256. 82.PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2 SE 246. 86. A Pulv 7.4 0.0 NW 256. 114. B Pulv 0.0 5.4 NE 241. 98. C Pulv 2.9 0.0 998. 390. D Pulv 0.0 2.3 E Pulv 3.8 6.6 F Pulv 3.0 9.0 G Pulv 0.1 0.0
MS/RH Temps 1003.7/1	1012.4 1008.9/100	1.1 H Pulv 6.0 4.8

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 41: 54 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 11: 41: 54 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UNIT10P O Messages O2 Data		11: 53: 53 A 500 7-100 8 19-Apr-04 11: 53: 53	SUF
Data Meas'd Load MW East Probe 1 % 02 Probe 2 % 02 Probe 3 % 02 Probe 4 % 02 Average % 02 West Probe 5 % 02 Probe 6 % 02 Probe 7 % 02 Probe 8 % 02	Unit 1 Unit 2 949.25 899.75 2.33 2.00 2.87 2.27 2.33 3.06 2.62 1.61 2.56 2.05 2.37 2.10 3.15 3.81 2.49 3.17 2.04 3.61	U1 U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2  OFA Pulv A 65. A 72.  % 10 5.5 Pulv B 66. B 72.  Inlets Pulv C 67. C 53.  SW 99. BadI Pulv D 66. D 78.  SE 99. BadI Pulv E 66. E 71.  NW 98. BadI Pulv F 68. F 69.  NE 99. BadI Pulv G 20. G 72.  1/3 Pulv H 66. H 71.  SW 97. BadI  SE 100. BadI Coal Bias U1 U2	
Econ O2 Out Average% O2 Econ O2 Out Setpoin% O2 O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air %  Coal Flow TPH # of Pulv In-service Main Steam Pressure Stack NOx PPM Scrubber NOx PPM Scrubber NOx PPM Stack Converted NOxLB/M Target NOx LB/M Scrubber Inlet SO2 PPM PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Pos MS/RH Temps 1003	2.52 2.46 3.09 3.16 33.1 52.0 78.4 75.1 372.4 348.5 7. 7. 2395.8 2241.0 206. 181. 216. 198. BTU 0.339 0.307 BTU 0.387 0.428 451.6 399.1	NE 99. BadI B Pulv 0.0 0.0  2/3	

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 11:53:53 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 11:53:53 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for:		- 19	9-Apr-04	12: 40: 47 SA Solo => -10 BIAS
· 0 Messages 02	Data 02	Unit Compar	isons	19-Apr-04,12:,40:47
Data		Unit 1	Unit 2	liast Test
Meas'd Load	MW	950.25	899.00	U1 U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2 OFA, ໂວ Pulv A /65. A 74.
East Probe 1	% 02	2.45	1.77	
Probe 2	% 02 % 02	4.15	2.27	% 13.8 5.5 Pulv B/65.\B 73. Inlets Pulv C/67.\C 53.
Probe 3	% 02 % 02	4.81	3.19	SW 99. BadI Pulv D) 65. D 80.
Probe 4	% 02 % 02	5.22	2.19	SE 99. BadI Pulv E 66. E 73.
Average	% 02 % 02	4.26	2.20	NW 98. BadI Pulv F 67. F 71.
West Probe 5	% 02 % 02	2.77	2.50	NE 99. BadI Pulv G\ 20./G 74.
Probe 6	% 02 % 02	3.45	4.29	1/3 Pulv H\ 66. H 73.
Probe 7	% 02 % 02	2.79	2.90	SW 97. BadI
Probe 8	% 02 % 02	2.33	4.04	SE 100. Badi <sup>Coal</sup> Bias U1 U2
Average	% 02 % 02	2.83	3.00	NW 90. BadI A Pulv 0.0 0.0
7,70,090	70 GE	2.00	3.00	NE 99. BadI B Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ 02 Out Ave	rage% 02	3.56	2.57	2/3 C Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ 02 Out Set	poin <b>%</b> 02	3.09	3.16	SW 98. BadI D Pulv 0.0 3.7
02 Trim Setpoin	t	33.1	52.0	SE 96. BadI E Pulv 0.0 -2.1
Total Air %	5,740,000 h		75.7	NW 99. BadI F Pulv 0.0 -3.5
	TOU	/ F **		NE 99. BadI G Pulv 0.0 0.0
Coal Flow	DVice	' 372.0 7	350.8	Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0
<pre># of Pulv In-se Main Steam Pres</pre>		7. 2404.8	7.	SW 260. 81.PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2
Stack NOx	PPM	205.	2232.0 180.	SE 251. 82. A Pulv 7.4 0.0
Scrubber NOx	PPM	205. 224.	160. 197.	NW 258. 109. B Pulv 0.0 5.4
Stack Converted			0.307	NE 241. 113. C Pulv 2.9 0.0
Target NOx	LB/MBTU	/	0.307	1010. 385. D Pulv 0.0 2.3
Scrubber Inlet		453.1	393.6	E Pulv 3.8 6.6
				F Pulv 3.0 9.0
PSH/RH Bias Dmp	r Pos 10	b./30.8	34./100.	972465/ G Pulv 0.1 0.0
MS/RH Temps	1001.7/	1003.3 1004	1.5/ 994	.0 H Pulv 6.0 4.8

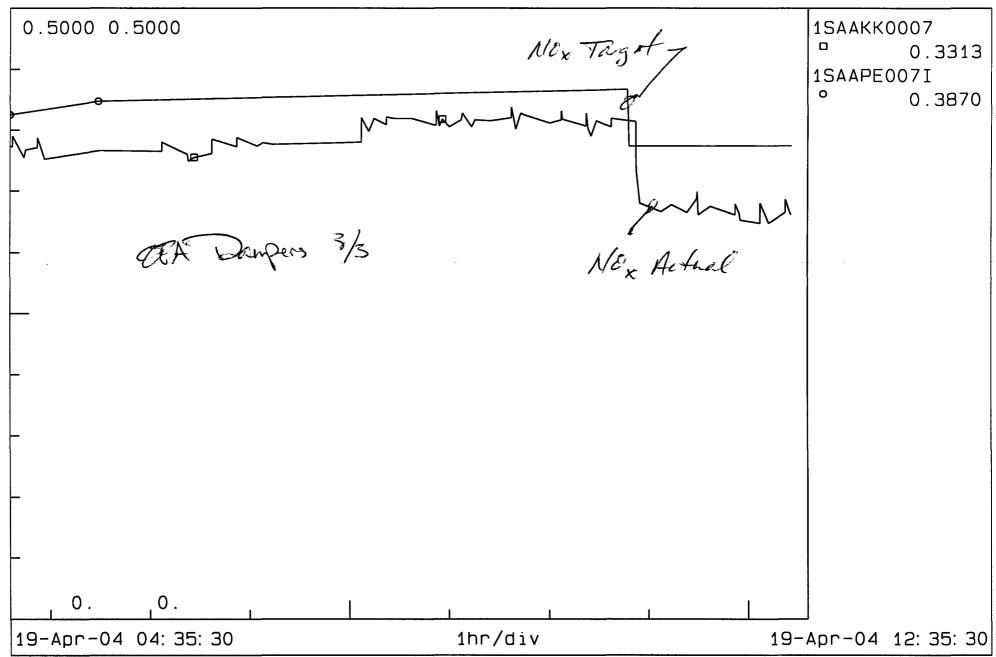
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Printed out for: UNIT10P O Messages O2 Data O2	– 19 Unit Compar	-Apr-04 isons	12: 12: 18 \$ 750 = 150 BIAA. 19-Apr-04 12: 12: 18
Data Meas'd Load MW East Probe 1 % 02 Probe 2 % 02 Probe 3 % 02 Probe 4 % 02 Average % 02 West Probe 5 % 02 Probe 6 % 02 Probe 7 % 02 Probe 8 % 02 Average % 02	Unit 1 950.00 2.41 2.82 2.62 2.85 2.63 2.00 3.07 2.63 2.36 2.55	Unit 2 900.50 1.85 2.14 3.09 2.06 2.19 2.79 3.93 2.71 3.54 2.87	U1 U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2  OFA Pulv A 60. A 70.  % 13.8 6.0 Pulv B 60. B 71.  Inlets Pulv C 61. C 53.  SW 99. BadI Pulv D 60. D 77.  SE 99. BadI Pulv E 60. E 70.  NW 98. BadI Pulv F 61. F 68.  NE 99. BadI Pulv G 20. G 70.  1/3 Pulv H 61. H 70.  SW 97. BadI  SE 100 BadI Coal Bias U1 U2  NW 90. BadI A Pulv 0.0 0.0  NE 99 BadI B Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ O2 Out Average% O2 Econ O2 Out Setpoin% O2 O2 Trim Setpoint	2.57 3.09 33.1	2.51 3.17 52.0	2/3 C Pulv 0.0 0.0 SW 98. BadI D Pulv 0.0 3.7 SE 96. BadI E Pulv 0.0 -2.1
	,		NW 99. BadI F Pulv 0.0 -3.5 NE 99 BadI G Pulv 0.0 0.0 Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0 SW 253. 79. PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2 SE 257. 89. A Pulv 7.4 0.0 NW 259. 113. B Pulv 0.0 5.4 NE 254. 116. C Pulv 2.9 0.0 1012. 396. D Pulv 0.0 2.3 E Pulv 3.8 6.6 F Pulv 3.0 9.0 G Pulv 0.1 0.0 H Pulv 6.0 4.8
EndTim= 19-Apr-04 12:12:18	/EvalTim= 1	9-Apr-04	12: 12: 18 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: O Messages 02 D					5A75% => -15% BAAS 19-Apr-04 12: 22: 57
Data Meas'd Load East Probe 1 Probe 2 Probe 3 Probe 4 Average West Probe 5 Probe 6 Probe 7 Probe 8 Average	MW % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02	Unit 1 952.50 2.17 2.41 2.19 2.85 2.45 2.43 3.21 2.57 2.19 2.58	Unit 2 899.25 1.73 2.02 2.80 1.79 2.02 2.32 4.23 3.13 3.76 2.96	OFA /6.5°), % 13.9 5 Inlets SW 99. Ba SE 99. Ba NW 98. Ba NE 99. Ba 1/3 SW 97. Ba SF 100. Ba	Fig. 6 Pulv B 61. B 72.  Pulv C 62. C 53.  AdI Pulv D 62. D 79.  AdI Pulv E 62. E 72.  AdI Pulv F 62. F 70.  AdI Pulv G 20. G 72.  Pulv H 63. H 72.  AdI  AdI  AdI  AdI  A Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ O2 Out Aver Econ O2 Out Setp O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air % Coal Flow # of Pulv In-ser Main Steam Press Stack NOx Scrubber NOx Stack Converted Target NOx Scrubber Inlet S PSH/RH Bias Dmpr	rage% 02 poin% 02 TPH rvice PPM PPM NOxLB/MBTU LB/MBTU 502 PPM	2.52 3.09 33.1 78.9 373.2 7. 2394.6 210. 223. 0.343 0.387 453.1	2.47 3.16 52.0 74.9 349.9 7. 2236.8 180. 199. 0.309 0.428 397.4	NE 99. Ba 2/3 SW 98. Ba SE 96. Ba NW 99. Ba NE 99. Ba Flow SW 254. Ba SE 249. Ba NW 262. 10 NE 247. 11 1012. 38	C Pulv 0.0 0.0  adI D Pulv 0.0 3.7  adI E Pulv 0.0 -2.1  adI F Pulv 0.0 -3.5  adI G Pulv 0.0 0.0  H Pulv 0.0 0.0  33.PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2  35. A Pulv 7.4 0.0  77. B Pulv 0.0 5.4  16. C Pulv 2.9 0.0
EndTim= 19-Apr-04	12: 22: 56 /	/EvalTim= 1	9-Apr-04	12: 22: 56	/PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UNIT10P - 19-Apr-04 12:26:02

O Messages 02 Data 02 Unit Comparisons 19-Apr-04 12:26:02



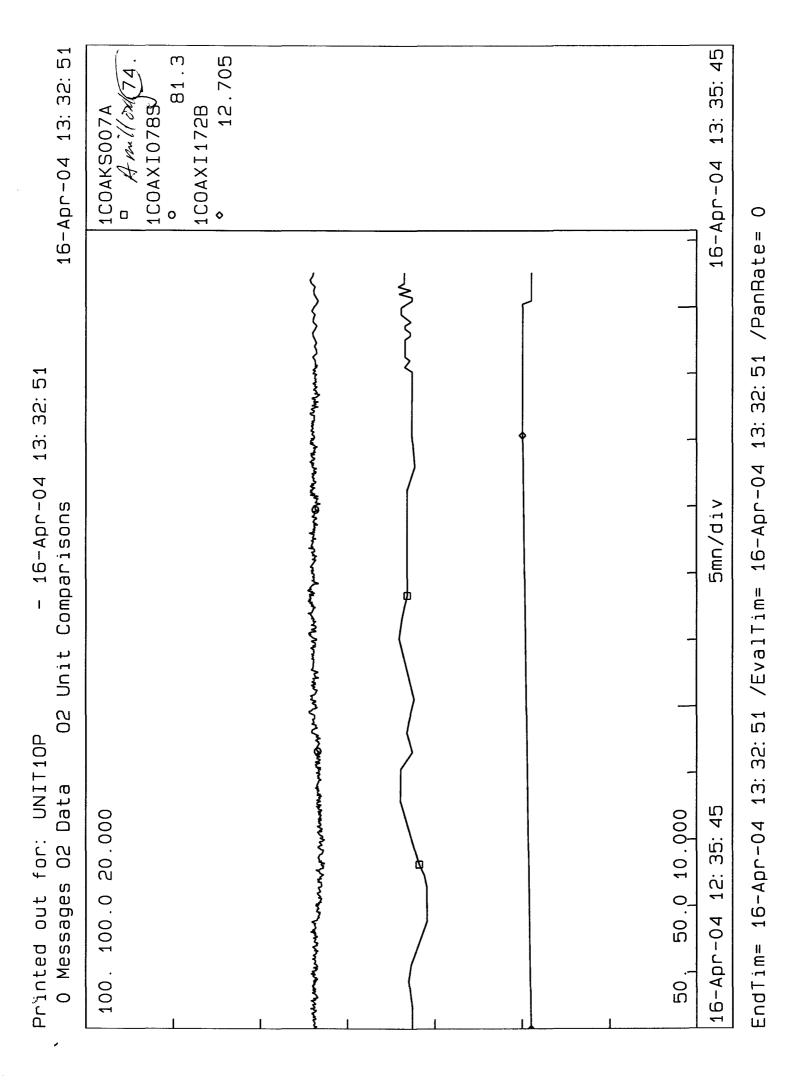
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Printed out for: UNIT10P	- 19	9-Anr-04	12: 32: 25 SA 400 % 7 - 20 % BUS
0 Messages 02 Data 02	Unit Compar	risons	19-Apr-04 12: 32: 25 Coardhaful Control System U1 / U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2
Data	Unit 1	Unit 2	U1 / U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2
Meas'd Load MW	952.50	899.00	
East Probe 1 % 02		1.88	% 14.5 5.6 Pulv B 57. B 72.
Probe 2 % 02	2.69	2.38	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Probe 3 % 02	2.26	3.40	
Probe 4 % 02	2.79	2.56	f l
Average % 02	2.54	2.37	1
West Probe 5 % 02	2.21	2.17	NE 99. BadI Pulv G\ 20. G \ 72.
Probe 6 % 02	3.20	3.97	1/3 Pulv H 58. H 72.
Probe 7 % 02	2.74	2.85	(SM 07) Padi
Probe 8 % 02	2.44	3.60	SE 100 Bad Coal Bias U1 U2
Average % 02	2.58	2.80	NW 90 BadI A Pulv 0.0 0.0
Fana 02 00t Avanaa 8 02	2 56	2 5 4 1	NE 99 BadI B Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ 02 Out Average% 02		i	2/3 \ C PUIV 0.0 0.0
Econ 02 Out Setpoin <b>%</b> 02	3.09	3.16	1 JN JUI DOUT
02 Trim Setpoint	33.1	52.0 <sup>\</sup>	\
Total Air % 5,761,000	78.9	75.2	
Coal Flow TPH	371.6	348.3	NE 99. BadI G Pulv 0.0 0.0 Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0
# of Pulv In-service	7.	7.	Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0
Main Steam Pressure		2240.4	SW 266. 81.PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2
Stack NOx PPM	202.	181.	
Scrubber NOx PPM	225	200.	
Stack Converted NOxLB/MBT	U (0.331)	0.309	
Target NOx LB/MBT	1 1	0.428	
Scrubber Inlet SO2 PPM	452.8	397.6	( E Pulv 3.8 6.6
PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Pos 1		34./100.	(1050) F Pulv 3.0 9.0
			- G PUIV 0.1 0.0
MS/RH Temps 1004.5	/1004.3 1000	0.5/ 994.	.0 H Pulv 6.0 4.8

EndTim= 19-Apr-04 12: 32: 25 /EvalTim= 19-Apr-04 12: 32: 25 /PanRate= 0

			13: 32: 45 popular the Color
Printed out for: UNIT10P	- 1	6-Apr-04	13: 32: 45 pm/s the Contractor
O Messages O2 Data O	2 Unit Compa	risons	16-Apr-04 13: 32: 45
Data Meas'd Load MW	Unit 1 950.75	Unit 2 903.25	U1/ U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2 OFA: Pulv A /74 A 65.
East Probe 1 % 02 Probe 2 % 02 Probe 3 % 02 Probe 4 % 02 Average % 02 West Probe 5 % 02 Probe 6 % 02 Probe 7 % 02	2.13 2.78 2.13 3.06 2.49 2.50 2.72 2.68	2.25 2.86 3.84 3.22 2.88 2.28 4.35 3.34	% 12.7 13.3 Pulv B 74. B 86. Inlets Pulv C 75. C 62. SW 99. 99. Pulv D 74. D 67. SE 99. 99. Pulv E 74 E 19. NW 98. 98. Pulv F 76 F 65. NE 99. 99. Pulv G 10. G 65. 1/3 Pulv H 75. H 65. SW 96. 97.
Probe 8 % 02 Average % 02	0.36 2.45	2.89 2.76	NW 90. 90. A Pulv 0.0 0.0 NE 99. 99. B Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ 02 Out Average% 02 Econ 02 Out Setpoin% 02	2.47 3.08	2.78 3.16	2/3 C Pulv 0.0 -4.0 SW 97. 97. D Pulv 0.0 0.0
O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air %	41.7	59.1 77.9	SE 97. 97. E Pulv 0.0 0.0 NW 98. 98. F Pulv 0.0 -2.1 NE 99 99 G Pulv 0.0 0.0
Coal Flow TPH # of Pulv In-service	368.4 7.	346.0 7.	Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0
Main Steam Pressure Stack NOx PPM Scrubber NOx PPM Stack Converted NOxLB/MB Target NOx LB/MB Scrubber Inlet SO2 PPM	TU 0.391 463.1	430.0	SW 231. 231. PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2 SE 215. 216. A Pulv 3.5 0.0 NW 257. 257. B Pulv 0.0 0.0 NE 236. 233. C Pulv 2.9 5.7 939 937. D Pulv 0.0 0.0 E Pulv 3.8 0.0 F Pulv 3.0 9.0
PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Pos MS/RH Temps 1005.0			G Pulv 0.1 0.0 .8 H Pulv 2.4 0.0

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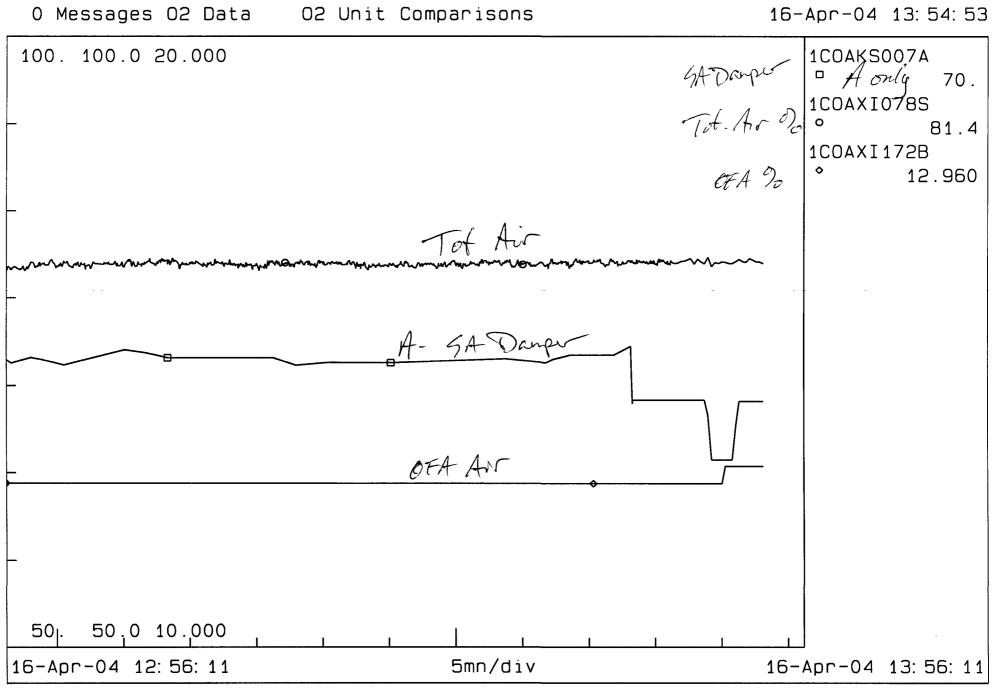
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Printed out for: UNIT10P ` O Messages O2 Data O2 L	– 16-Apr-04 Unit Comparisons	13: 50: 04 16-Apr-04 13: 50: 04
Data  Meas'd Load MW  East Probe 1 % 02  Probe 2 % 02  Probe 3 % 02  Probe 4 % 02  Average % 02  West Probe 5 % 02  Probe 6 % 02  Probe 7 % 02  Average % 02  Average % 02  Average % 02	Unit 1 Unit 2 951.25 904.25 1.73 2.80 2.62 3.17 2.36 3.27 3.40 2.57 2.60 2.88 2.18 3.07 2.33 4.81 2.58 3.60 2.16 3.28 2.39 3.21	Pulv A 65. A 67. % 12.7 13.4 Pulv B 75. B 86. Inlets Pulv C 65 C 64. SW 99. 99. Pulv D 76. D 68. SE 99. 99. Pulv E 75. E 19. NW 98. 98. Pulv F 66 F 66. NE 99. 99. Pulv G 10. G 67. 1/3 Pulv H 70 H 66. SW 96. 97. SE 99. 99. Coal Bias U1 U2 NW 90. 90. A Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ O2 Out Average% O2 Econ O2 Out Setpoin% O2 O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air % Coal Flow TPH # of Pulv In-service Main Steam Pressure Stack NOx PPM Scrubber NOx PPM Stack Converted NOxLB/MBTU	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SE 97. 97. E Pulv 0.0 0.0  NW 98. 98. F Pulv 0.0 -2.1  NE 99. 99. G Pulv 0.0 0.0  Flow H Pulv 0.0 0.0  SW 234. 231. PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2  SE 220. 216. A Pulv 3.5 0.0  NW 253. 257. B Pulv 0.0 0.0  NE 238. 233. C Pulv 2.9 5.7
Target NOx LB/MBTU Scrubber Inlet SO2 PPM PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Pos Bac MS/RH Temps 1008.1/1	465.0 433.5 dI/30. 98./38.	E Pulv 3.8 0.0 F Pulv 3.0 9.0 G Pulv 0.1 0.0

EndTim= 16-Apr-04 13:50:04 /EvalTim= 16-Apr-04 13:50:04 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UNIT10P O Messages O2 Data O2 U	– 16-Apr-O∠ Jnit Comparisons	13: 53: 18 16-Apr-04 13: 53: 18
Data  Meas'd Load MW  East Probe 1 % 02  Probe 2 % 02  Probe 3 % 02  Probe 4 % 02  Average % 02  West Probe 5 % 02  Probe 6 % 02  Probe 7 % 02  Average % 02  Average % 02  Average % 02	Unit 1 Unit 2 951.25 901.00 2.00 3.42 2.54 3.85 2.48 3.45 2.41 2.64 2.53 3.68 2.20 4.14 2.40 3.24	Pulv A 70 A 67.  13.0 13.0 Pulv B 73. B 85.  Inlets Pulv C 70. C 64.  SW 99. 99. Pulv D 73. D 68.  SE 99. 99. Pulv E 73. E 19.  NW 98. 98. Pulv F 70. F 66.  NE 99. 99. Pulv G 10. G 67.  NE 99. 99. Pulv H 70. H 67.  SW 96. 97.  SE 99. 99. Coal Bias U1 U2  NW 90. 90. A Pulv 0.0 0.0
Econ O2 Out Average% O2 Econ O2 Out Setpoin% O2 O2 Trim Setpoint Total Air %	2.46 3.36 3.09 3.16 41.7 59.3 (81.5) 77.3	SW 97. 97. D Pulv 0.0 0.0 SE 97. 97. E Pulv 0.0 0.0 NW 98. 98. F Pulv 0.0 -2.1
Coal Flow TPH # of Pulv In-service Main Steam Pressure Stack NOx PPM Scrubber NOx PPM Stack Converted NOxLB/MBTU Target NOx LB/MBTU Scrubber Inlet SO2 PPM PSH/RH Bias Dmpr Pos Bac MS/RH Temps 1008.6/1	368.7 343.0 7. 7 2397.0 2229.6 245. 182 260. 200 0.413 0.312 0.392 0.380 462.8 433.5	Flow Fulv 0.0 0.0 5.0 SW 225. 231. PA Bias Unit 1 Unit 2 SE 220. 216. A Pulv 3.5 0.0 NW 263. 257. B Pulv 0.0 0.0 NE 238. 233. C Pulv 2.9 5.7 946. 937. D Pulv 0.0 0.0 E Pulv 3.8 0.0 F Pulv 3.0 9.0 G Pulv 0.1 0.0

EndTim= 16-Apr-04 13:53:18 /EvalTim= 16-Apr-04 13:53:18 /PanRate= 0



EndTim= 16-Apr-04 13:54:53 /EvalTim= 16-Apr-04 13:54:53 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UNIT10P - 16-Apr-04 13: 54: 53

Printed out for: UNIT10P - 16-Apr-04 14:01:15

0 Messages U1 Pulv 2 Unit 1 Pulv data 16-Apr-04 14:01:15

Unit 1 950.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Pulv Status	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON
Feeder Speed	76.6	75.2	76.9	75.9	74.6	77.0	Calc	78.6
Amps	55.0	61.0	62.4	63.2	58.0	48.5	0.0	58.5
Stator Temp (C)	97.4	93.4	127.	113.	107.	71.4	25.1	116.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	159.	161.	176.	156.	160.	147.	79.5	135.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	125.	142.	149.	137.	150.	138.	78.7	146.
Rotating Throat			Tech		BPI		Alstom	B&W
Backplate Ave T	951	839.	874.	959.	966.	897.	1063.	946.
SA Damper Pos	65.2	69.8	64.9	69.9	69.9	65 . 1	10.0	65 . 1
SA Windbox Press	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.0	0.8
Coal Pipe Ave T	634.	619.	526.	635.	642.	637.	774.	621.

EndTim= 16-Apr-04 14:01:15 /EvalTim= 16-Apr-04 14:01:15 /PanRate= 0

0 Me	ssages O2 Data	02 Ui	nit Compari	.sons		16-Apr-04 14	: 33: 06
Data Meas' East West	d Load Probe 1 Probe 2 Probe 3 Probe 4 Average Probe 5 Probe 6 Probe 7 Probe 8	MW % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 02 % 0	Unit 1 951.25 1.81 2.47 2.43 3.20 2.52 2.33 2.41 2.29 1.91	Unit 2 902.25 2.49 3.10 2.71 0.94 2.10 2.19 4.21 3.86 3.86	% 12.9 Inlets SW 99. SE 99. NW 98. NE 99. 1/3 SW 96. SE 99.	Pulv A 60 A 13.3 Pulv B 73. B Pulv C 60 C 99. Pulv D 73. D 99. Pulv E 73. E 98. Pulv F 60 F 99. Pulv G 10. G Pulv H 60. H 97. 99. Coal Bias U1	Mit 2 84. 29. 83. 86. 19. 82. 84. 84. U2 0.0
Econ 02 Tr Total Coal		16 02 TPH	2.25 2.40 3.08 41.7 81.3 370.0	3.16 2.67 3.16 59.1 78.3 344.9	NW 90. NE 99. 2/3 SW 97. SE 97. NW 98. NE 99. Flow	99. B Pulv 0.0 C Pulv 0.0 97. D Pulv 0.0 97. E Pulv 0.0	0.0 0.0 -4.0 0.0 0.0 -4.2 0.0 0.0
Main Stack Scrub Stack Targe Scrub PSH/F	Pulv In-service Steam Pressure NOx ber NOx Converted NOx t NOx ber Inlet SO2 H Bias Dmpr Po	PPM PPM LB/MBTU LB/MBTU PPM Bad	I/ 45. 98		SW 231. SE 226. NW 263. NE 241.	216. A Pulv 2.7 257. B Pulv 0.0 233. C Pulv 2.9	0.0 0.0 5.7 0.0 0.0 9.0 0.0

EndTim= 16-Apr-04 14:33:06 /EvalTim= 16-Apr-04 14:33:06 /PanRate= 0

- 16-Apr-04 14:33:06

Printed out for: UNIT10P

Printed out for: UNIT10P - 16-Apr-04 14: 33: 19

O Messages U1 Pulv 2 Unit 1 Pulv data

16-Apr-04 14: 33: 19

Unit 1 952.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Pulv Status	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON
Feeder Speed	76.8	80.0	77.8	77.8	76.7	75.3	Calc	77.4
Amps	55.0	57.7	68.2	66.4	57.9	46.7	0.0	61.0
Stator Temp (C)	97.4	93.6	127.	114.	107.	71.4	25.1	116.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	159.	161.	177.	156.	161.	147.	79.5	135.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	125.	142.	149.	137.	151.	138.	78.7	146.
Rotating Throat			Tech		BPI		Alstom	B&W
Backplate Ave T	945.	832.	874.	953.	960.	896.	1051.	943.
SA Damper Pos	60.0	74.1	60.0	74.0	74.2	60.0	10.0	60.1
SA Windbox Press	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.8	1.9	1.8	0.0	0.9
Coal Pipe Ave T	630.	618.	523.	632.	639.	634.	769.	617.

EndTim= 16-Apr-04 14: 33: 19 /EvalTim= 16-Apr-04 14: 33: 19 /PanRate= 0

4	16-Apr-04 14: 45: 34	U2 SA DamperUnit 1 Unit 2	ulv (A 60) A 5	0)12.8 Pulv <u>B</u> 76. B 56.	ulv (c 60) c 5	9. Pulv D 76. D 6	ulv E 76. E 1	8. Pulv (F 60) F 5	9. Pulv <u>G 10</u> . G 5	'u]v (H 60) H 5	7	al Bias U1     U2	0. A Pulv 0.0 0.	g B Pulv 0.0	C Pulv 0.0 -4.	7.0	Pulv 0.0 0.	8 F Pulv 0.0 -5.	g G Pulv 0.0 0.	H Pulv 0.0 0.	10	JI.FA DIAS UNIC I UNIC	16. A Pulv 2./ 0.	Pulv 0.0 4.	33. C Pulv 2.9 5.	Pulv 0.0 4.	. E Pulv 3.8 0.	Pulv 3.0 9.	G Pulv 0.1 0.0	Pulv 2.4 0.	
14: 45: 3		01	OFA	% 13.(	اها	<b>⊙</b>				1/3	ത	SE 99	ത	σ	, ہر	SW 97		ത	ത	ו ער	֓֞֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֓֓֓֓֓֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	n ( v ( ≥ t	П Л Л	N	E 25	995	) }			4	, v
6-Apr	150NS	it	G	2.83		ت	<u>ں</u>	œ.	7 .	<u>ი</u>	т. С	ď			2.94		თ	78.9	Ц	343.U	\	Ω	9	188.	٨	37.	478 G	. (	98./ 76.	19.5/1010.	
I (	Unit Compa	Unit 1	ď	2.64	0.	9.	т. С	<u>ი</u>	വ	•	Ŋ	٠	Ŋ		2.73	0.	4	83.6			\	2395.8	246.	. 566	/.a	•	) () ()	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	JI/ 60.	0/1004.7 103	: - - -
NIT10P	ata UZ L		Σ	0	0	0	% 05	0	0	0	0		0		O	oin& O			Ē		Н	sure	PpM	M d d	NOX B/MBTU	I B/MBTII	MAD VOS		Pos Bad	1005.0/1	
nted out for:	U Messages UZ D	Data	Meas'd Load	ഗ		Probe 3		Average	West Probe 5		Probe 7	Probe 8	Average	)	C O	con 02 Out Setp	02 Trim Setpoint	otal Air %		Oal Flow	of Pulv In-se	m Pres	Stack NOx	crubb	ark Converted	CON CONTROL	cribher Inlet (		PSH/RH Bias Ompr	MS/RH Temps	

EndTim= 16-Apr-04 14:45:34 /EvalTim= 16-Apr-04 14:45:34 /PanRate=

- 16-Apr-04 14: 45: 45 Printed out for: UNIT10P

Unit 1 Pulv data Pulv 2 0 Messages U1

16-Apr-04 14: 45: 45

Unit 1 949.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Pulv Status	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	NO	0FF	NO
Feeder Speed	76.4	78.8	76.1	80.4	78.5	7.97	Calc	78.3
Amps	53.2	60.2	65.5	64.9	2.09	47.7	0.0	56.9
Stator Temp (C)	97.6	93.8	128.	114.	107.	71.6	25.1	116.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	159.	161.	177.	156.	161.	148.	80.1	136.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	126.	143.	150.	138.	151.	139.	79.2	146.
Rotating Throat			Tech		BPI		Alstom	В&М
Backplate Ave T	940.	826.	. 868	945.	954.	. 068	1049.	935.
SA Damper Pos	0.09	7.37	0.09	75.9	8.87	0.09	10.0	60.1
(SA Windbox Press	1.9	2.1	1.4	2.1	2.1	5.0	0.0	1.0
Coal Pipe Ave T	627.	615.	520.	629.	636.	. 089	. 292	614.

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Measy of Load   Min   948.75   904.50	Printed out for: UN 0 Messages O2 Dat	IT10P a 02	– 1 Unit Compa	6-Apr-04 risons	15: 12: 58	2/3 (loxd 16-A	16-Apr-04 19	ئىر 5: 12: 58
Load   MW   948.75   901.16   OFA	(1 +			+ 	•	\ \ \ \	-	<u>.</u>
Probe 1 % 02 1.72 3.10 % 9.4 13.9 Pully & b0 A /2.  Probe 3 % 02 3.21 SW 99. 99. Pully & 6 74. B 41.  Probe 4 % 02 2.95 S.67 NW 98. 99. Pully & 6 74. B 19.  Probe 5 % 02 3.17 1.97 SE 99. 99. Pully & 6 74. B 19.  Probe 6 % 02 3.17 1.94 NE 99. 99. Pully & 6 74. B 19.  Probe 7 % 02 3.16 A.16 A.16 A.16 A.16 A.16 A.16 A.16 A	ן ה ה ס	7.17.4	۱ ۲	آ ر ۲		R SA Dampe		ן ר
Probe 1 % 02 1.72 3.10 % (9.4)13.9 Pulv B 74. B 41. Probe 2 % 02 2.39 3.14 Inlets Pulv C 60. C 69. Probe 3 % 02 2.39 3.14 Inlets Pulv C 60. C 69. Probe 4 % 02 2.95 2.67 NW 98. 98. Pulv E 74. D 74. D 74. Probe 5 % 02 3.17 1.94 NE 99. 99. Pulv E 74. D 74. D 74. Probe 5 % 02 3.17 1.94 NE 99. 99. Pulv E 74. D 75. D 74. D	98. d	<b>3</b>	ν. α	<b>2</b> Մ	᠘	)   	60	
Probe 2         % 02         2.39         3.14         Inlets         Pulv (C 60)         C 60)         C 60           Probe 3         % 02         3.21         3.21         SW 99         99         Pulv (D 74)         74           Probe 5         % 02         2.35         2.67         NW 98         99         Pulv (E 60)         F 67           Probe 5         % 02         3.17         1.94         NE 99         99         Pulv (E 60)         F 67           Probe 7         % 02         3.16         4.16         1/3         Pulv (E 60)         H 72           Probe 7         % 02         3.10         3.59         SW 96         97         Pulv (H 60)         H 72           Probe 7         % 02         3.47         3.28         SE 99         99         Pulv (H 60)         H 72           Average         % 02         3.47         3.28         SE 99         99         Pulv (H 60)         H 72           Average         % 02         3.47         3.28         SE 99         99         Pulv (H 60)         H 72           Average         % 02         3.49         3.40         90         Pulv (H 60)         H 72           Average         %	ast Prob	0	. 7	₹.	(9.4)	3.9 Pulv	74.	$\overline{}$
Probe 3         % 02         3.21         3.21         SW 99         99         Pulv         74         76           Probe 4         % 02         4.20         1.97         SE 99         99         Pulv         E 74         E 19           Average         % 02         3.17         1.94         NE 99         99         Pulv         E 74         E 19           Probe 5         % 02         3.16         4.16         1/3         Pulv         E 60         F 67           Probe 8         % 02         3.47         3.28         SE 99         99         Pulv         E 77           Probe 8         % 02         3.47         3.28         SE 99         99         Pulv         E 77           Probe 8         % 02         3.47         3.28         SE 99         99         Pulv         H 60         H 72           Probe 8         % 02         3.22         2.76         NW 90         90         A Pulv         0 </td <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>ω.</td> <td>. 1</td> <td>nlet</td> <td>ulv Ç</td> <td>60.</td> <td>σ</td>		0	ω.	. 1	nlet	ulv Ç	60.	σ
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16-Apr-04 15: 13: 03 Unit 1 Pulv data UNIT 10P O Messages U1 Pulv 2 Printed out for:

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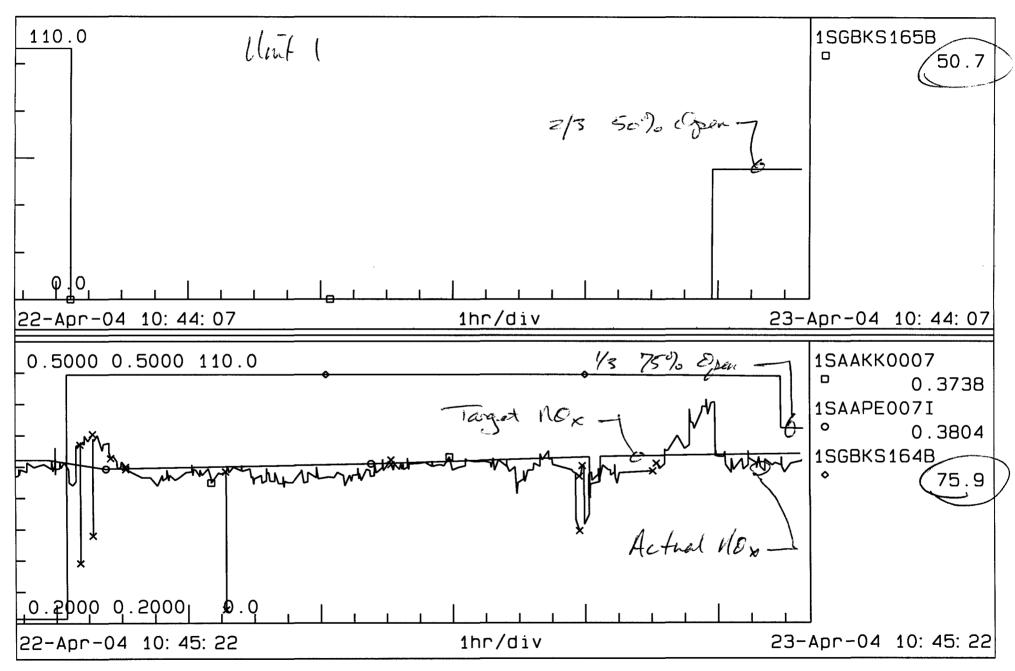
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3rd row I 925 60.1 ω. 116. 136. 147. 1.2 0 Rear BSW 613. Pulv <u>N</u> 78. 58 ∑ O ∑ Alstom G 1034. Rear 25.1 10.0 Calc 80.1 <u>ں</u> 0 0 OFF Pulv 756 1st 79 0 0 J O W ய Front 71.6 881 60.09 ო 2.4 S 148 139 630 48 Pulv 2nd NO 76. 4th row Ш Front 942. 73.8 76.8 60.7 2. 4 108. BPI 635 161 151 Pulv **N**O 4th row Rear 77.8 933 62.7 σ Ŋ 157. 114. 138 628 Pulv 80 73. S ر 20 30 ပ 856. Tech 60.09 1.8 150. Rear ഥ 128. 178. S Pulv 521 N O 2nd 76 65 N N  $\mathbf{\omega}$ Front 79.4 94.2 821 73.7 2.4 σ 162. Pulv 143 614 NO 56. 1st 3rd row ⋖ Front 935 98.0 60.09 76.0 55.0 ი ო 160. Pu]v 126 627 ON 948.8 MW Press Temp-IB Temp-0B Burner Location Throat 9 Ave Pos Ave Speed Temp Status Windbox Pipe SA Damper Backplate Rotating Brg Brg eeder Stator Unit Pu]v Amps Coal Mtr Mtr SA

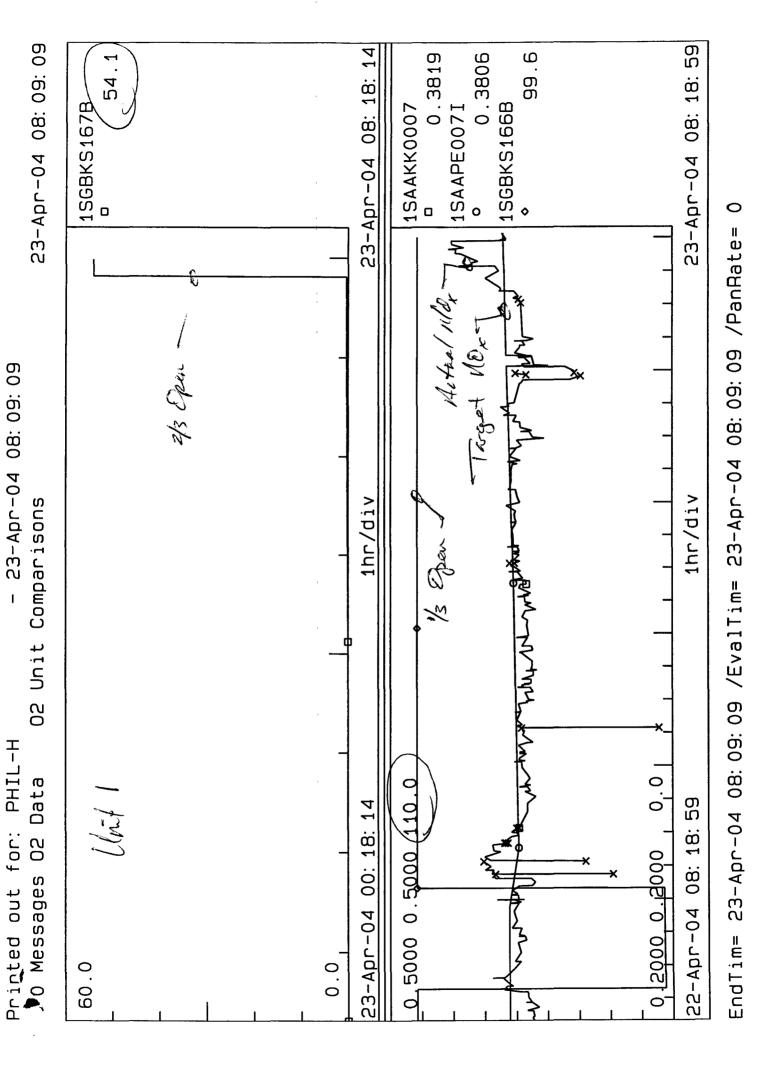
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Messages O2 Data
O2 Unit Comparisons

23-Apr-04 10: 35: 37



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I knew I would forget something. When the outlet temperature setpoint is raised, the standards allow the higher outlet temperature to "correct" the primary air flow by reducing the mass flow. For the difference in 150  $^{0}$ F to 175  $^{0}$ F, the required primary air flow is reduced by some 7.8%, which may be appealing to the plant.

Sorry about the omission.

My initial review of the recent performance of 1G mill is as follows:

- 1. In February 2004, the customer sent us operating data on the mills for the purpose of sizing the rotating throat. At that time, we noted that the data showed the primary air flow to be 2.7% below the required value at 50 TPH of 40 HGI coal flow, which was noted as the lowest grindability range. We recommended to them to raise the primary air flow at given coal flows to provide adequate primary air flow.
- From their August 3 2004 data, it appears as if the primary air flow is still lower than required, but better than 2. the values listed in February. The August 3<sup>rd</sup> 80.3 % feeder speed (54.2 TPH) load point shown for 1G mill at 0800 hours shows the primary air flow to be 3637 lb/min. This value is only 1% below the required primary air flow for an assumed 40 HGI coal flow of 54.2 TPH. Their graphical view of the 0800 hours 1G mill performance showed that the mill differential was stable but higher than expected. This higher mill differential is partially due to the lower than required primary air flow, no inlet conditioning (no inlet cones on the rotating throat), and inadequate roll wheel loading pressure. Note that the mill inlet temperature is only 310  $^{0}\mathrm{F}$  with a mill outlet setpoint of 150 <sup>0</sup>F. This means that there is a large amount of tempering air being used to reduce the available primary air heater outlet temperature to the mill inlet temperature as shown. In many instances, this ends up forcing the majority of the primary air flow demand through the tempering air duct, which is smaller than the hot air duct. There is no current operating data that shows what position the tempering air and hot air dampers are in, but chances are the tempering air damper is a lot further open than the hot air damper. Putting the majority of air flow through the tempering air duct can cause restrictions in flow for the given primary air static pressure. (Incidentally, based on an assumed 40 HGI coal with 54.2 TPH through put and assumed 70% fineness, the existing B&W 89G would be operating at 99.2 % of its capability at this coal flow). Furthermore, for this high output ratio, we require the roll wheel loading to essentially be 100%, or 2394 psig (the system was originally designed to provide 2400 psig hydraulic pressure, equating to approximately 28 tons per roll wheel loading pressure). As seen from the data, the loading pressure feedback is 2137 psig, which is approximately 11% lower than desired. As a side note, current standard variable loading systems are designed to provide 3000 psig hydraulic loading pressure, equating to 35 tons per roll wheel loading.
- 3. During the pulverizer upgrade discussions with BWSC Projects in 1998, we recommended that the original hydraulic pump (and possibly the motor) be replaced to deliver the higher loading. Since the mills are being operated at very high corrected coal flows, this higher roll wheel loading capability is once again recommended.

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- 4. We have previously shown during our 1998 tests that primary air duct pressure setpoint has a dramatic affect on the primary air system delivery, and on mill differential. During these 1998 tests on mill 2H, we raised the duct pressure from 45.7" w.c. to 48.2" w.c. while maintaining a constant 70% feeder speed on mill 2H. The 2H primary air flow damper decreased from 83.6% open to 79.6% open, and 2H mill differential dropped from 23.5 " w.c. to 20.5 " w.c.. Therefore, raising the duct pressure to allow adequate primary air flow is very important, especially since a lot of the primary air is going through the smaller tempering air duct.
- 5. In relation to the apparent very low coal moisture requiring very large amounts of tempering air, it would benefit the plant if they raised the mill outlet temperature setpoint to either 170 or 175 <sup>0</sup>F to reduce the amount of required tempering air and capture back some of the damper position. This also increases unit efficiency, since more hot air is being used from the air heater, and would reduce the strain on the primary air delivery system by allowing more air to flow through the larger hot air ducts.
- 6. The graphical data shown for mill 1G from 80% to 85% feeder speed shows that for that increase in feeder speed, there was a corresponding increase in primary air flow and mill differential, with all parameters appearing to be stable. For a 40 HGl coal flow and 70% fineness, the mill would be operating at 105.5 % of its possible capacity.
- 7. The graphical data shown for mill 1G from 85% to 90% feeder speed shows that for that increase in feeder speed, there was a corresponding decrease in primary air flow. This is an obvious indication that for those conditions of primary air delivery pressure, percentage of tempering and hot air, and system resistance, the primary air delivery and hydraulic loading pressure to 1G mill was inadequate. Both of these deficiencies have a detrimental effect on mill differential and stability. I took the liberty of trying to proportion the graphical primary air flow for the 90% feeder speed from other control room data, and came up with a primary air flow of somewhere around 3540 lb/min, which is approximately 10% deficient for this coal flow with an assumed 40 HGI value. Even with this air flow and loading pressure deficiency, the mill differential was stable (but higher than expected), possibly indicating a preliminary condition of starvation and subsequent choking. For this 90 % feeder speed, the mill would be operating at 111.5% of its possible capacity if the raw feed is 40 HGI.
- 8. The graphical data shown for mill 1G from 90% to 95% feeder speed shows that for that additional increase in feeder speed, there was a large decrease in primary air flow, with values reaching as low as 3252 lb/min, which is approximately 20% below the required primary air flow. Once again, if we assume the 40 HGl coal at this flow, the mill is operating at 118% of 50 HGl coal flow. This serves as a more obvious indication that for the conditions of primary air delivery pressure, percentage of tempering and hot air, and system resistance, the primary air delivery and hydraulic loading pressure to 1G mill was inadequate. Both of these deficiencies have a detrimental effect on mill differential and stability. I agree that for these conditions the mill was in a choking condition, indicative by a large increase in mill differential. The customer does not state whether or not the mill was rejecting at this condition, but if it wasn't, I would expect that eventually it may have started if the mill differential would not eventually stabilize.
- 9. I also agree that the mill differential was much higher than expected. However, inadequate primary air delivery pressure and/or flow, inadequate loading pressure, high perceived mill output ratios and the absence of inlet conditioning entering the throat will all contribute to this high mill differential. Next week, we should learn what the fineness was on the mill to give us an indication of how much circulating load there may be in the mill, which also affects total mill differential.
- 10. It would also be nice to look at clean air data to see if there is anything apparently wrong with the clean air side of total mill differential, but for now I guess I can live without it, since there are numerous parametric deficiencies as shown in the operating data.
- 11. Furthermore, we may ask the customer to run comparison tests on adjacent mills while set up with the same air to fuel ratio, loading pressure, coal throughput, and classifier position. Obviously, any indication of mill rejects would skew this set up, and would make the comparison test coal flow be lower to simulate no rejects on the compared mills.
- 12. My review of our 1998 testing showed that with low speed on the primary air fans, we were capable of

delivering 48" of PA duct pressure. It would be interesting to know the mill performance when the tests from 0800 hours to 1326 hours are repeated, but starting out with the higher PA duct pressure.

To summarize, we agree that the mill differential is higher than expected. Certainly, some of this excessive pressure drop is the result of inadequate primary air delivery/flow, hydraulic loading pressure, and the lack of inlet cones at the inlet to the rotating throat. However, clean air conditions, operating positions of the hot and cold dampers, raw coal quality and product fineness all have an affect on operating mill differential. In any event, immediate improvements could be seen from raising the mill outlet temperature setpoint, hydraulic loading pressure, and the primary air duct pressure setpoint. Side by side testing of adjacent mills with identical air to fuel ratios, loading pressure, raw feed, raw coal quality, rejects and fineness will be the best comparison for how well the mill is performing.

Please advise if anyone has any questions or additions.

Last week you asked if we had heard whether this customer had completed the installation of the Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat assembly supplied on B&W Order BA9077415. And if the throat installation was complete, you asked if we had heard anything with regards to its performance.

Yesterday I received a call from Alan Dewsnup advising that the throat had been in operation in Unit #1 G Mill for approximately 2 weeks. He said that from a maintenance standpoint, he was very pleased with the way the throat was installed, as well as with the finished product. Unfortunately, the plant personnel more concerned with performance are somewhat disappointed with our throat. He indicated that pulverizer pressure drop was excessive, and that when feeder speed was increased to 95%, the mill began to choke. He didn't have any other specifics. Alan asked if the port area of our throat was the largest we had available. I advised that the supplied throat is referred to as our "Large" port throat, and that an designed. He asked that I call Phil Hailes to obtain more specifics. Large 5.2ff

I conveyed the above info to Dan

X-large 5.75ff "Extra Large" port throat having an approximate 10% larger port area has been

In the meantime I received the following note from Phil Hailes advising that with a PA supply duct pressure of 44 in. wc., Unit #1 G Mill pressure drop was 19 in. wc. @ 75% feeder speed and 25 in. wc. at 90% feeder speed.

Last evening Dan Menster and I called Phil Hailes to obtain additional info.

Phil advised that at around 7 - 80% feeder speed, G mill pressure drop was higher than all other mills on Unit #1 operating at approximately the same feeder speed. He indicated that when feeder speed was increased to around 90%, G mill pressure drop was comparable to the pressure drop of the other mills operating at the same feeder speed. The customer thought it was odd that the pressure drop in G mill did NOT increase as much as it did in the other mills when feeder speed was increased from 75% to 90%. He then indicated that at 95% feeder speed, G mill began to choke as evidenced by the increase in mill pressure drop and the decrease in air flow. The customer indicated that he did not have any fineness info for G mill to pass along at this time.

The customer is wondering if a larger port throat would reduce pressure drop. In fact, the customer is wondering that knowing what we know now, based on what we were told during the phone conversation, would we supply a larger port throat using the same customer supplied operating data that was originally used to determine the supplied port area.

The customer did say that they encountered a choking problem with a Techinomics

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rotating throat around 85% feeder speed. An increase in port area of approximately 10% with the competitor's throat had a positive effect with regards to choking, the customer now wonders if increasing the port area of our throat would reduce pressure drop at 75% feeder speed, as well as allow him to operate the mill at 95% feeder speed without choking.

After Dan & I talked to the customer, the customer forwarded the attached "snap shot" of operating data for the Unit #1 mills while operating with a PA duct supply pressure of 44 in. wc. The data does indicate that the Cast Low Pressure Drop throat in G mill is operating at 19.5 in. wc. At 80% feeder speed, or 4 in. wc. higher than H mill in which is installed our weldment design rotating throat with a CW vane orientation. H mill is running with approximately 7% higher air flow than that of G mill.

One thing I noticed is that C, E, F & H mill all operate at 99% air flow at 80% feeder speed, while mills A, B & G mill operate at 91 - 92% feeder speed. I would suspect that mill C, E, F & H would increase in mill pressure drop at a faster rate going from 80 - 90% feeder speed than would mill A, B & G since there would be no increase in air flow in these mills from that which exists at 80% coal flow.

I know that this plant tends to operate with a marginal PA duct supply pressure. If I recall correctly, a mill that had been choking, ceased choking just by increasing the supply duct pressure. This was something that was pointed out to the customer during tests that were performed by Pulverizer Design several years ago.

H mill is operating with any where from 8F - 30F higher inlet air temperature than the other mills which would indicate that it is being operated with less air flow than the other mills.

The H mill motor amps is lower than that which exists in the other mills. I would think that this would be due in part to the likelihood that the mill was overhauled with new grinding elements when the throat was installed.

The customer advised that he will have fineness figures available this coming Monday. He also said that he would like to have further discussions with us early next week, Monday if possible, regarding the higher than expected pressure drop.

I would appreciate it if you would review the customer supplied data.

As you know, this particular throat assembly was supplied without inlet cones. I know you didn't agree with my recommendation to eliminate the inlet cones from the standard throat offering. If we have to go back and supply inlet cones, we will do so. But if I am not mistaken, the feeling was that eliminating the cones might result in an increase in pressure drop of 1-2 in. wc., and since the Intermountain mills have large volume primary air chambers, the effect of eliminating the cones may not be that noticeable.

Can you think of any reasons why the pressure drop with our Cast Low Pressure Drop throat seems to be as high as indicated?

I have some data from a test that we ran on the B&W rotating throat

that was recently installed in one of our mills. On Monday, when I

return and we have some additional fineness data, I would like to fax a sampling of the data to you for comment.

The significant issue that I would like to discuss is the relatively high level of Diff Press that is being measured (approx 19" WC @ 75% Feeder Speed and rises to 25" WC @ 90% feeder speed and 44" WC of duct pressure).

This leads to my question as to whether B&W would consider our performance levels to be representative of your throats, or if you would recommend a different size/design of throat.

Again, I'll forward some data to you on Monday.

## 16 B; W Roth My Throat

- 04-Aug-04 15:32:28 Ul Pulv Operating data Printed out for: PHIL-H O Messages U1 Pulv

04-Aug-04 15:32:28

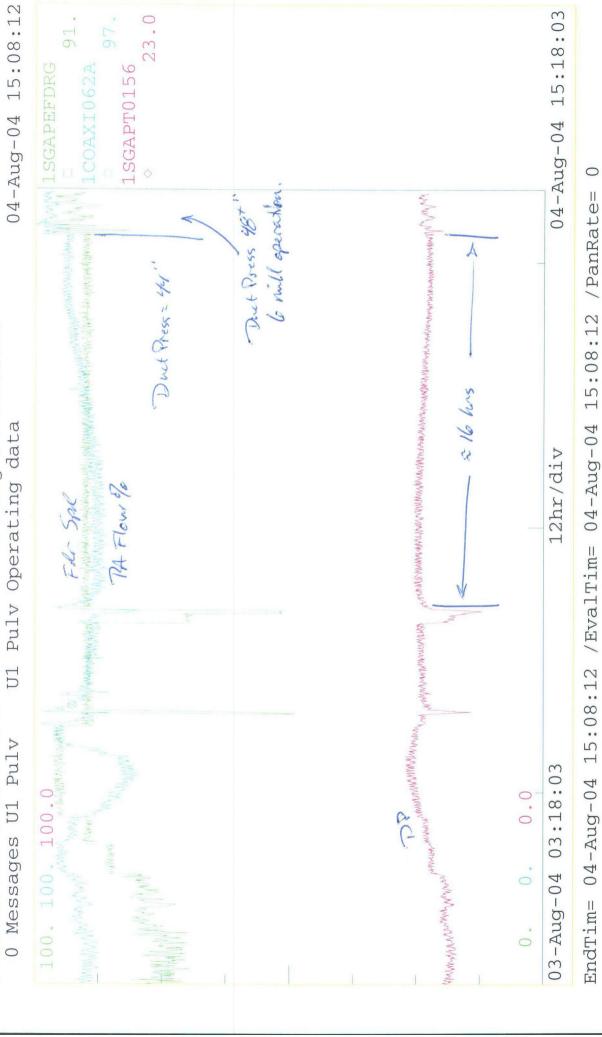
Unit 1 941.5 MW Pulv	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow358.2TPH	53.2	55.4	39.7	0.0	53.7	51.9	53.7	51.7
Feeder Speed	77.3	80.8	58.1	0.0	78.6	75.1	(80.6)	9.97
Amps (Duct pr47.6)	60.5	65.4	56.5	0.0	0.69	52.5	48.9	68.5
Coal Pipe Vel	4288.	4002.	3637.	5.	4360.	4414.	4025.	4328.
PA Flow %	96.1	90.3	87.7	0.1	0.86	6.66	90.3	6.76
PA Damper Pos	81.5	79.4	64.9	0.0	87.6	6.06	79.8	85.0
SA Damper Pos	74.5	74.6	53.1	10.0	74.8	72.9	74.3	67.5
PA Mass Flow	3823.	3565.	3462.	5.	3879.	3927.	3587.	3878.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.35)	18.3	13.7	7.7	0.0	19.5	19.2	(20.1)	18.3
Air to Fuel Ratio	2.18	1.94	2.51	Over	2.18	2.31	1.96	2.22
Pulv Inlet Temp	301.8	318.6	309.8	69.1	292.9	313.1	340.3	350.8
Pulv Outlet Temp	151.1	151.5	142.4	9.66	152.3	151.9	151.3	152.8
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.2	0.0	0.9-
Air Bias	4.8	0.0	7.7	9.9	8.1	11.1	0.1	6.6
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	. 6	2232.	1690.	4.	2127.	4.	2172.	2366.
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	2356.	2400.	1862.	1149.	2352.	2309.	2373.	2305.

EndTim= 04-Aug-04 15:32:28 /EvalTim= 04-Aug-04 15:32:28 /PanRate= 0

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- 04-Aug-04 15:08:12

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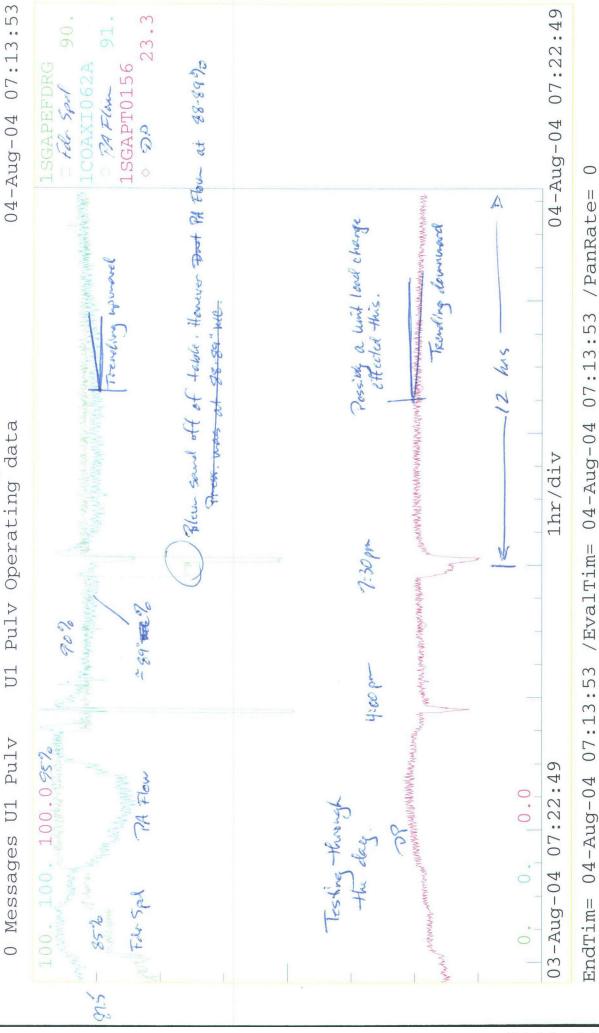
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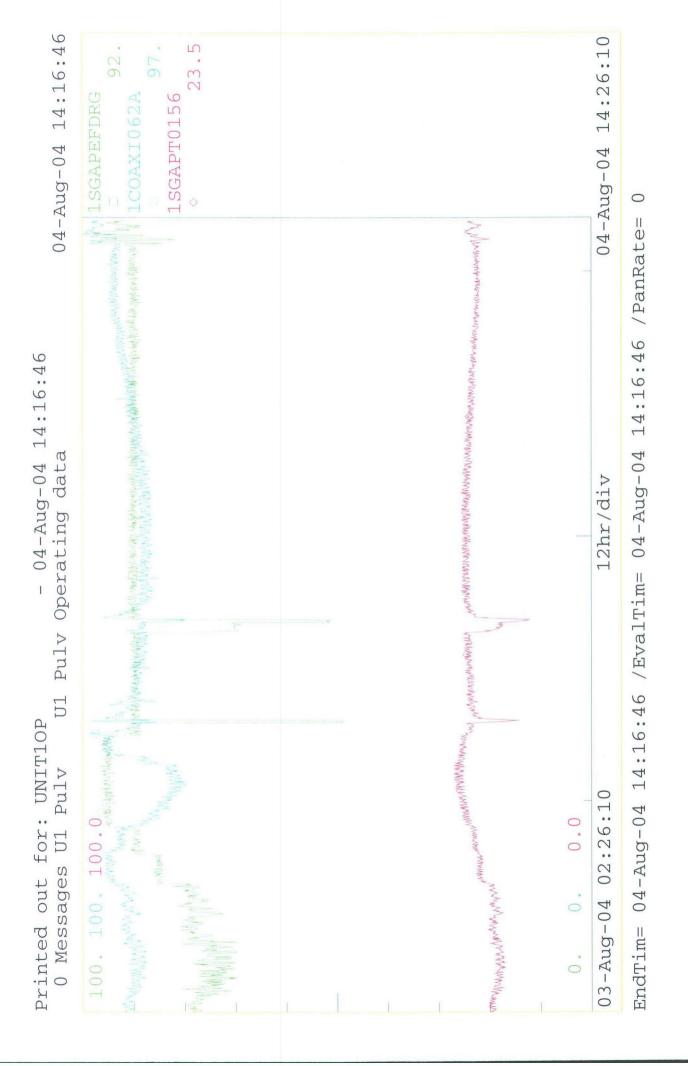
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O Messages U1 Pulv	G .	Ul Pulv (	Operating	ng data		04	04-Aug-04	15:06:50	
Unit 1 940.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H	
Coal Flow369.2TPH	59.4	61.7	0.0	BadI	59.8	57.1	60.1	59.2	
Feeder Speed	88.2	92.8	0 0	Calc	89.9	84.2	(90.1)	88.3	
Amps (Duct pr49.5)	61.9	64.4	0.0	0.0	71.2	55.5	50.5	0.89	
Coal Pipe Vel	4345.	4282.	0	4.	4431.	4322.	4332.	4447.	
PA Flow %	8.8	92.6	0	0	100.	98.7	968	100.	İ
PA Damper Pos	90.1	82.8	0.0	0.0	100.	100.	(87.2	6.66	2.
SA Damper Pos	84.5	84.7	10 0	10.0	84.8	84.6	84.5	79.6	
PA Mass Flow	3898.	3816.	0	4.	3955.	3865.	3867.	3955.	
Pulv DP (Nox 0.36)	21.5	16.6	0.0	0,0	24.2	22.1	(23.1)	22.4	
Air to Fuel Ratio	1.94	1.81	Calc	Calc	1.94	2.03	1.89	1.98	
Pulv Inlet Temp	332.6	328.5	110.4	0.69	322.7	341.1	360.8	371.7	
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.7	151.5	128.8	99.2	150.9	150.9	150.8	152.8	
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.2	0.0	0.9-	
Air Bias	4.8	0.0	7.7	9.9	8.1	11.1	0.1	6.6	
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk		2233.	1004.	4.	2142.	4.	2170.	2345.	
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	2400.	2400.	1149.	1149.	2400.	2400.	2400.	2400.	

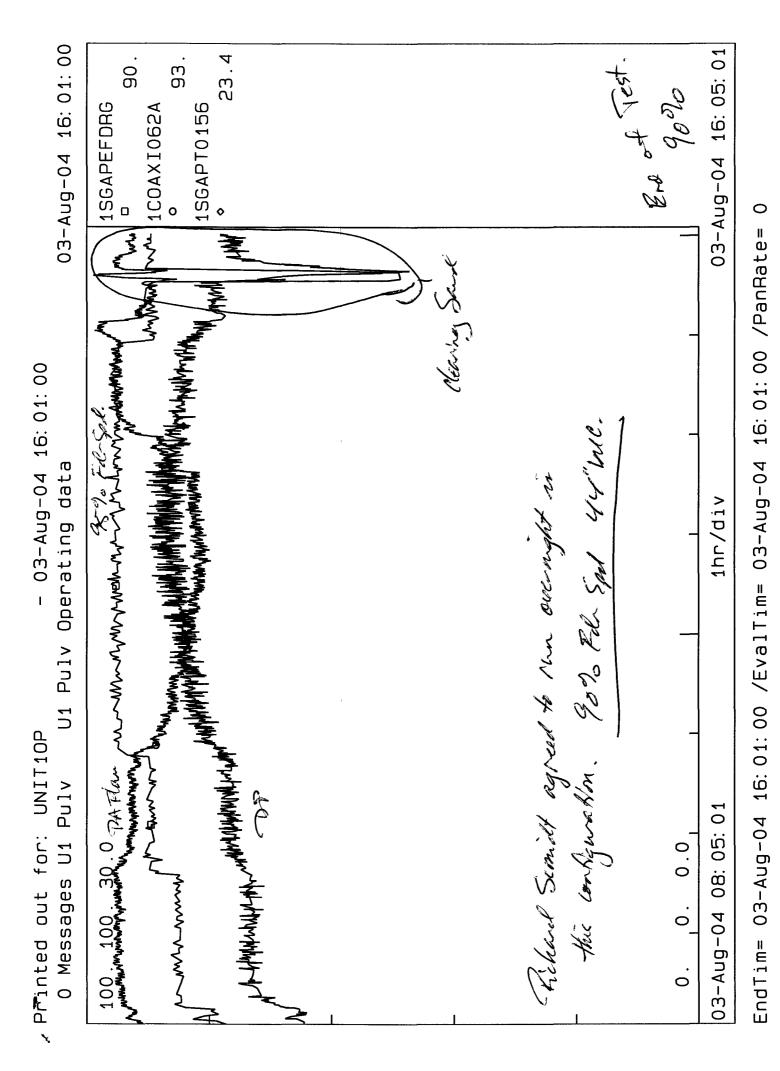
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Printed out for: PHIL-H

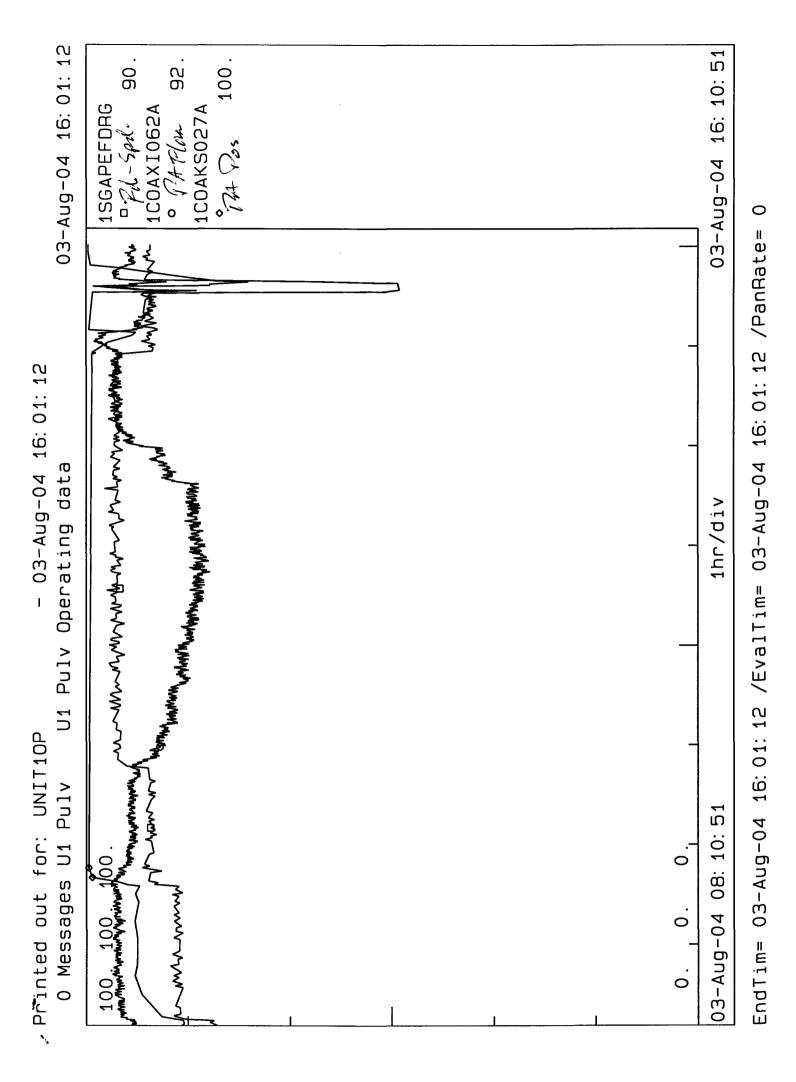




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IP12\_002934

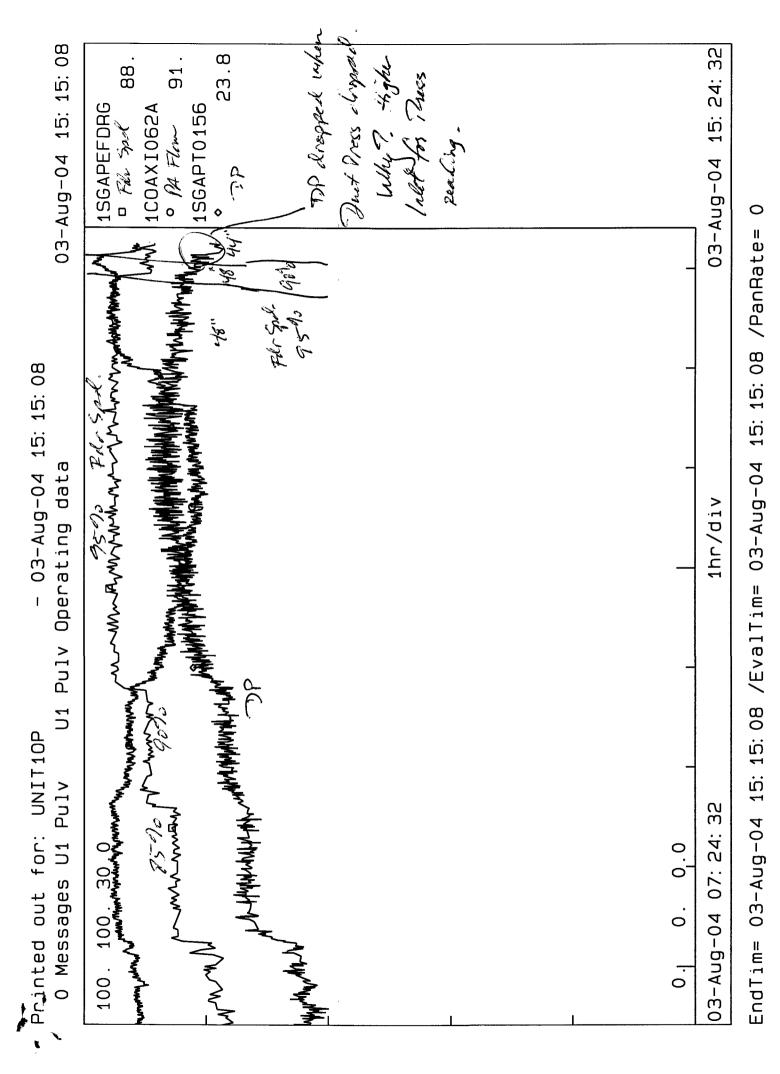


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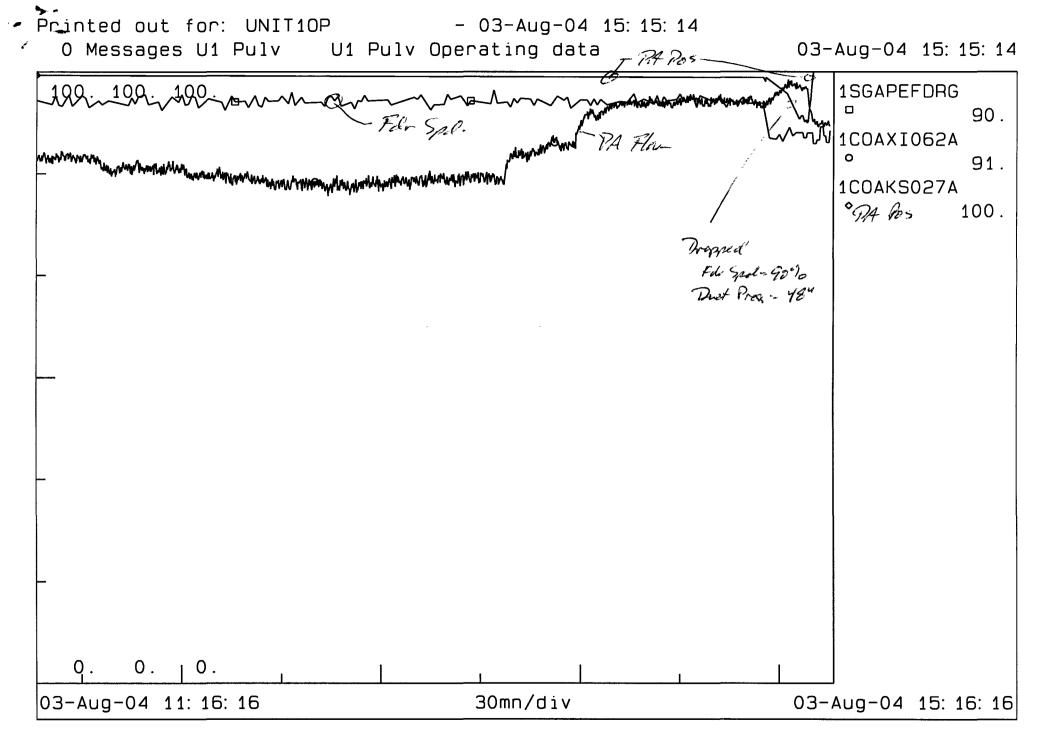
03-Aug-04 16: 01: 30

Unit 1 951.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow374.5TP	H 51.1	53.3	52.6	BadI	52.1	49.4	61.3	52.0
Feeder Speed	75.5	78.0	75.6	Calc	76.2	72.5	89.5	74.9
Amps (Duct Fr44.4)	60.2	70.9	66.5	0.0	64.7	51.2	51.2	68.7
Coal Pipe Vel	4131.	4022.	4324.	4.	4336.	4389.	4076.	4352.
PA Flow %	92.5	90.2	96.8	0.1	97.7	100.	92.1	97.6
PA Damper Pos	83.6	79.8	79.9	1.3	86.3	91.4	99.7	84.4
SA Damper Pos	71.7	71.6	75.2	10.0	72.1	70.3	86.3	67.2
PA Mass Flow	3702.	3579.	3874.	4.	3847.	3942.	3648.	3898.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.36)	16.6	11.5	14.4	0.0	15.5	18.2	23.3	15.2
Air to Fuel Rati	2.16	2.03	2.26	Calc	2.25	2.41	1.80	2.30
Pulv Inlet Temp	293.3	293.3	290.2	125.8	280.9	288.3	321.4	298.8
Pulv Outlet Temp	150 . 1	150.9	150.6	91.8	150.9	150.6	149.4	149.7
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-4.0
Air Bias	4.8	0.0	7.7	6.6	8.1	11.1	0.1	9.3
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	8.	2249.	2259.	2.	2107.	4.	2184.	2225.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2283.	2360.	2351.	1149.	2309.	2202.	2400.	2309.

EndTim= 03-Aug-04 16: 01: 30 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 16: 01: 30 /PanRate= 0



IP12\_002937



EndTim= 03-Aug-04 15: 15: 14 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 15: 15: 14 /PanRate= 0

- Printed out for: UNIT10P - 03-Aug-04 15: 15: 21

O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

03-Aug-04 15: 15: 21

Unit 1 950.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow378.4TPH	51.2	53.4	52.3	BadI	52.0	48.7	61.5	50.6
Feeder Speed	75.9	78.1	77.0	Calc	76.2	71.8	90.3	76.7
Amps (Duct Pr44.5)	57.4	65.2	65.4	0.0	67.9	49.7	53.9	66.4
Coal Pipe Vel	4043.	4065.	4324.	5.	4380.	4404.	4070.	4339.
PA Flow %	91.6	90.5	97.3	0.1	97.6	99.9	91.2	97.6
PA Damper Pos	82.9	79.7	80.1	1.3	86.3	94.2	100.	84.4
SA Damper Pos	70.7	71.0	74.7	10.0	71.4	69.9	86.7	66.5
PA Mass Flow	3630.	3574.	3886.	5.	3860.	3947.	3611.	3879.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.38)	17.0	11.6	15.3	0.0	15.6	17.8	23.4	14.9
Air to Fuel Rati	2.12	2.05	2.23	Calc	2.27	2.42	1.76	2.27
Pulv Inlet Temp	295.4	294.1	311.9	120.5	276.9	292.1	328.2	299.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	148.0	150.6	149.7	89.9	148.9	149.7	148.8	149.4
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-4.0
Air Bias	4.8	0.0	7.7	6.6	8.1	11.1	0.1	9.3
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	7.	2247.	2247.	2.	2118.	4.	2166.	2235.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2262.	2353.	2299.	1149.	2276.	2174.	2400.	2309.

EndTim= 03-Aug-04 15: 15: 21 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 15: 15: 21 /PanRate= 0

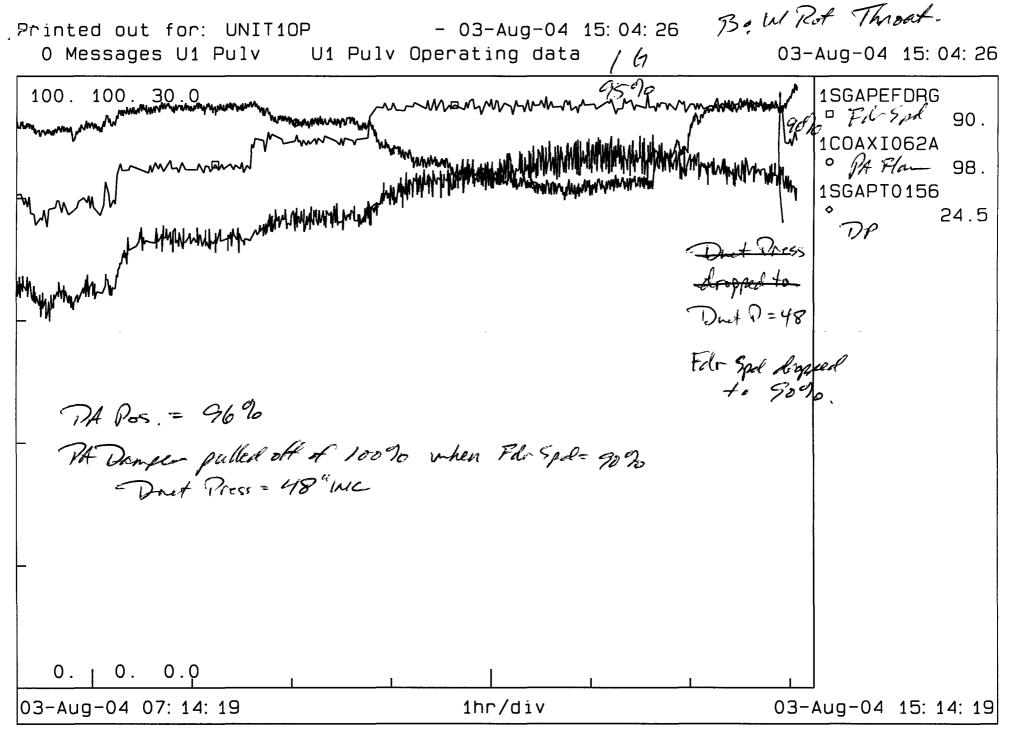
- 03-Aug-04 15: 02: 54 . Printed out for: UNIT1OP O Messages U1 Pulv

U1 Pulv Operating data

03-Aug-04 15: 02: 54

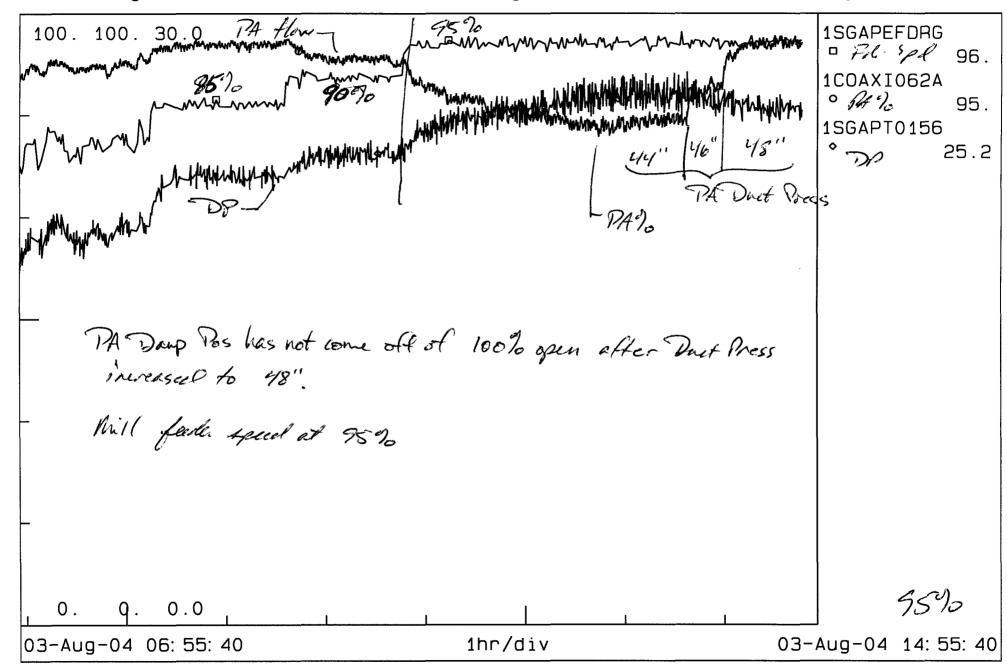
Unit 1 952.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow371.0TPH	4 48.3	50.6	49.7	BadI	49.2	47.1	61.2	49.4
Feeder Speed	73.4	76.2	74.4	Calc	74.1	£.07	(89.4)	73.7
Amps (Duct Pr48.3)	7:85/	68.2	66.4	0.0	68.2	51.9	52.9	65.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4095.	4027.	4331.	. 4	4348.	. 4420	4278.	4334.
PA Flow %	2.56	6.88	96.2	0.1	96.2	2.86	98.2	96.7
PA Damper Pos	2.97	75.5	73.2	1.3	79.4	29.3	(96.1)	78.7
SA Damper Pos	66.4	67.0	70.5	10.0	66.9	65.5	86.3	62.6
PA Mass Flow	. 2998	.3596.	3806.	7	3823.	3914.	3867.	3842.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.37)	17.2	10.6	13.7	0.0	15.0	16.1	24.2	14.8
Air to Fuel Rati	0 2.20	2.08	2.30	Calc	2.30	2.46	1.88	2.32
Pulv Inlet Temp	290.7	291.0	288.6	120.2	276.4	283.6	324.7	298.4
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.4	150.9	150.4	89.3	149.7	150.1	151.5	150.6
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-4.0
Air Bias	4.8	0.0	7.7	6.6	8.1	11.1	0.1	9.3
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	7.	2241.	2273.		2076.	4 .	2178.	2218.
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	t 2175.	2262.	2227.	1149.	2186.	2133.	2400.	2213.

0 EndTim= 03-Aug-04 15: 02: 54 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 15: 02: 54 /PanRate=



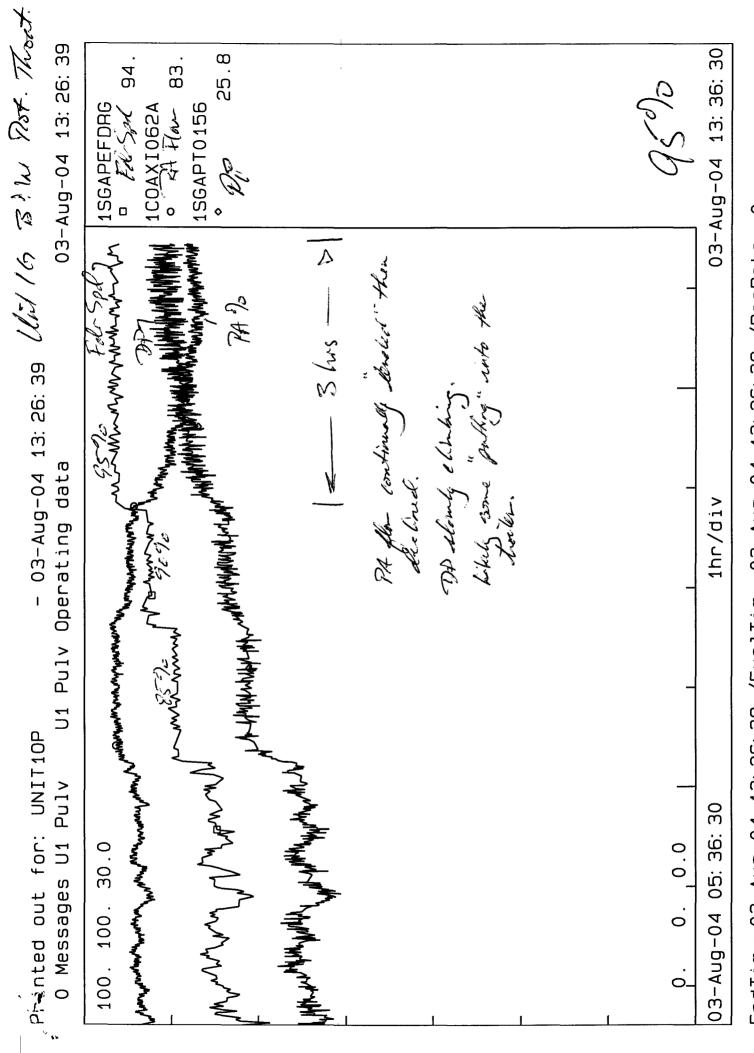
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03-Aug-04 14: 46: 20



IP12\_002943

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EndTim= 03-Aug-04 13: 26: 39 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 13: 26: 39 /PanRate= 0

Agh.

- 03-Aug-04 13:25:17 (Lit) 6 8 th Roth Rock Thougher of 13:25:17 (03-Aug-04 13:25:17 U1 Pulv Operating data Printed out for: UNIT10P O Messages U1 Pulv

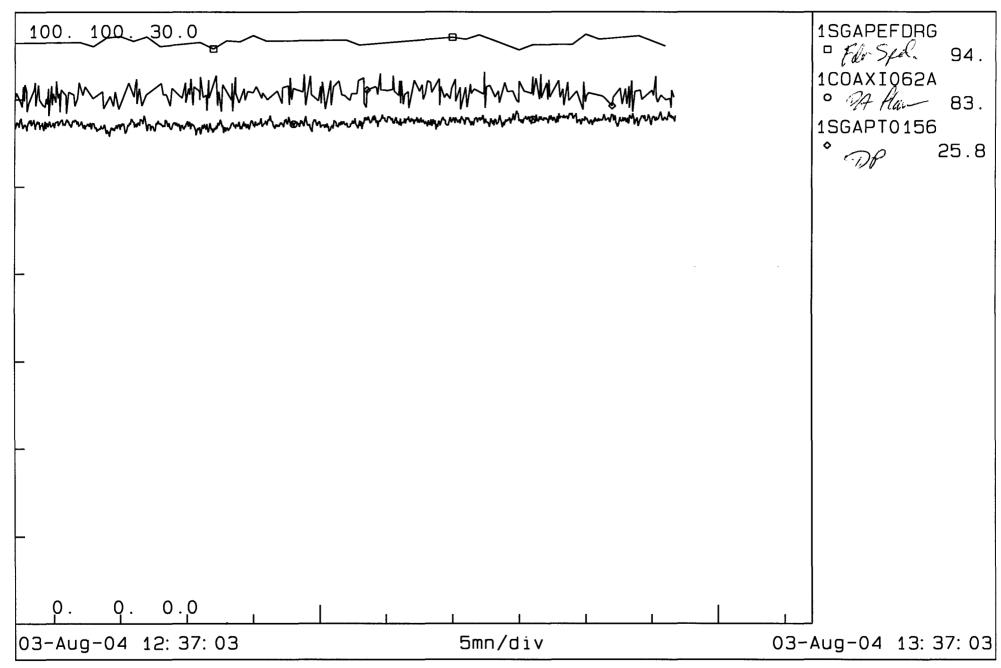
		53.3	79.5	65.4	4266.	8'26	84.2	6.69	3856.	14.5	2.14	2962	150.9	-4.0	9.3	2314.	2358.
, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		64.4	(95.1)	60.2	3637.	(81-4)	100	91.2	3252.	26.1	$\left(\begin{array}{c} 1.51 \end{array}\right)$	369.6	150.6	0.0	0.1	2159.	2400
<u>п</u>		50.1	74.4	52.2	4345.	7.66	87.9	73.1	3931.	16.9	2.34	280.1	149.4	-4.0	11.1	Э.	2243
_ 	-   '	53.3	79.4	0.39	4328.	98.3	86.5	74.7	3872.	16.0	2.15	271.2	150.1	0.0	8.1	2123.	2347
		0.1	0.1	0.0	4 .	0.1	1.3	10.0	4.	0.0	2.33	114.8	86.1	0.0	6.6	2.	1149
7 7 7		53.5	79.7	63.7	4295.	98.0	79.9	78.0	3843.	15.1	2.13	285.3	150.0	0.0	7.7	2243.	2366.
a		55.0	81.4	65.7	4012.	90.5	79.8	74.2	3586.	11.9	1.94	289.1	150.6	0.0	0.0	2251.	2400
_ ^ \[ _ \ \ \	ָ סור סור	1 52.7	77.4	58.2	4069.	92.5	81.8	73.9	3644.	16.6	2.08	281.6	148.9	0.0	4.8	5.	7337
0 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	Coal Flow372.4TPH	Feeder Speed	Amps (Duct (Pr44.1)	Coal Pipe Vel	PA Flow %	PA Damper Pos	SA Damper Pos	PA Mass Flow	Pulv DP (NOx 0.38	Air to Fuel Ratib	Pulv Inlet Temp	Pulv Outlet Temp	Coal Bias	Air Bias	Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	Hvd Skid Pr Setot

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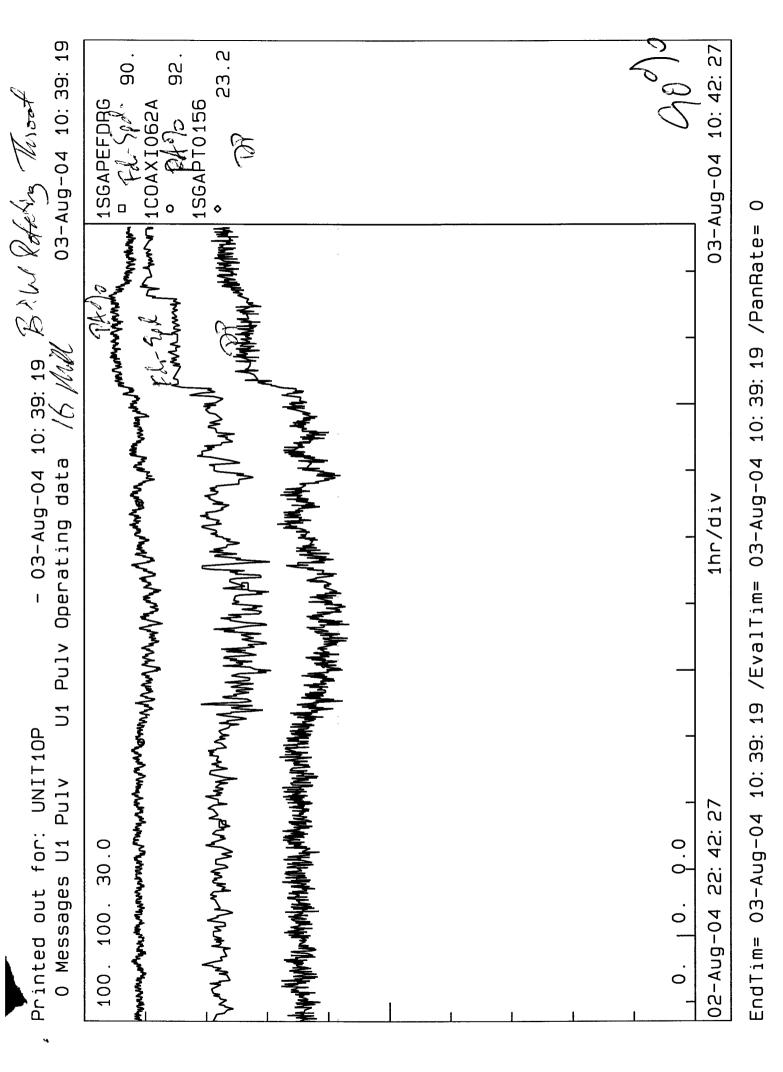


Printed out for: UNIT10P - 03-Aug-04 13: 27: 12 O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

03-Aug-04 13: 27: 12



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IP12\_002947

03-Aug-04 10: 39: 13 Bild Roberty Throat. エ 296.6 4340. 3850. 50.0 73.4 66.2 82.7 64.5 14.6 32 ത Pulv 96 Pulv G 335.9 3683. 4106. ω. 51.9 22.8 61.4 92 5 86.3 1.83 100. 88 Pulv F 286.1 3907. 47.9 70.0 4412 9. 67.6 2.47 თ. Φ. S 51 98 84 15 121/4/ Ш 275.6 4307. 3840. 03-Aug-04 10: 39: 13 50.6 73.8 65.0 ι. 85.9 69.1 16.5 2.29 Pu]v 96. . . T 107.1 Pulv Operating data 0.1 0.0 <u>1</u>.3 0 د 0.58 0.1 0.0 10.0 Pu]v 284.9 Pulv C 4 4319 72.5 3871 28 0 ത S സ S 75 63 78 15 50 96 . N ო  $\Box$ 3591. 76.9 68.4 4011 68.9 2.06 51.7 78.1 ო ന Pulv 296. . . 89 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ UNIT 10P ⋖ 3662. 292.2 60.4 4109. 73.0 80.5 ო 92.4 68.7 2.23 / Pulv 50 വ Pulv 8TPH Ratib 947.0 MW Pr44 1 .36 Temp out for:  $\Box$ 0 Ve ] Pos Pos Flow F10w368 Speed Messages Fue 1 DP (NOx Inlet Pipe (Duct Damper Damper % Flow Printed Mass to eeder  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ Pulv Pulv Amps Unit Coal Coal Air ΡĀ ЬΑ ЬА SA

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IP12\_002949

- 03-Aug-04 09: 35: 40 • Printed out for: UNIT10P O Messages U1 Pulv

03-Aug-04 09: 35: 40 U1 Pulv Operating data

I	4	5	2	_:	9						4	₹.		Э		
Pulv	51.2	75.5	66.2	4331	97.6	83.5	67.1	3878	14.3	2.27	300	150.	-4.0	60	2234	2314
Pulv G	60.5	(84.6)	6.03	4200.	( 2.38)	95.6	85.4	3761.	(22.3	1.96	323.3	150.6	0.0	0.1	2145.	2400
Pulv F	49.0	72.5	51.2	4344.	8.66	87.3	70.2	3940.	16.7	2.40	287.4	149.7	-4.0	11.1	۵.	0000
Pulv E	51.8	76.2	64.4	4342.	97.7	87.1	71.6	3886.	16.8	2.25	275.3	150.6	0.0	8.1	2093.	2287
Pulv D	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.	0.0	1.3	10.0	1.	0.2	0 . 44	102.7	78.7	0.0	9.9	0 .	1149
Pulv C	51.8	77.5	70.5	4343.	97.2	79.7	75.1	3893.	14.9	2.21	276.5	150.0	0.0	7.7	2260.	2315
Pulv B	53.3	78.8	62.9	4009.	90.0	78.6	71.7	3587.	11.7	2.01	292.2	150.6	0.0	0.0	2259.	2350
Pulv A	1 50.7	76.1	59.5	4089.	92.7	80.8	71.4	3659.	16.0	2.14	285.0	148.9	0.0	4.8	0.	2282
Unit 1 950.0 MW	Coal Flow371.0TPH	Feeder Speed	Amps (Duct Pr44.2)	Coal Pipe Vel	PA Flow %	PA Damper Pos	SA Damper Pos	PA Mass Flow	Pulv DP (NOx 0.37)	Air to Fuel Ratio	Pulv Inlet Temp	Pulv Outlet Temp	Coal Bias	Air Bias	Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	Hvd Skid Dr Setof

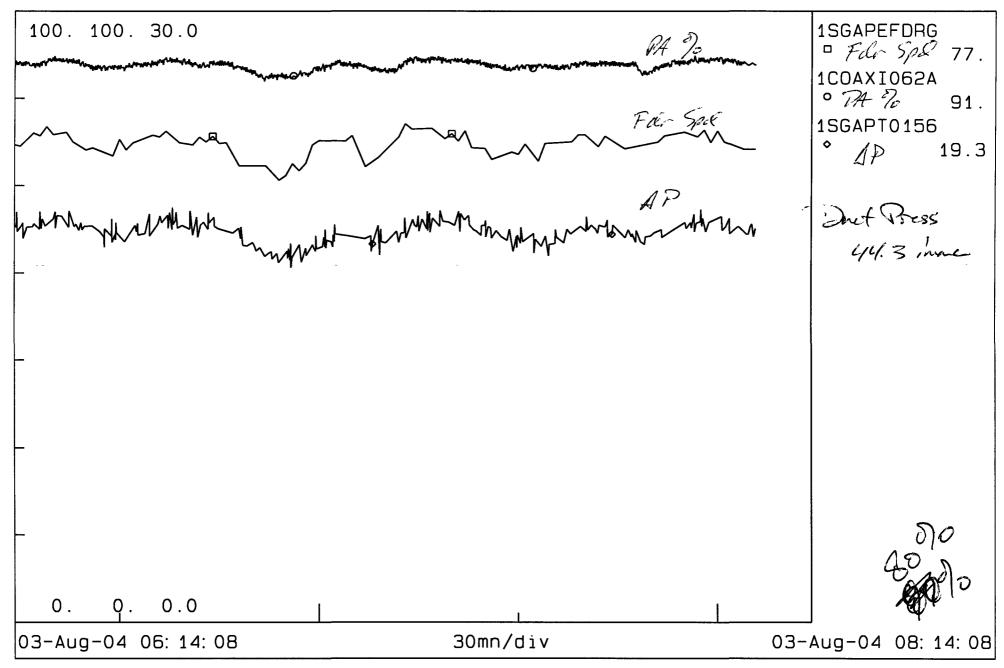
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O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

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03-Aug-04 08: 05: 58



EndTim= 03-Aug-04 08: 05: 58 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 08: 05: 58 /PanRate= 0

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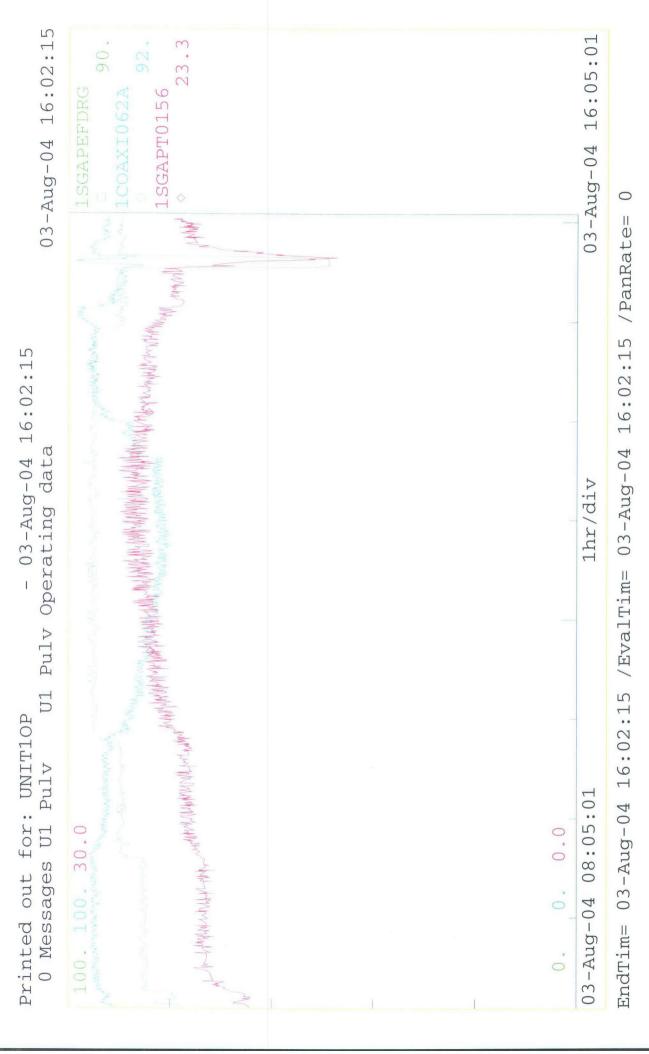
O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

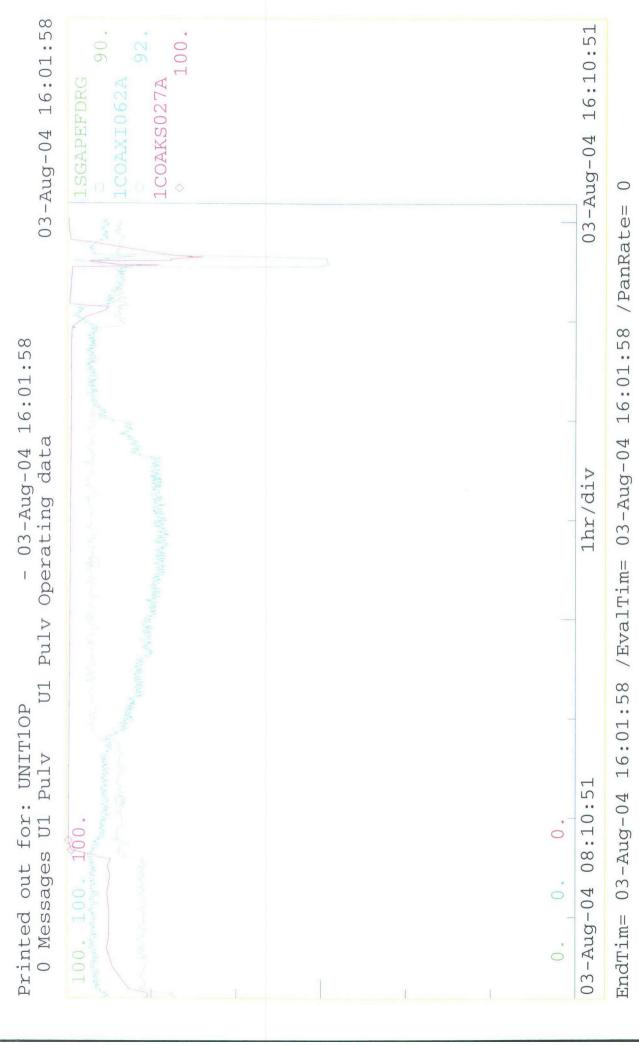
167 Beginning of test.

03-Aug-04 08: 00: 18

Unit 1 950.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow374.2TPH	H 53.1	55.5	53.9	0.1	54.2	51.2	54.2	53.9
Feeder Speed	77.6	81.2	79.3	0.1	79.5	75.3	80.3	79.3
Amps (Duct Pr44.1)	58.4	62.4	64.0	0.0	65.9	53.4	47.9	65.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4016.	4080.	4336.	1.	4361.	4407.	4020.	4358.
PA Flow %	91.2	91.6	99.0	0.0	99.2	100.	92.4	99.0
PA Damper Pos	82.9	80.2	80.9	1.3	89.7	92.1	83.1	852
SA Damper Pos	75.4	75.6	79.1	10.0	75.8	74.0	75.4	70.9
PA Mass Flow	3602.	3649.	3881.	1.	3909.	3947.	3637.	3909.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.34)	15.7	12.0	15.2	0.2	17.6	18.0	19.5	15.5
Air to Fuel Rati	2.03	1.98	2.16	0.58	2.17	2.31	2.00	2.18
Pulv Inlet Temp	302.1	291.9	279.7	95.5	286.6	291.8	310.4	301.0
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.4	150.9	150.6	78.8	150.9	150.1	150.1	149.7
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-4.0
Air Bias	4.8	0.0	7.7	6.6	8.1	11.1	0.1	9.3
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2263.	2255.	0.	2140.	1.	2137.	2325.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2352.	2400.	2385.	1149.	2363.	2280.	2394.	2386.

EndTim= 03-Aug-04 08: 00: 18 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 08: 00: 18 /PanRate= 0



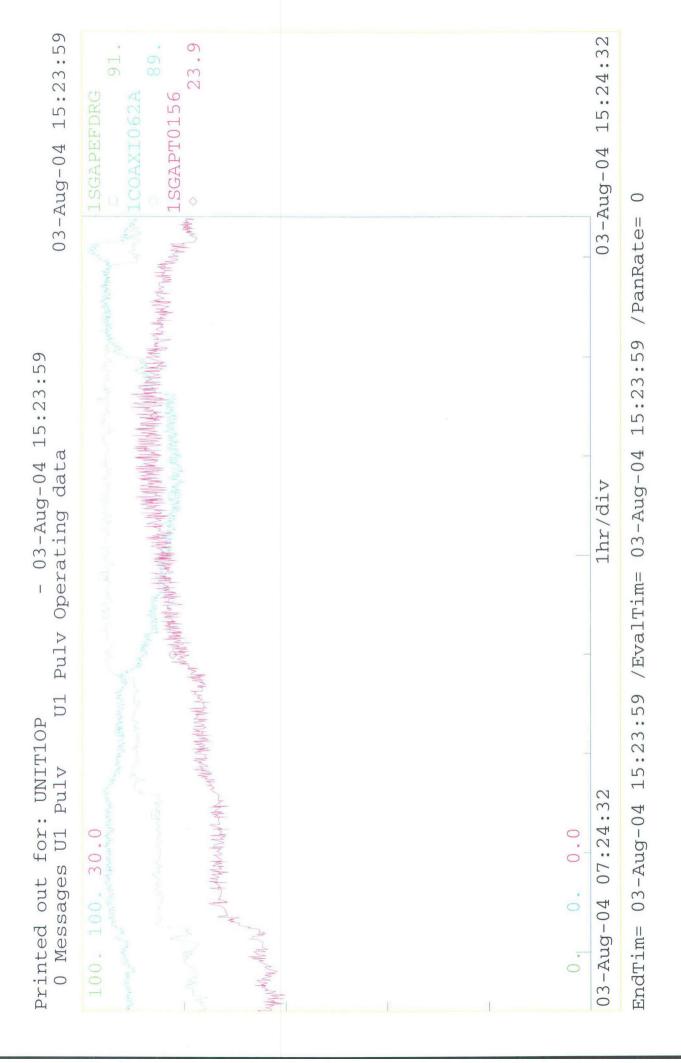


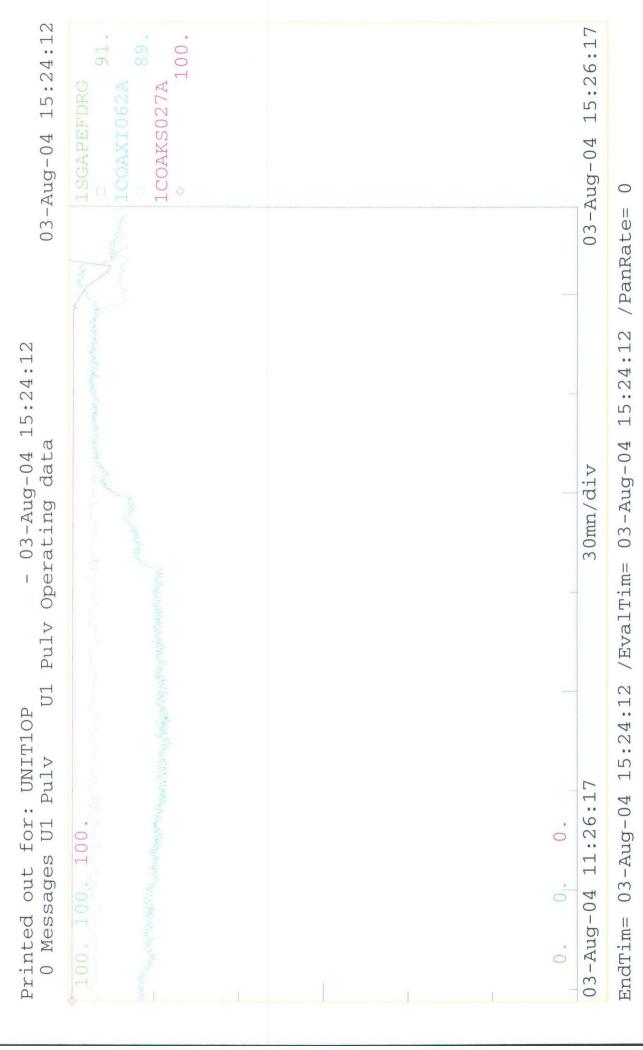
- 03-Aug-04 16:01:42 Pulv Operating data Ul Printed out for: UNIT10P 0 Messages U1

03-Aug-04 16:01:42

		T						T		T						
Pulv H	52.0	74.9	68.7	4352.	9.76	84.4	67.2	3898.	15.2	2.30	298.8	149.7	-4.0	9.3	2225.	2309.
Pulv G	61.3	89.5	51.2	4076.	92.1	7.66	86.3	3648.	23.3	1.80	321.4	149.4	0.0	0.1	2184.	2400.
Pulv F	49.4	72.5	51.2	4389.	100.	91.4	70.3	3942.	18.2	2.41	288.3	150.6	-4.0	11.1	4.	2202.
Pulv E	52.1	76.2	64.7	4336.	7.76	86.3	72.1	3847.	15.5	2.25	280.9	150.9	0.0	8.1	2107.	2309.
Pulv D	BadI	Calc	0.0	4.	0.1	1.3	10.0	4.	0.0	Calc	125.8	91.8	0.0	9.9	2.	1149.
Pulv C	52.6	75.6	6.99	4324.	8.96	79.9	75.2	3874.	14.4	2.26	290.2	150.6	0.0	7.7	2259.	2351.
Pulv B	53.3	78.0	70.9	4022.	90.2	79.8	71.6	3579.	11.5	2.03	293.3	150.9	0.0	0.0	2249.	2360.
Pulv A	51.1	75.5	60.2	4131.	92.5	83.6	71.7	3702.	16.6	2.16	293.3	150.1	0.0	4.8	00	2283.
Unit 1 951.8 MW	Coal Flow374.5TPH	Feeder Speed	Amps (Duct Pr44.4)	Coal Pipe Vel	PA Flow %	PA Damper Pos	SA Damper Pos	PA Mass Flow	Pulv DP (NOx 0.36)	Air to Fuel Ratio	Pulv Inlet Temp	Pulv Outlet Temp	Coal Bias	Air Bias	Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	Hyd Skid Pr Setpt

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- 03-Aug-04 15:24:22 . Ul Pulv Operating data Printed out for: UNIT10P Pulv 0 Messages U1

15:24:22

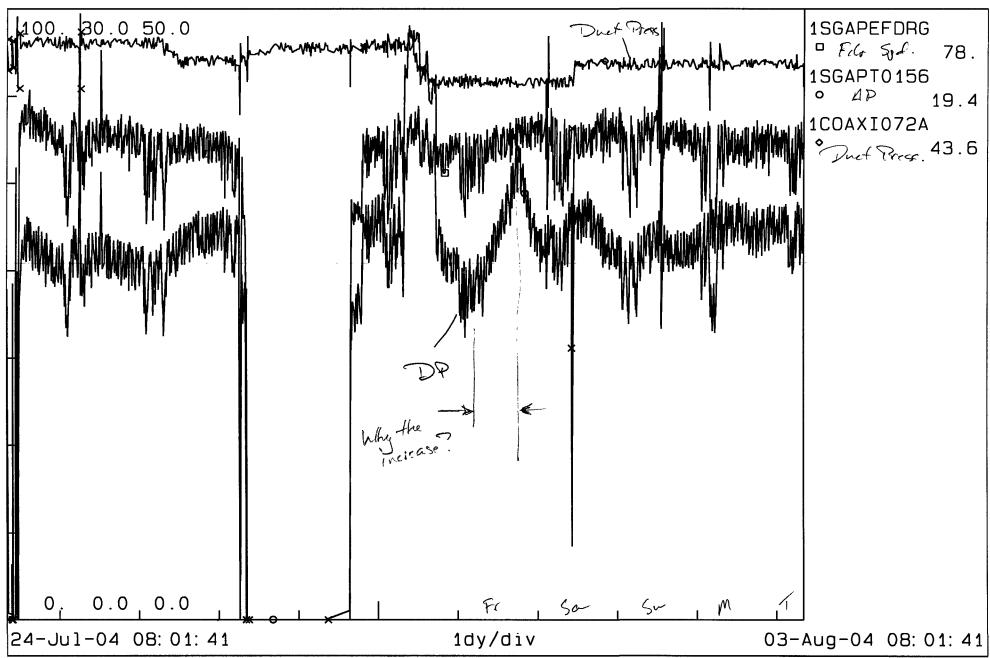
03-Aug-04

Unit 1 946.8 MW Pulv	V Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow372.3TPH	PH 52.6	55.1	54.5	BadI	53.9	50.6	61.7	53,3
Feeder Speed	78.0	81.4	78.3	Calc	79.1	75.0	9.06	79.0
Amps (Duct Pr44.0	() 58.2	64.2	64.2	0.0	6.99	53.9	51.7	64.5
Coal Pipe Vel	4112.	4014.	4273.	4.	4307.	4338.	3995.	4353.
PA Flow %	92.7	91.4	68.3	0.1	98.4	8.66	89.1	98.5
PA Damper Pos	83.6	80.7	80.4	1.3	86.3	90.7	100.	84.9
SA Damper Pos	75.2	75.5	78.8	10.0	75.3	74.2	87.1	70.9
PA Mass Flow	3677.	3581.	3813.	4.	3911.	3910.	3506.	3890.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.37)	7) 17.0	11.8	13.8	0.0	15.4	17.4	23.7	14.8
Air to Fuel Ration	io 2.08	1.94	2.15	Calc	2.16	2.30	1.73	2.18
Pulv Inlet Temp	282.2	290.7	288.5	120.9	270.9	281.4	342.2	300.6
Pulv Outlet Temp	2 150.1	151.1	150.6	0.06	151.1	149.7	150.9	150.6
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-4.0
Air Bias	4.8	0.0	7.7	9.9	8.1	11.1	0.1	9.3
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	Z	2246.	2261.	2.	2133.	4.	2167.	2332.
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	ot 2334.	2400.	2400.	1149.	2358.	2260.	2400.	2361.

15:24:22 /PanRate= EndTim= 03-Aug-04 15:24:22 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04

Printed out for: UNIT1OP – 03-Aug-04 07:52:14 Brinder.

O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data / 6 Will 03-Aug-04 07:52:14



EndTim= 03-Aug-04 07: 52: 14 /EvalTim= 03-Aug-04 07: 52: 14 /PanRate= 0

Inted out for: UNIT1OP — 27-Aug-04 15:09:00

O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

Baw Rotaling Collill 27-Aug-04 15: 09: 00

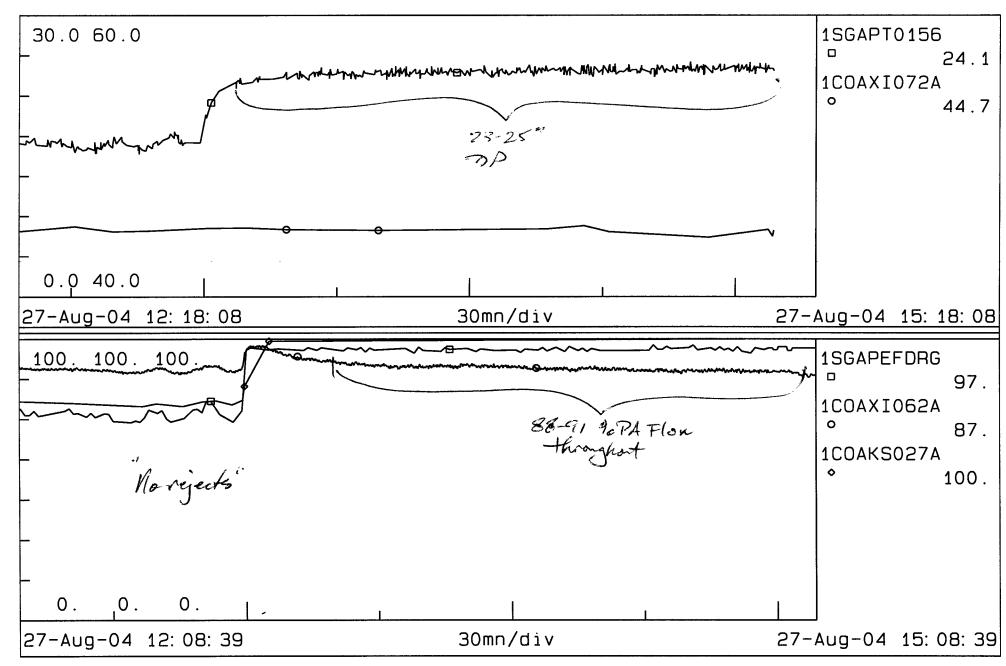
Pulv F Pulv G Pulv H Unit 1 954.8 MW Pulv A Pulv B Pulv C Pulv D Pulv E Coal Flow358.3TPH 47.2 48.6 50.5 65.8 48.6 48.4 45.3 47.4 73.5 73.2 74.3 96.7 74.1 67.6 72.1 Feeder Speed 71.0 69.5 Amps (Duct Pr44.7) 57.2 66.0 69.0 0.0 54.9 55.2 70.5 3879. 4106. 4101. 4007. 4033. 4133. 6. 3833. Coal Pipe Vel PA Flow % 93.6 92.3 90.6 86.8 87.4 91.8 0.1 91.0 PA Damper Pos 77.6 77.2 72.2 69.6 1.0 74.7 100. 75.7 92.5 63.1 SA Damper Pos 62.6 62.9 66.4 10.0 61.9 59.7 3476. 3686. 3673. PA Mass Flow 3712. 5. 3611. 3412. 3625. Pulv DP (NOx 0.41) 14.5 10.9 11.6 12.4 0.2 13.6 24.2 10.6 Air to Fuel Ratib 2.26 2.06 2.27 2.22 0.00 2.36 1.55 2.22 286.3 Pulv Inlet Temp 289.7 302.9 291.9 110.0 286.0 361.5 300.9 Pulv Outlet Temp 149.7 151.1 150.6 152.3 102.9 148.6 150.6 150.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 -4.0-3.0Coal Bias 0.0 0.0 Air Bias 5.6 4.1 5.1 6.9 0.0 4.8 0.1 4.9 Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk 1. 2247. 0. 2098. 2144. 2. 2273. 2113. 2194. 2187. 2181. 2241. 2065. 2400. Hyd Skid Pr Setpt 2136. 2142.

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End of Test

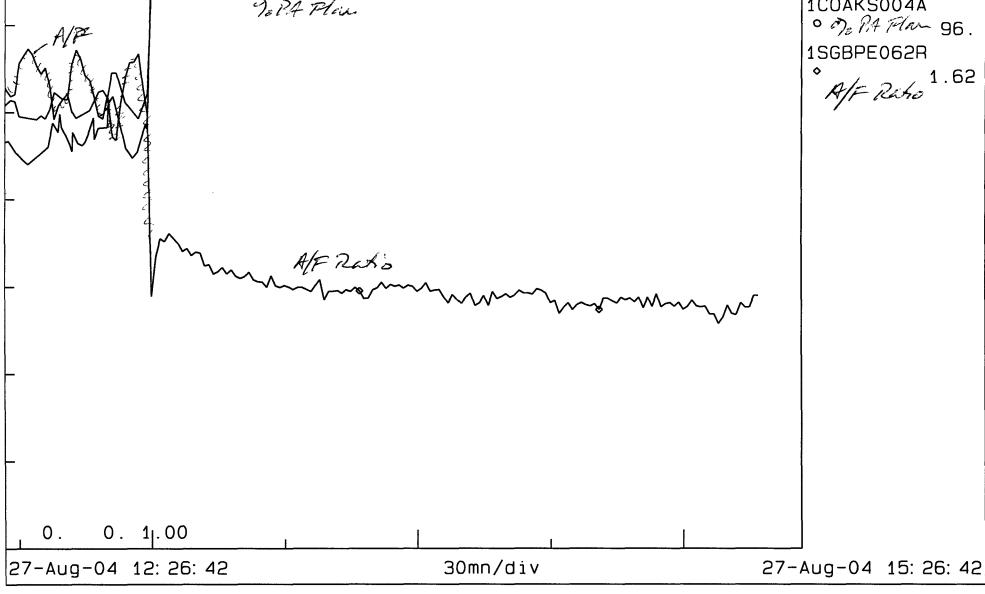
O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

27-Aug-04 15: 08: 50



EndTim= 27-Aug-04 15: 08: 50 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 15: 08: 50 /PanRate= 0
Ra for 2 hours. Held steady. Wheel grands were trimmed yesterday.

▶Printed out for: UNIT10P - 27-Aug-04 15: 17: 00 O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data 27-Aug-04 15: 17: 00 1SGAPEFDRG 100. 100. 2<del>.50</del>~~~~ " File Spl 96. 1COAKSOO4A JoPA Plan. · 0 2 PA Plan 96. 1SGBPE062R 1.62 A/F Raho



EndTim= 27-Aug-04 15: 17: 00 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 15: 17: 00 /PanRate= 0

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O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data \_ 27-Aug-04 14:31:48 27-Aug-04 14: 31: 48

o nessages of t	<b>J</b> 1,	)		9 0000	207		, ,,ag o i	1 1. O1. 10
Unit 1) 950.0 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	BPI Pulv E	Pulv F(	Pulv G	BOUL Pulv H
Coal Flow361.4TPH	48.8	51.4	50.3	50.1	50,5	46.6	66.1	49.8
Feeder Speed	72.4	75.2	73.1	73.7	74.3	68.8 (	96.2	73.2
Amps (Duct Pr44.1)	56.5	70.7	69.7	68.9	0.0	56.0	53.7	71.7
Coal Pipe Vel	4158.	3909.	4119.	4094.	6.	4033.	3930.	4033.
PA Flow %	93.8	89.2	93.1	93.1	0 1	91.5	88.6	92.0
PA Damper Pos	78.1	77.8	73.0	71.2	1 0	75.8	100.	76.6
SA Damper Pos	66.4	67.0	70.2	66.9	10.0	65.3	93.1	63.5
PA Mass Flow	3704.	3511.	3704.	3673.	5.	3637.	3498.	3640.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.40)	15.3	11.2	12.3	13.0	0.2	14.6	24.6	11.5
Air to Fuel Rati	2.26	2.07	2.25	2.20	0.00	2.33	(1.61)	2.19
Pulv Inlet Temp	296.9	305.7	295.7	289.6	106.8	287.2	365.9	299.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	150 . 1	151.5	150.6	152.0	99.6	148.4	150.6	148.9
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-3.0
Air Bias	6.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	4.1	5.1	0.1	4.9
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2228.	0.	2099.	2143.	2.	2278.	2201.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2196.	2289.	2250.	2252.	2241.	2113.	2400.	2237.

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 14: 31: 48 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 14: 31: 48 /PanRate= 0

Mid-Test

44.6 27-Aug-04 14: 37: 23 27-Aug-04 14: 37: 54 . 80 100. 96. 1SGAPEFDRG Plant Six 1COAXIOGZA OF PA MAN 1SGAPT0156 □ @\$ 2 1COAKSO27A 1COAXIO72A But Pres porter the moreover of the contract of the con 30mn/div 30mn/div 11: 37: 54 27-Aug-04 11: 37: 23 . 0 100 30.0 60.0 0.0 401.0 . Q 100. 100. 27-Aug-04

27-Aug-04 14: 31: 57

- 27-Aug-04 14: 31: 57

nted out for: UNIT10P

O Messages U1 Pulv

U1 Pulv Operating data

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 14: 31: 57 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 14: 31: 57 /PanRate= 0

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O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

10 Stakmony.

27-Aug-04 10: 33: 09

Unit 1 949.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C(	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow359.3TP	H 47.9	50.6	50.0	65.3	50.5	47.2	49.2	49.8
Feeder Speed	70.6	74.8	73.4	(96.3)	74.3	70.0	73.2	71.8
Amps (Duct Pc44.7)	58.7	70.9	74.2	69.7	0.0	54.0	44.2	69.4
Coal Pipe Vel	4170.	3860.	4081.	4148.	6.	4002.	3885.	4041.
PA Flow %	94.6	88.6	93.1	92.9	0.1	90.9	88.3	91.8
PA Damper Pos	77.9	77.5	72.8	100.	1.0	75.2	76.5	76.3
SA Damper Pos	66.2	70.3	69.9	93.1	10.0	66.4	70.0	63.2
PA Mass Flow	3735.	3499.	3691.	3683.)	5.	3612.	3495.	3640.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.39)	14.2	10.6	11.9	22.5	0.0	14.1	15.8	11.2
Air to Fuel Rati	2.33	2.06	2.20	1.69	0.00	2.28	2.11	2.23
Pulv Inlet Temp	289.9	298.7	282.8	319.9	99.0	282.2	318.9	300.4
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.4	150.9	149.7	152.5	99.3	148.0	150.0	149.7
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	00	0.0	-3.0	0.0	-3.0
Air Bias	6.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	4.1	4.5	0.1	4.9
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2221.	0.	2111.)	2146.	1.	4.	2186.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2171.	2260.	2238.	2400.	2240.	2174.	2208.	2231.

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 10: 33: 09 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 10: 33: 09 /PanRate= 0

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1SGAPTO282 Suril 2 2111.25000 1COAXIO72A 1SGAPEFDRD 97. 1COAXIOS9A 9400610W 92.43 27-Aug-04 10: 39: 44 27-Aug-04 10: 38: 25 Due + Ores. 44.7 Hickorye 700. 15GAPT0153 1COAKS024A 0 EndTim= 27-Aug-04 10: 33: 27 /EvalŢim= 27\_Aug-04 10: 33: 27 /PanRate= Vemp. Pos. "holing indiation Claut They 2 PAFlow 30mn/div 30mn/div us hishar ANDERY STANDARDER THE HEAD WOLLD STANDER STANDER STANDER STANDERS Lebrartier Color 30.0 2600.00000 60.0 0.0 1900.00000 40.0 100.100.00.100. 27-Aug-04 07: 38: 25 27-Aug-04 07: 39: 44 0.00.01.0

Unit 10 St Shan 27-AUG-04 10: 33:27

- 27-Aug-04 10: 33: 27

Printed out for: UNIT10P

O Messages U1 Pulv

U1 Pulv Operating data

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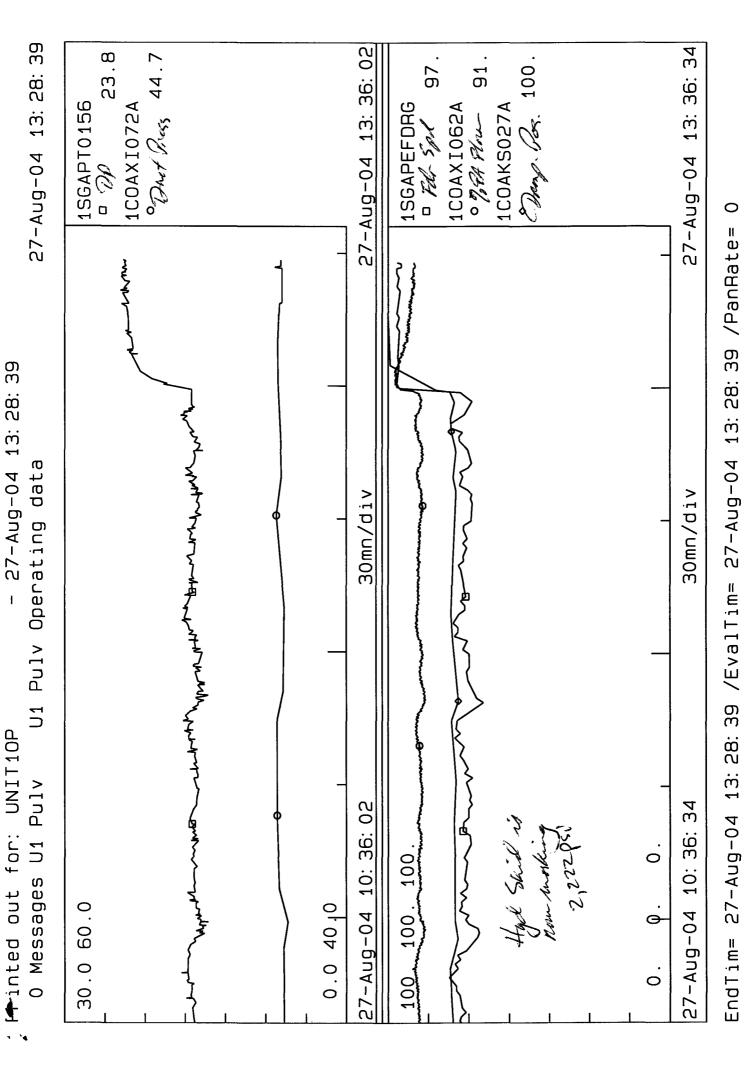
16 Rotating Throat

27-Aug-04 13: 28: 44

0	Messages	U1	Pulv	U1	Pulv	9perating	data
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Unit 1 948 3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow355.7TP	48.7	50.0	49.0	49.9	50.5	45.6	65.5	48.8
Feeder Speed	71.5	74.3	72.6	74.3	74.3	69.0	96.8	73.4
Amps (Duct (Pr44.7)	58.9	67.0	71.7	69.0	0.0	53.4	51.7	69.2
Coal Pipe Vel	4144.	3864.	4087.	4110.	6.	3975.	4054.	4044.
PA Flow %	94.7	88.3	93.1	92.7	0.2	91.5	90.5	91.7
PA Damper Pos	77.6	77.3	72.4	70.2	1.0	74.4	100.	75.9
SA Damper Pos	65.3	65.5	69.0	65.7	10.0	64.2	92.2	62.4
PA Mass Flow	3725.	3469.	3671.	3673.	6.	3584.	3573.	3624.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.41)	14.4	10.6	11.3	12.6	0.0	13.5 (	23.9	10.9
Air to Fuel Ratio	2.30	2.06	2.22	2.18	0.00	2.29	1.65	2.18
Pulv Inlet Temp	289.4	298.8	286.6	287.4	104.5	286.9	367.8	304.6
Pulv Outlet Temp	149.4	151.1	150.1	152.3	97.1	148.6	150.8	150.9
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-3.0
Air Bias	6.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	4.1	5.1	0.1	4.9
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2189.	0.	2102.	2129.	2.	(2222.)	2187.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2191.	2238.	2199.	2228.	2241.	2081.	2400.	2194.

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 13: 28: 44 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 13: 28: 44 /PanRate= 0 Mil-Test



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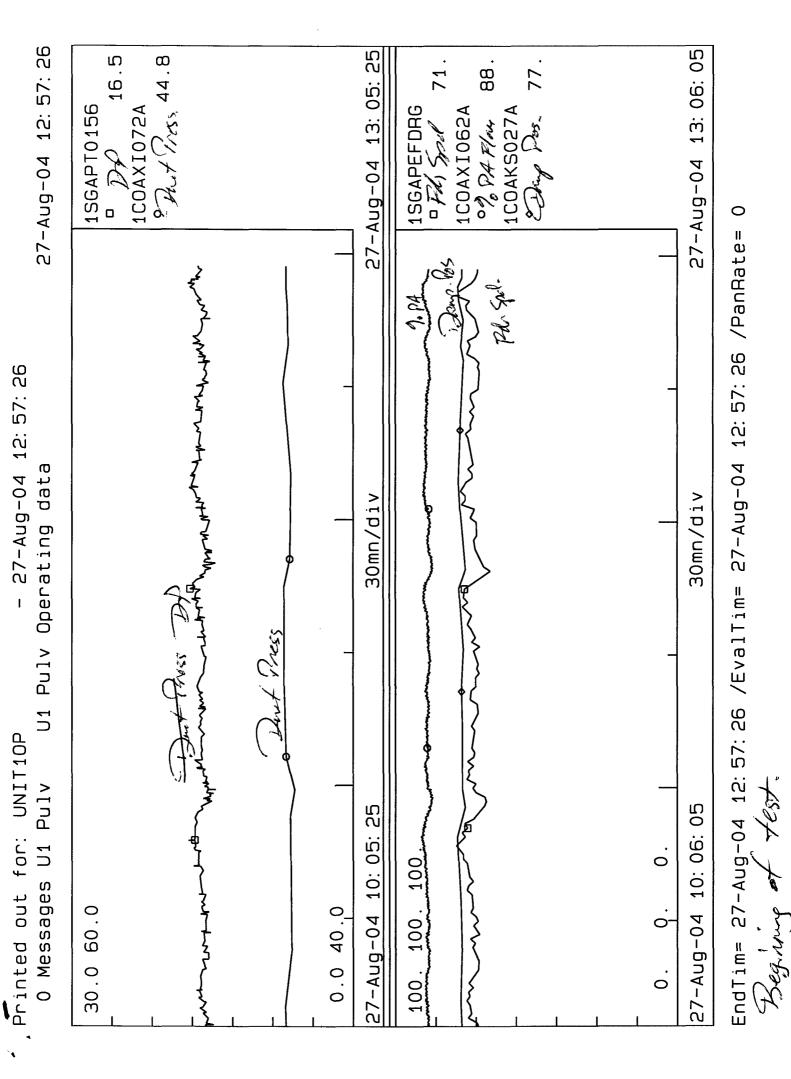
O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

16 Mill Ret Bill

27-Aug-04 12: 57: 20

Unit 1 948.0 MW	  Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	  Pulv H
Coal Flow350.2TP		48.8	48.5	48.7	50.5	44.9	48.3	48.1
Feeder Speed	69.6	73.6	72.0	72.4	74.3	65.6 (	71.0	70.1
Amps (Duct Pr44.8)	57.4	67.9	70.5	72.9	0.0	54.4	44.2	73.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4069.	3941.	4088.	4144.	5.	4149.	3935.	4103.
PA Flow %	93.5	87.7	92.4	92.3	0.1	93.0	88.4	90.9
PA Damper Pos	78.0	77.0	72.3	70.0	1.0	80.7	76.1	75.8
SA Damper Pos	64.1	64.3	67.8	64.5	10.0	62.0	64.1	61.1
PA Mass Flow	3671.	3467.	3677.	3671.	5.	3716.	3533.	3605.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.35)	14.4	11.0	11.3	12.7	0.0	16.7 (	16.5	11.3
Air to Fuel Rati	2.33	2.13	2.25	2.24	0.00	2.50	2.20	2.31
Pulv Inlet Temp	306.7	306.8	294.0	295.5	102.7	301.8	320.8	305.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	150 . 1	151.5	150.1	152.3	97.3	151.5	150.9	149.7
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	-3.0
Air Bias	6.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	4.1	5.1	0.1	4.9
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2196.	0.	2107.	2133.	1.	<b>X</b>	2116.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2139.	2194.	2184.	2189.	2241.	2052.	2175.	2168.

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 12: 57: 20 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 12: 57: 20 /PanRate= 0 Locked Sann



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/ Finted out for: UNIT10P - 27-Aug-04 12:00:09

18 Stationers.

O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

27-Aug-04 12: 00: 09

Unit 1 949.0 MW	Pulv A (	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow356.9TPH	H 47.5	66.3	48.8	49.6	50.5	45.6	48.8	48.4
Feeder Speed	70.1	98.1	72.5	72.8	74.3	68.0	71.2	72.2
Amps (Duct Pr44.4)	57.0	68.5	69.9	69.2	0.0	54.4	43.7	68.9
Coal Pipe Vel	4173.	4406.	4073.	4065.	6.	3989.	3865.	4026.
PA Flow %	94.8	99.7	92.6	91.9	0.1	90.8	87.8	91.1
PA Damper Pos	77.0	98.9	72.3	69.7	1.0	74.7	76.0	75.7
SA Damper Pos	64.9	93.5	68.6	65.3	10.0	65.2	64.9	61.9
PA Mass Flow	3746.	3955.	3667.	3649.	5.	3603.	3480.	3615.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.41)	14.6	19.6	12.2	11.6	0.0	14.1	15.6	11.1
Air to Fuel Rati	2.36	1.77	2.23	2.21	0.00	2.34	2.14	2.21
Pulv Inlet Temp	288.6	326.9	284.9	286.3	99.3	281.9	314.1	304.5
Pulv Outlet Temp	148.9	151.1	149.7	151.5	97.5	147.8	149.7	150.9
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-3.0	0.0	-3.0
Air Bias	6.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	4.1	4.5	0.1	4.9
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	(2265.)	0.	2111.	2144.	1.	5.	2152.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2147.	2400.	2194.	2219.	2240.	2077.	2193.	2178.

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 12:00:09 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 12:00:09 /PanRate= 0 Rebutt within the last year.

O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data 27-Aug-04 12: 00: 04 30.0 2600.00000 60.0 1SGAPT0151 - TOP 19.5 1SGAPT0280 5kill 2265.00000 1COAXIO72A Dut Press 44.4 under sein der Stein der Steiner beiter 0.0 1800.00000 40.0 30mn/div 27-Aug-04 09: 09: 22 27-Aug-04 12: 09: 22 100. 100. 100. 1SGAPEFDRB - Edispl 98. 1COAXIO57A · 2 PA Plan 100. Don Asherati. No "Looks good No rights 1COAKS022A Day. Obishim 99. 0. 0. 0. 30mn/div 27-Aug-04 09: 09: 56 27-Aug-04 12: 09: 56

1B Stationary

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 12:00:04 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 12:00:04 /PanRate= 0 Ran good and no rejects. No choking.

Finted out for: UNIT10P - 27-Aug-04 12:00:04

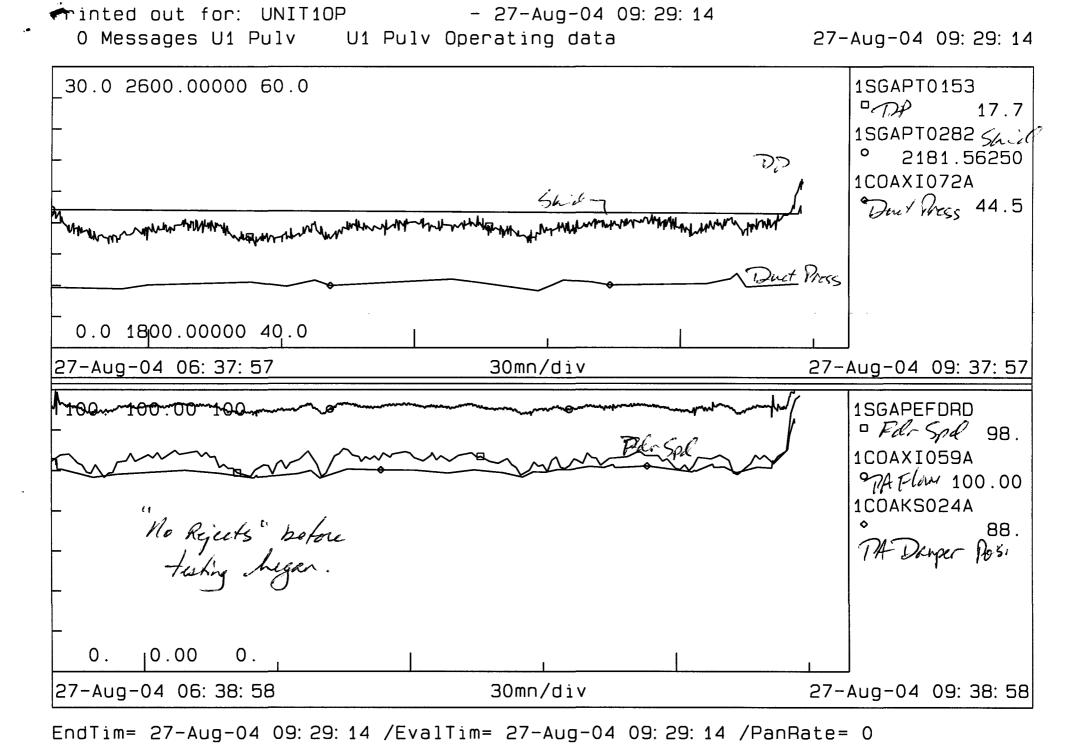
O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

10 Stationing

27-Aug=04 09: 26: 01

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Unit 1 943.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C (	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow358.5TP	H 51.0	52.6	52.2	60.4	50.6	49.2	51.3	52.3
Feeder Speed	75 . 1	78.6	76.6	78.3	74.3	72.9	76.9	76.6
Amps (Duct Pr44.5)	58.2	67.5	65.9	71.5	0.0	53.7	45.4	67.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4090.	3942.	4170.	4112.	5.	4061.	3954.	4070.
PA Flow %	92.1	89.9	94.3	96.3	0.1	92.3	89.5	93.1
PA Damper Pos	79.6	79.1	74.1	82.0	1.0	78.5	78.4	77.6
SA Damper Pos	70.1	70.3	73.8	84.9	10.0	70.4	70.2	67.2
PA Mass Flow	3687.	3541.	3746.	3693.	5.	3662.	3554.	3666.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.39)	14.4	11.6	12.7	15.2	0.0	14.8	16.4	11.6
Air to Fuel Rati	2.17	1.99	2.16	2.08	0.00	2.21	2.04	2.10
Pulv Inlet Temp	294.6	302.4	283.8	288.3	104.3	290.7	322.7	299.5
Pulv Outlet Temp	148.9	150.6	149.7	152.3	101.3	148.1	150.0	149.4
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-3.0	0.0	-3.0
Air Bias	6.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	4.1	4.5	0.1	4.9
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2270.	0.	2183.	2164.	1.	13.	2281.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2268.	2346.	2321.	2400.	2241.	2210.	2301.	2306.

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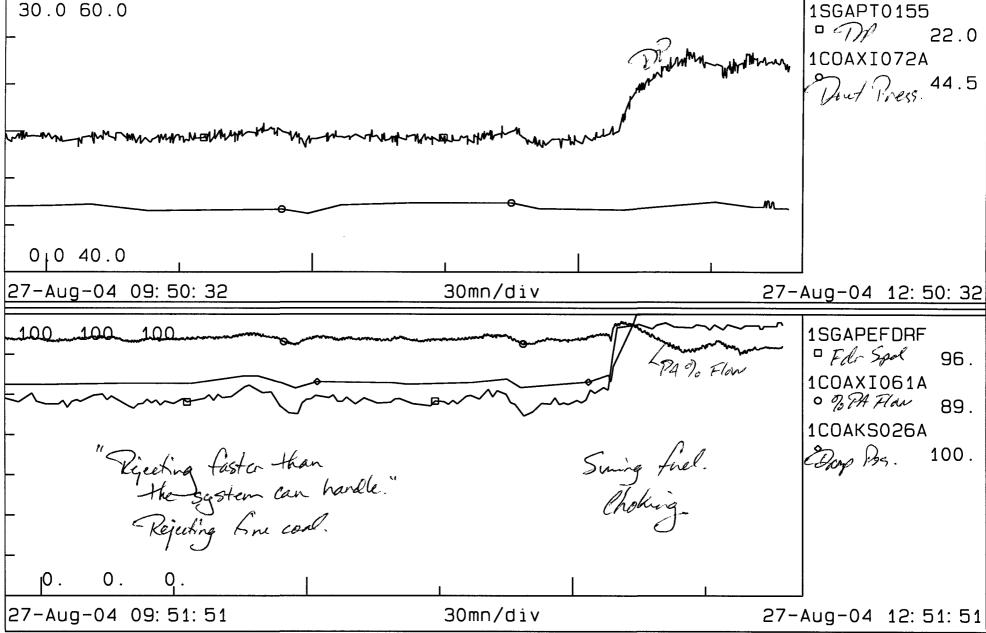
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11- Stablariang Throat 27-AUG-04 12: 47: 39

Unit 1 949.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow359.OTP	49.2	50.7	49.9	50 . 1	50.5	65.2	49.8	50.3
Feeder Speed	71.5	75.3	73.1	72.4	74.3	96.1	72.8	72.1
Amps (Duct Pr44.5)	57.5	63.9	67.5	69.4	0.0	64.9	45.2	70.7
Coal Pipe Vel	4153.	3866.	4070.	4061.	5.	3864.	3944.	4009.
PA Flow %	94.3	88.7	93.5	92.9	0.1	88.4	88.3	91.6
PA Damper Pos	78.1	77.5	72.8	70.8	1.0	100.	76.5	76.2
SA Damper Pos	67.3	67.6	71.2	67.8	10.0	96.5	67.3	64.6
PA Mass Flow	3734.	3473.	3664.	3641.	5.	3490.	3495.	3610.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.37)	14.5	10.5	12.0	12.1	0.0	(22.2)	15.9	10.3
Air to Fuel Rati	2.30	2.05	2.21	2.20	0.00	1.61	2.11	2.18
Pulv Inlet Temp	298.2	301.5	293.3	292.1	102.7	356.9	320.8	304.0
Pulv Outlet Temp	150.9	151.9	150.9	152.8	97.3	148.3	150.9	150.1
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-3.0
Air Bias	6.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	4.1	0.0	0.1	4.9
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	0.	2225.	0.	2107.	2133.	5/2	5.	2218.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2209.	2264.	2234.	2247.	2240.	2400.	2231.	2250.

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EndTim= 27-Aug-04 12: 47: 28 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 12: 47: 28 /PanRate= 0

From:

jcpugh@babcock.com

To:

Phil Hailes

Subject:

Request For Info & Quote Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly

Intermountain Power RB

Phil.

Per your request, I have attached a write-up describing B&W's latest design rotating throat assembly which we refer to as our Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly.

I have also attached a copy of a document that we refer to as Existing Operating Data B&W Roll Wheel Type Pulverizer. The information that you provide on this sheet will be used by B&W to determine the port area of the throat assembly that we would supply.

I have also attached a copy of a photograph looking down on top of a section of a Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly. Please note that the photograph shows early design segments that are bolted to the top surface of the ring seat ledge. Our current standard design throat segments are welded to the outer perimeter of the ring seat ledge.

By copy to Dan Menster, please arrange to have a quotation sent to Phil for one Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly.

If you have additional questions, please call me at 330 860-2889, or Dan Menster at 330 860-1946.

Jeff

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Jeff F330-860-1909 ·2071

# **Babcock & Wilcox**

**Rollwheel Pulverizer** 

**Cast "Low Pressure Drop"** 

**Rotating Throat™ Assembly** 

**Information Booklet** 

By Jeff Pugh
Marketing Specialist, Pulverizer Upgrades
B&W Service Company
Barberton, Ohio
July 2003



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#### I. GENERAL DESIGN FEATURES & BENEFITS

The B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> is designed to improve mill performance while dramatically reducing the maintenance costs associated with stationary throat wear.

The B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> provides a significant improvement in the air flow distribution around the throat ring compared to the stationary throat.

Tests of mills with stationary throats have shown that the flow of air through some ports is as low as 85% of the average port flow on a clean air basis and 75% while the mill is grinding coal. Such poor distribution generally necessitates having to increase air flow above design levels to prevent coal spillage through the ports in which air flow is lowest.

The B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> is designed with a port area that will allow the mill to be operated at design air flow while maintaining good fineness and without experiencing coal spillage.

Insufficient port area will result in excessive throat velocities which will cause higher pressure drop, lower fineness, and increased grinding zone erosion. Decreasing air flow below the design value, to reduce velocities in a throat having an insufficient port area, can result in burner line/nozzle fires, higher inlet air temperatures, and a mill that is slow to respond to changes in load.

A throat having a port area that is too large will necessitate having to operate the mill with higher than design air flows to prevent excessive coal spillage. Since the rotating throat will be sized to allow operation at design air flow, the potential reduction in air flow will yield lower velocities in the mill as well as in the burner pipes/nozzles. These lower velocities will result in reduced erosion and higher fineness.

The aerodynamic features of the B&W Rotating Throat™ assembly are very important in minimizing erosive wear of the throat and grinding zone components.

Non uniform air flow in a throat port can result in turbulence and stagnant zones at the port exit. As coal spills over the edge of the ring seat, it can drop down into a low velocity or stagnant area in the port causing erosion of the upper throat and ledge cover.

The B&W Rotating Throat™ incorporates a patented air foil vane design which promotes more uniform air flow within the port, resulting in the virtual elimination of throat segment wear.

**B&W Service Company** 

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July 2003

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#### I. GENERAL DESIGN FEATURES & BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Providing more uniform air flow at the port exit allows B&W to supply a throat with a larger port area. In fact, with the B&W rotating throat, the minimum port area is located down in the port away from the exit. The larger exit area results in lower velocities leaving the throat port, which reduces erosive wear of the grinding zone components.

The larger port exit area of the B&W rotating throat also promotes increased fineness, since the lower velocity air leaving the throat is not able to carry as large a particle of coal up to the classifier.

It should also be noted that the installation of B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat™ assemblies has resulted in significant reductions in pulverizer pressure drop.

Even though some customers have realized as much as a 10% reduction in mill power consumption after installing B&W Rotating Throat™ assemblies, other customers have not seen any reduction. Therefore, B&W does not make any claim that our rotating throat will reduce mill power.

Rotating throat assemblies are generally installed along with new grinding elements. Pulverizer power consumption is always lower in mills with new grinding elements compared to those having worn-out elements. Some rotating throat suppliers claim that the installation of their rotating throat will reduce pulverizer power consumption. There is little, if any, evidence to support this claim. In most cases, any reduction in pulverizer power consumption that occurs after installing a rotating throat is the result of installing new grinding elements or reduced fineness.



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#### II. VANE ORIENTATION

The B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> assembly is designed to provide performance benefits at least equal to that obtained with stationary throats while dramatically reducing the maintenance costs associated with stationary throat wear.

The original design B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> assemblies included a vane orientation that promoted CW air flow, the same orientation used with all B&W design stationary throats. A B&W rotating throat with this vane orientation will provide fineness comparable to that obtained with the stationary throat and it also will promote the quick removal of rock and other foreign debris from the grinding zone. However, no reduction in pulverizer pressure drop would be expected after installing an original design B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> with the CW vane orientation.

The primary advantage of a CCW vane orientation is the resultant reduction in mill pressure drop. Tests have indicated that an approximate 2" w.c. reduction in pressure drop across the throat results from orienting the vanes in the CCW direction compared to the CW direction. Additional design features, included with the B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat<sup>TM</sup> assembly, further reduces the resistance to the flow of air through the mill as is evident by performance data included in the Appendix.

Tests performed by B&W have indicated that in some cases a slight reduction in 200 mesh fineness has resulted after installing a rotating throat with a CCW vane orientation. If fineness does decrease, customers have been able to insert classifier blades to increase recirculation in the mill, thereby improving fineness. The increased pressure drop, due to higher recirculating load, has been more than offset by the reduction in pressure drop resulting from the installation of the B&W Rotating Throat™.

The vane orientation used with the B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat™ is CCW.



#### III. DESCRIPTION

The Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat assembly includes cast carbon steel throat segments. The upper part of each throat segment is welded to the outer perimeter of the ring seat.

The lower area of each throat segment is attached to the ring seat using a single support clip, which acts as a radial strut. This clip is welded to the throat segment and the ring seat.

The wear resistance of the throat segment is increased by applying chromium carbide weld overlay to the upper area of each vane.

A stationary outer wall assembly includes segments fabricated from carbon steel plate that are seal welded to each other and to the pulverizer housing.

Massive ledge cover castings made from VAM® 20 material are bolted to the top of the stationary outer wall assembly.

It should be noted that since none of the throat components attached to the housing extend over the top of the throat segments, no part of the "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat assembly requires removal prior to raising the ring seat/yoke assembly to facilitate gear box removal.



#### IV. TEST DATA DISCUSSION

Data has been included in the Appendix comparing the performance of a mill equipped with a B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat assembly with CCW vane orientation to a mill with a stationary throat.

Table 1 shows data that was taken from a test report where a B&W-89 Cast "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat, with cast steel throat segments, was compared to that of a stationary throat at the Northern States Power Company – Sherburne County Plant. It is important to note that the grinding elements used during the stationary throat test were reinstalled with the rotating throat.

As can be seen from this data, there was a significant reduction in mill pressure drop after installing the rotating throat. This should allow the static pressure set point in the duct supplying primary air to the mills to be reduced. This is advantageous to this customer since his primary air fans are somewhat marginal. Reducing the supply duct pressure set point will also reduce primary air heater leakage.



#### V. BENEFITS

- Increased throat wear life
  - · Reduces maintenance costs
  - Maintains operation with design air flow
- o Reduced Mill Pressure Drop
  - Potential ability to increase fineness by lengthening existing classifier blades or modifying the louver section to the hi-spin design
  - Potential ability to increase mill capacity if load is presently limited by fan static pressure capability
- No need to remove any portion of the rotating throat assembly when replacing a gear drive.
- Potential reduction of primary air flow due to the ability to operate along design air/fuel curve without coal rejects
  - Lower primary air fan power
  - Reduce erosion of grinding zone components, burner pipes and nozzles
  - Increased fineness

NOTE: Operation of the mill with air flow levels below those specified by B&W is not recommended without prior review by B&W. Insufficient primary air flow can result in burner line/nozzle fires and explosions. As air flow is reduced, the inlet air temperature must be increased to maintain mill outlet temperature. This will result in higher primary air chamber metal temperatures, which increases the risk of mill fires.

#### VI. SCOPE OF SUPPLY

- 14 cast carbon steel throat segments with chrome carbide weld overlay applied to upper area of each vane
- One fabricated carbon steel outer wall assembly
   Note: An outer wall installation fixture is supplied with the initial throat assembly
- One set of cast VAM 20 ledge cover segments
- 14 support clips
- All required attachment fasteners
- Field alteration drawing



#### **APPENDIX**

"Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat Assembly Illustration

Table 1: Northern States Power – Pulverizer Performance Data



**B&W Service Company** 

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#### EXCEL ENERGY SHERBURNE COUNTY UNIT #3 CONTRACT: RB-566

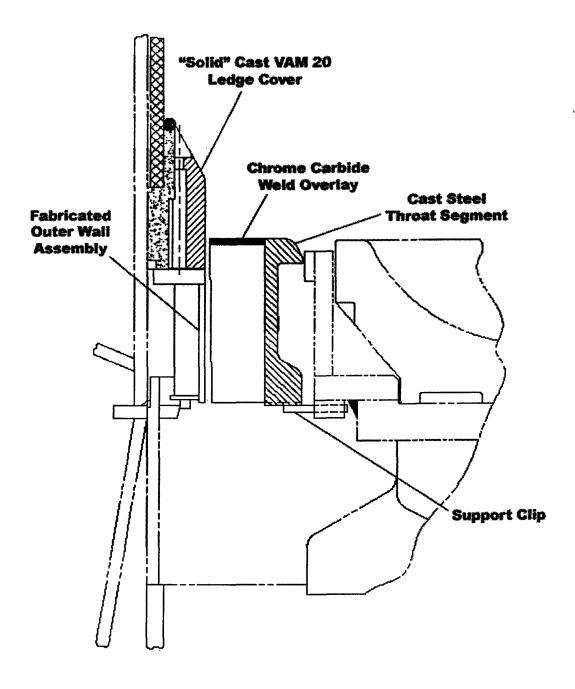
# PULVERIZER PERFORMANCE DATA ROTATING VS. STATIONARY THROAT

Mill #	3-10	3-10
Test #	1	1
Test Date	2/4/92	8/25/92
THROAT TYPE	B&W STATIONARY	B&W ROTATING*
Coal Flow lb/hr	124850	125000
Air Flow lb/hr	226631	227500
Inlet Air Temp. °F	619	570
Mill Outlet Temp. °F	147	145
Pulverizer Differential In. Wc.	14.3	9.7
Pulverizer Motor Current – Amps	83.4	90.0
% Passing 50 Mesh	99.9	99.9
% Passing 100 Mesh	95.3	94.5
% Passing 200 Mesh	75.8	74.5

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Low Pressure Drop" Design including CCW Vane Orientation

**NOTE**: No change in grinding elements or classifier vane settings were made after installation of the rotating throat.

**TABLE 1** 

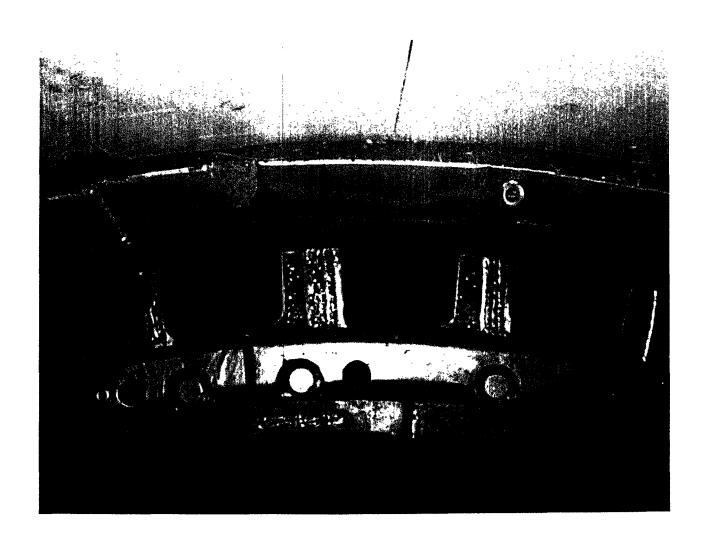


**B&W Service Company** 

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# EXISTING OPERATING DATA B&W ROLL WHEEL TYPE PULVERIZER

The following data (provided by the customer) is required by B&W to size the port area for the rotating throat:

1.	Normal full load coal flow per pulverizer
2.	Normal full load air flow per pulverizer
3.	Pulverizer inlet/outlet air temperature at above normal full load coal and air flow
4.	Mill differential pressure at normal full load coal flow
5.	Mill inlet static pressure at normal full load coal flow (high side of mill differential pressure
6.	Maximum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated
7.	Minimum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated
8.	Number of coal pipes in service per pulverizer
9.	Raw coal hardgrove grindability
10.	Raw coal total/surface moisture
11.	Raw coal ash content
12.	Rank of fuel
13.	Is there a significant amount of pyrites, rock or tramp iron in the coal?
14.	Existing Fineness / Desired Fineness
15.	What is the major goal of installing rotating throats ie; reduce mill pressure drop, reduce grinding zone erosion, improve fineness?

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January 15, 2004

# EXISTING OPERATING DATA B&W ROLL WHEEL TYPE PULVERIZER

The following data (provided by the customer) is required by B&W to size the port area for the rotating throat:

1.	Normal full load coal flow per pulverizer50-55 TPH	
2.	Normal full load air flow per pulverizer ≈ 3666 15/min	, ~
3.	Pulverizer inlet/outlet air temperature at above normal full load coal and air flow 320-380°F 3 outlet centrel to 150°F	
4.	Mill differential pressure at normal full load coal flow141-1911	
5.	Mill inlet static pressure at normal full load coal flow , (high side of mill differential pressure	
6.	Maximum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated	
7.	Minimum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated	
8.	Number of coal pipes in service per pulverizer ( 21" ID )	
9.	Raw coal hardgrove grindability 40-47	
10.	Raw coal total/surface moisture 5-10% 5-6%.	
11.	Raw coal ash content 7 - 12 ?	
12.	Rank of fuel dass 2 Group 4 (Utah Bit).	
13.	Is there a significant amount of pyrites, rock or tramp iron in the coal?	
14.		least tch
15.	What is the major goal of installing rotating throats ie; reduce mill pressure drop, reduce grinding zone erosion, improve fineness? <u>life extension throat</u> .  #1 goal - ability to achieve 95% feeden speed in thout choking the null (ie high 15)  #2 - Reduced mill mean and fineness control	

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January 15, 2004

# Minutes - Pulverizer Meeting January 28,2004

#### Attending:

Phil Hailes Kelly Cloward Stan Smith

Dale Hurd Richard Schmidt Craig Stumph Alan Dewsnup Gary Judkins

**Action Items Assigned:** 

Phil Hailes:

1) Discuss advantages of Alstom classifiers with Alstom and

classifier users.

2) Check with B&W on wear issues regarding the rotating throat.

Alan Dewsnup:

1) Write a requisition for a B&W counter-clock-wise rotating throat.

2) Discuss results of the gearbox evaluations with Aaron Nissen.

#### **Items Discussed:**

Outage coordination issues relating to contractor burner work were discussed. TEI will be working on the two (2) bottom rows (B&G) and move up from there, two (2) rows at a time. Tagging issues and boundaries were discussed. There will be approximately 16 people assigned to the Mill Crew during the Outage. They will be working day shift only. Alan Dewsnup reported that I&C would like to take base-line feeder calibrations at the very beginning of the Outage, prior to any mechanical work. They will compare these to feeder calibrations taken after the Outage. It was decided that they can work on these calibrations on the first Saturday (02-28-04) and Sunday (02-29-04). Maintenance will need access to mills and feeders by Monday (03-01-04). Isolation plates were discussed. Alan will make sure there are enough for each mill fabbed prior to the Outage.

A new filtering system upgrade on the Pulverizer gearbox duplex filter was discussed. One option is a duplex filter that will cost approximately \$6,000 per mill. Another option is a 6 x 36 filter with a 3-way valve that will cost approximately \$2,000 per mill. Either of these options should help with long-term reliability of the gearbox and extend the life of the gearbox bearings. Installing the less expensive filter on a gearbox as a test was discussed. Dale will look at the budget and make a decision regarding the test.

A B&W recommended change that involves installation of a retrofit kit to supply oil to the #4 and #5 bearings on the gearbox was discussed. It is being done on gearboxes when they are rebuilt but probably needs to be completed on gearboxes that will not be rebuilt for sometime. The kit costs \$800.

The results of gearbox evaluations were discussed. Unit 1 "G" seems to be in the worst shape. Alan Dewsnup will get with Aaron and discuss change-out options

The status of Alstom classifiers was discussed. Phil will discuss increased through-put and fineness with Steve Shumway from Alstom to help with the justification for the classifiers. He will also try and contact some users to get results of classifier use from them.

B&W rotating throats were discussed. A decision has been made to go with the counter-clock-wise design. Alan Dewsnup will write a requisition to order a throat. Phil will check with B&W about the wear issues between the wall ring and the ledge cover.

Burner coal line restrictor plates were discussed. They have helped with emissions, especially CO levels but they are wearing holes in the coal pipes. Coal quality is also a factor in the coal pipe problems. Installation of restrictors during the Unit 2 Outage was discussed. Some changes have been made to the restrictors during repairs. The plates have been trimmed 2" in a ½ moon shape away from the wall. They have also been coated with hard face material and pad welded to deflect the coal away from the walls. Installing a silicone gasket is another option that was discussed. BPI suggests trimming only 3/4". It was decided that the restrictors will be trimmed 1" and winglets will be installed. Phil ask Kelly to let him know which restrictors have been trimmed 2".

PH:va

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10.	Raw coal total/surface moisture 5-10% 5-6%.
11.	Raw coal ash content 7-12%
12.	Rank of fuel Class 2 Group 4 (Utah Bit).
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14.	Existing Fineness / Desired Fineness = 70% thru 200 mesh c 46 HGI at least
15.	What is the major goal of installing rotating throats ie; reduce mill pressure drop, reduce grinding zone erosion, improve fineness? <u>life extension throat</u> .  #1 goal - ability to achieve 95% foeder speed without choking the mill (ie high 1,5)  #2 - Reduced mill mear and fineness control.

JCP438.doc\klk

January 15, 2004

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Babcock & Wilcox

Rollwheel Pulverizer

Cast "Low Pressure Drop"

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Information Booklet

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**B&W Service Company** 

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**B&W Service Company** 

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It should also be noted that the installation of B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat™ assemblies has resulted in significant reductions in pulverizer pressure drop.

Even though some customers have realized as much as a 10% reduction in mill power consumption after installing B&W Rotating Throat™ assemblies, other customers have not seen any reduction. Therefore, B&W does not make any claim that our rotating throat will reduce mill power.

Rotating throat assemblies are generally installed along with new grinding elements. Pulverizer power consumption is always lower in mills with new grinding elements compared to those having worn-out elements. Some rotating throat suppliers claim that the installation of their rotating throat will reduce pulverizer power consumption. There is little, if any, evidence to support this claim. In most cases, any reduction in pulverizer power consumption that occurs after installing a rotating throat is the result of installing new grinding elements or reduced fineness.



### II. VANE ORIENTATION

The B&W Rotating Throat™ assembly is designed to provide performance benefits at least equal to that obtained with stationary throats while dramatically reducing the maintenance costs associated with stationary throat wear.

The original design B&W Rotating Throat™ assemblies included a vane orientation that promoted CW air flow, the same orientation used with all B&W design stationary throats. A B&W rotating throat with this vane orientation will provide fineness comparable to that obtained with the stationary throat and it also will promote the quick removal of rock and other foreign debris from the grinding zone. However, no reduction in pulverizer pressure drop would be expected after installing an original design B&W Rotating Throat™ with the CW vane orientation.

The primary advantage of a CCW vane orientation is the resultant reduction in mill pressure drop. Tests have indicated that an approximate 2" w.c. reduction in pressure drop across the throat results from orienting the vanes in the CCW direction compared to the CW direction. Additional design features, included with the B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat<sup>TM</sup> assembly, further reduces the resistance to the flow of air through the mill as is evident by performance data included in the Appendix.

Tests performed by B&W have indicated that in some cases a slight reduction in 200 mesh fineness has resulted after installing a rotating throat with a CCW vane orientation. If fineness does decrease, customers have been able to insert classifier blades to increase recirculation in the mill, thereby improving fineness. The increased pressure drop, due to higher recirculating load, has been more than offset by the reduction in pressure drop resulting from the installation of the B&W Rotating Throat<sup>TM</sup>.

The vane orientation used with the B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat™ is CCW.



### III. DESCRIPTION

The Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat assembly includes cast carbon steel throat segments. The upper part of each throat segment is welded to the outer perimeter of the ring seat.

The lower area of each throat segment is attached to the ring seat using a single support clip, which acts as a radial strut. This clip is welded to the throat segment and the ring seat.

The wear resistance of the throat segment is increased by applying chromium carbide weld overlay to the upper area of each vane.

A stationary outer wall assembly includes segments fabricated from carbon steel plate that are seal welded to each other and to the pulverizer housing.

Massive ledge cover castings made from VAM® 20 material are bolted to the top of the stationary outer wall assembly.

It should be noted that since none of the throat components attached to the housing extend over the top of the throat segments, no part of the "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat assembly requires removal prior to raising the ring seat/yoke assembly to facilitate gear box removal.



## IV. TEST DATA DISCUSSION

Data has been included in the Appendix comparing the performance of a mill equipped with a B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat assembly with CCW vane orientation to a mill with a stationary throat.

Table 1 shows data that was taken from a test report where a B&W-89 Cast "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat, with cast steel throat segments, was compared to that of a stationary throat at the Northern States Power Company – Sherburne County Plant. It is important to note that the grinding elements used during the stationary throat test were reinstalled with the rotating throat.

As can be seen from this data, there was a significant reduction in mill pressure drop after installing the rotating throat. This should allow the static pressure set point in the duct supplying primary air to the mills to be reduced. This is advantageous to this customer since his primary air fans are somewhat marginal. Reducing the supply duct pressure set point will also reduce primary air heater leakage.



### V. BENEFITS

- Increased throat wear life
  - Reduces maintenance costs
  - Maintains operation with design air flow
- Reduced Mill Pressure Drop
  - Potential ability to increase fineness by lengthening existing classifier blades or modifying the louver section to the hi-spin design
  - Potential ability to increase mill capacity if load is presently limited by fan static pressure capability
- No need to remove any portion of the rotating throat assembly when replacing a gear drive.
- Potential reduction of primary air flow due to the ability to operate along design air/fuel curve without coal rejects
  - Lower primary air fan power
  - Reduce erosion of grinding zone components, burner pipes and nozzles
  - Increased fineness

NOTE: Operation of the mill with air flow levels below those specified by B&W is not recommended without prior review by B&W. Insufficient primary air flow can result in burner line/nozzle fires and explosions. As air flow is reduced, the inlet air temperature must be increased to maintain mill outlet temperature. This will result in higher primary air chamber metal temperatures, which increases the risk of mill fires.

**B&W Service Company** 

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## VI. SCOPE OF SUPPLY

- 14 cast carbon steel throat segments with chrome carbide weld overlay applied to upper area of each vane
- One fabricated carbon steel outer wall assembly
   Note: An outer wall installation fixture is supplied with the initial throat assembly
- One set of cast VAM 20 ledge cover segments
- 14 support clips
- All required attachment fasteners
- Field alteration drawing

# **APPENDIX**

"Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat Assembly Illustration

Table 1: Northern States Power - Pulverizer Performance Data



**B&W Service Company** 

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July 2003

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# EXCEL ENERGY SHERBURNE COUNTY UNIT #3 CONTRACT: RB-566

# PULVERIZER PERFORMANCE DATA ROTATING VS. STATIONARY THROAT

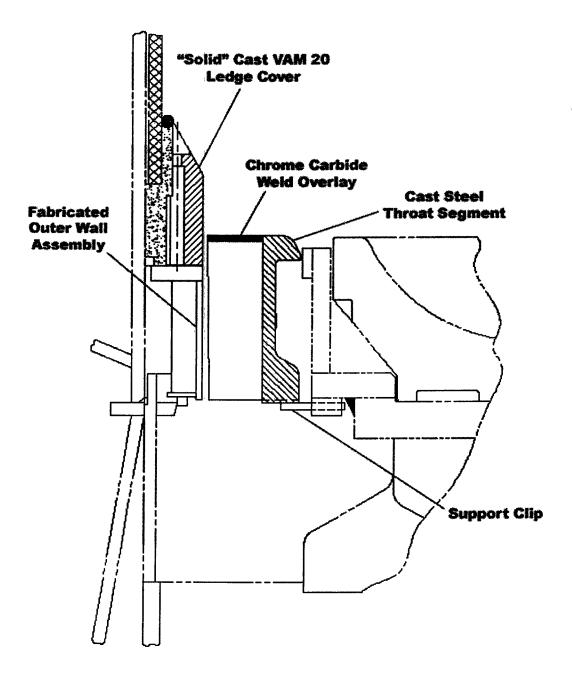
Mill #	3-10	3-10
Test #	1	1
Test Date	2/4/92	8/25/92
THROAT TYPE	B&W STATIONARY	B&W ROTATING*
Coal Flow lb/hr	124850	125000
Air Flow lb/hr	226631	227500
Inlet Air Temp. °F	619	570
Mill Outlet Temp. °F	147	145
Pulverizer Differential In. Wc.	14.3	9.7
Pulverizer Motor Current - Amps	83.4	90.0
% Passing 50 Mesh	99.9	99.9
% Passing 100 Mesh	95.3	94.5
% Passing 200 Mesh	75.8	74.5

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Low Pressure Drop" Design including CCW Vane Orientation

**NOTE**: No change in grinding elements or classifier vane settings were made after installation of the rotating throat.

TABLE 1





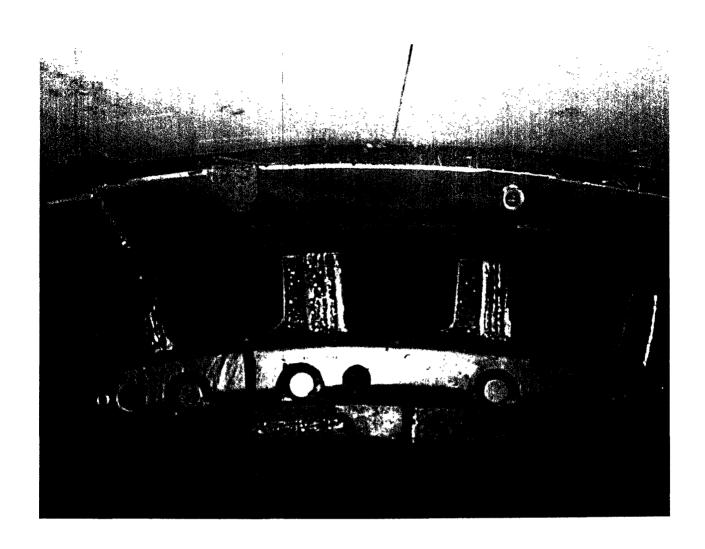


**B&W Service Company** 

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July 2003

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# EXISTING OPERATING DATA B&W ROLL WHEEL TYPE PULVERIZER

The following data (provided by the customer) is required by B&W to size the port area for the rotating throat:

1.	Normal full load coal flow per pulverizer
2.	Normal full load air flow per pulverizer
3.	Pulverizer inlet/outlet air temperature at above normal full load coal and air flow
4.	Mill differential pressure at normal full load coal flow
5.	Mill inlet static pressure at normal full load coal flow (high side of mill differential pressure
6.	Maximum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated
7.	Minimum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated
8.	Number of coal pipes in service per pulverizer
9.	Raw coal hardgrove grindability
10.	Raw coal total/surface moisture
11.	Raw coal ash content
12.	Rank of fuel
13.	Is there a significant amount of pyrites, rock or tramp iron in the coal?
14.	Existing Fineness / Desired Fineness
15.	What is the major goal of installing rotating throats ie; reduce mill pressure drop, reduce grinding zone erosion, improve fineness?

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January 15, 2004

From:

jcpugh@babcock.com

To:

**Phil Hailes** 

Subject:

Request For Info & Quote Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly

Intermountain Power RB

Phil.

Per your request, I have attached a write-up describing B&W's latest design rotating throat assembly which we refer to as our Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly.

I have also attached a copy of a document that we refer to as Existing Operating Data B&W Roll Wheel Type Pulverizer. The information that you provide on this sheet will be used by B&W to determine the port area of the throat assembly that we would supply.

I have also attached a copy of a photograph looking down on top of a section of a Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly. Please note that the photograph shows early design segments that are bolted to the top surface of the ring seat ledge. Our current standard design throat segments are welded to the outer perimeter of the ring seat ledge.

By copy to Dan Menster, please arrange to have a quotation sent to Phil for one Cast Low Pressure Drop Rotating Throat Assembly.

If you have additional questions, please call me at 330 860-2889, or Dan Menster at 330 860-1946.

Jeff

Babcock & Wilcox

Rollwheel Pulverizer

Cast "Low Pressure Drop"

Rotating Throat™ Assembly

Information Booklet

By Jeff Pugh
Marketing Specialist, Pulverizer Upgrades
B&W Service Company
Barberton, Ohio
July 2003

# **Table of Contents**

		Page
l.	General Design Features & Benefits	2
II.	Vane Orientation	4
III.	Description	5
IV.	Test Data Discussion	6
V.	Benefits	7
VI.	Scope of Supply	8
VII.	Appendix	9



#### I. GENERAL DESIGN FEATURES & BENEFITS

The B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> is designed to improve mill performance while dramatically reducing the maintenance costs associated with stationary throat wear.

The B&W Rotating Throat™ provides a significant improvement in the air flow distribution around the throat ring compared to the stationary throat.

Tests of mills with stationary throats have shown that the flow of air through some ports is as low as 85% of the average port flow on a clean air basis and 75% while the mill is grinding coal. Such poor distribution generally necessitates having to increase air flow above design levels to prevent coal spillage through the ports in which air flow is lowest.

The B&W Rotating Throat™ is designed with a port area that will allow the mill to be operated at design air flow while maintaining good fineness and without experiencing coal spillage.

Insufficient port area will result in excessive throat velocities which will cause higher pressure drop, lower fineness, and increased grinding zone erosion. Decreasing air flow below the design value, to reduce velocities in a throat having an insufficient port area, can result in burner line/nozzle fires, higher inlet air temperatures, and a mill that is slow to respond to changes in load.

A throat having a port area that is too large will necessitate having to operate the mill with higher than design air flows to prevent excessive coal spillage. Since the rotating throat will be sized to allow operation at design air flow, the potential reduction in air flow will yield lower velocities in the mill as well as in the burner pipes/nozzles. These lower velocities will result in reduced erosion and higher fineness.

The aerodynamic features of the B&W Rotating Throat™ assembly are very important in minimizing erosive wear of the throat and grinding zone components.

Non uniform air flow in a throat port can result in turbulence and stagnant zones at the port exit. As coal spills over the edge of the ring seat, it can drop down into a low velocity or stagnant area in the port causing erosion of the upper throat and ledge cover.

The B&W Rotating Throat™ incorporates a patented air foil vane design which promotes more uniform air flow within the port, resulting in the virtual elimination of throat segment wear.

**B&W Service Company** 

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July 2003

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# I. GENERAL DESIGN FEATURES & BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Providing more uniform air flow at the port exit allows B&W to supply a throat with a larger port area. In fact, with the B&W rotating throat, the minimum port area is located down in the port away from the exit. The larger exit area results in lower velocities leaving the throat port, which reduces erosive wear of the grinding zone components.

The larger port exit area of the B&W rotating throat also promotes increased fineness, since the lower velocity air leaving the throat is not able to carry as large a particle of coal up to the classifier.

It should also be noted that the installation of B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat™ assemblies has resulted in significant reductions in pulverizer pressure drop.

Even though some customers have realized as much as a 10% reduction in mill power consumption after installing B&W Rotating Throat™ assemblies, other customers have not seen any reduction. Therefore, B&W does not make any claim that our rotating throat will reduce mill power.

Rotating throat assemblies are generally installed along with new grinding elements. Pulverizer power consumption is always lower in mills with new grinding elements compared to those having worn-out elements. Some rotating throat suppliers claim that the installation of their rotating throat will reduce pulverizer power consumption. There is little, if any, evidence to support this claim. In most cases, any reduction in pulverizer power consumption that occurs after installing a rotating throat is the result of installing new grinding elements or reduced fineness.

## II. VANE ORIENTATION

The B&W Rotating Throat<sup>™</sup> assembly is designed to provide performance benefits at least equal to that obtained with stationary throats while dramatically reducing the maintenance costs associated with stationary throat wear.

The original design B&W Rotating Throat™ assemblies included a vane orientation that promoted CW air flow, the same orientation used with all B&W design stationary throats. A B&W rotating throat with this vane orientation will provide fineness comparable to that obtained with the stationary throat and it also will promote the quick removal of rock and other foreign debris from the grinding zone. However, no reduction in pulverizer pressure drop would be expected after installing an original design B&W Rotating Throat™ with the CW vane orientation.

The primary advantage of a CCW vane orientation is the resultant reduction in mill pressure drop. Tests have indicated that an approximate 2" w.c. reduction in pressure drop across the throat results from orienting the vanes in the CCW direction compared to the CW direction. Additional design features, included with the B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat<sup>TM</sup> assembly, further reduces the resistance to the flow of air through the mill as is evident by performance data included in the Appendix.

Tests performed by B&W have indicated that in some cases a slight reduction in 200 mesh fineness has resulted after installing a rotating throat with a CCW vane orientation. If fineness does decrease, customers have been able to insert classifier blades to increase recirculation in the mill, thereby improving fineness. The increased pressure drop, due to higher recirculating load, has been more than offset by the reduction in pressure drop resulting from the installation of the B&W Rotating Throat<sup>TM</sup>.

The vane orientation used with the B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat™ is CCW.



#### III. DESCRIPTION

The Cast "Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat assembly includes cast carbon steel throat segments. The upper part of each throat segment is welded to the outer perimeter of the ring seat.

The lower area of each throat segment is attached to the ring seat using a single support clip, which acts as a radial strut. This clip is welded to the throat segment and the ring seat.

The wear resistance of the throat segment is increased by applying chromium carbide weld overlay to the upper area of each vane.

A stationary outer wall assembly includes segments fabricated from carbon steel plate that are seal welded to each other and to the pulverizer housing.

Massive ledge cover castings made from VAM<sup>®</sup> 20 material are bolted to the top of the stationary outer wall assembly.

It should be noted that since none of the throat components attached to the housing extend over the top of the throat segments, no part of the "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat assembly requires removal prior to raising the ring seat/yoke assembly to facilitate gear box removal.



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### IV. TEST DATA DISCUSSION

Data has been included in the Appendix comparing the performance of a mill equipped with a B&W Cast "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat assembly with CCW vane orientation to a mill with a stationary throat.

Table 1 shows data that was taken from a test report where a B&W-89 Cast "Low Pressure Drop" rotating throat, with cast steel throat segments, was compared to that of a stationary throat at the Northern States Power Company – Sherburne County Plant. It is important to note that the grinding elements used during the stationary throat test were reinstalled with the rotating throat.

As can be seen from this data, there was a significant reduction in mill pressure drop after installing the rotating throat. This should allow the static pressure set point in the duct supplying primary air to the mills to be reduced. This is advantageous to this customer since his primary air fans are somewhat marginal. Reducing the supply duct pressure set point will also reduce primary air heater leakage.



## V. BENEFITS

- Increased throat wear life
  - Reduces maintenance costs
  - Maintains operation with design air flow
- o Reduced Mill Pressure Drop
  - Potential ability to increase fineness by lengthening existing classifier blades or modifying the louver section to the hi-spin design
  - Potential ability to increase mill capacity if load is presently limited by fan static pressure capability
- No need to remove any portion of the rotating throat assembly when replacing a gear drive.
- Potential reduction of primary air flow due to the ability to operate along design air/fuel curve without coal rejects
  - Lower primary air fan power
  - Reduce erosion of grinding zone components, burner pipes and nozzles
  - Increased fineness

NOTE: Operation of the mill with air flow levels below those specified by B&W is not recommended without prior review by B&W. Insufficient primary air flow can result in burner line/nozzle fires and explosions. As air flow is reduced, the inlet air temperature must be increased to maintain mill outlet temperature. This will result in higher primary air chamber metal temperatures, which increases the risk of mill fires.

**B&W Service Company** 

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## VI. SCOPE OF SUPPLY

- 14 cast carbon steel throat segments with chrome carbide weld overlay applied to upper area of each vane
- One fabricated carbon steel outer wall assembly
   Note: An outer wall installation fixture is supplied with the initial throat assembly
- One set of cast VAM 20 ledge cover segments
- 14 support clips
- All required attachment fasteners
- Field alteration drawing

**B&W Service Company** 

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## **APPENDIX**

"Low Pressure Drop" Rotating Throat Assembly Illustration

Table 1: Northern States Power - Pulverizer Performance Data



**B&W Service Company** 

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**July 2003** 

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# EXCEL ENERGY SHERBURNE COUNTY UNIT #3 CONTRACT: RB-566

# PULVERIZER PERFORMANCE DATA ROTATING VS. STATIONARY THROAT

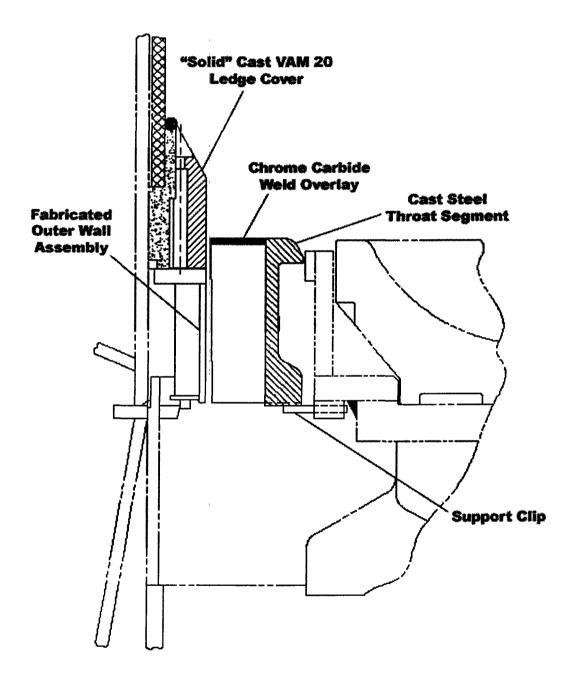
Mill #	3-10	3-10
Test#	1	1
Test Date	2/4/92	8/25/92
THROAT TYPE	<b>B&amp;W STATIONARY</b>	B&W ROTATING*
Coal Flow lb/hr	124850	125000
Air Flow lb/hr	226631	227500
Inlet Air Temp. °F	619	570
Mill Outlet Temp. °F	147	145
Pulverizer Differential In. Wc.	14.3	9.7
Pulverizer Motor Current - Amps	83.4	90.0
% Passing 50 Mesh	99.9	99.9
% Passing 100 Mesh	95.3	94.5
% Passing 200 Mesh	75.8	74.5

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Low Pressure Drop" Design including CCW Vane Orientation

**NOTE**: No change in grinding elements or classifier vane settings were made after installation of the rotating throat.

TABLE 1

**B&W Service Company** 



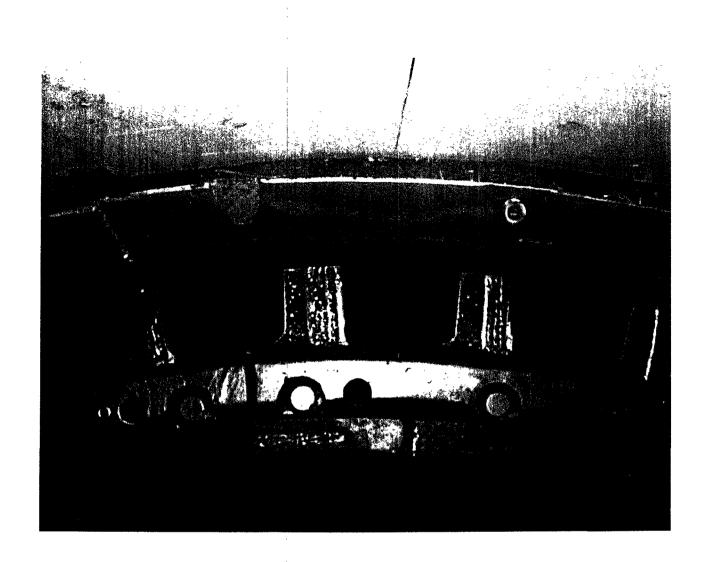


**B&W Service Company** 

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# EXISTING OPERATING DATA B&W ROLL WHEEL TYPE PULVERIZER

The following data (provided by the customer) is required by B&W to size the port area for the rotating throat:

1.	Normal full load coal flow per pulverizer
2.	Normal full load air flow per pulverizer
3.	Pulverizer inlet/outlet air temperature at above normal full load coal and air flow
4.	Mill differential pressure at normal full load coal flow
5.	Mill inlet static pressure at normal full load coal flow (high side of mill differential pressure
6.	Maximum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated
7.	Minimum coal flow at which pulverizer is operated
8.	Number of coal pipes in service per pulverizer
9.	Raw coal hardgrove grindability
10.	Raw coal total/surface moisture
11.	Raw coal ash content
12.	Rank of fuel
13.	Is there a significant amount of pyrites, rock or tramp iron in the coal?
14.	Existing Fineness / Desired Fineness
15.	What is the major goal of installing rotating throats ie; reduce mill pressure drop, reduce grinding zone erosion, improve fineness?

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January 15, 2004

# EXISTING OPERATING DATA B&W ROLL WHEEL TYPE PULVERIZER

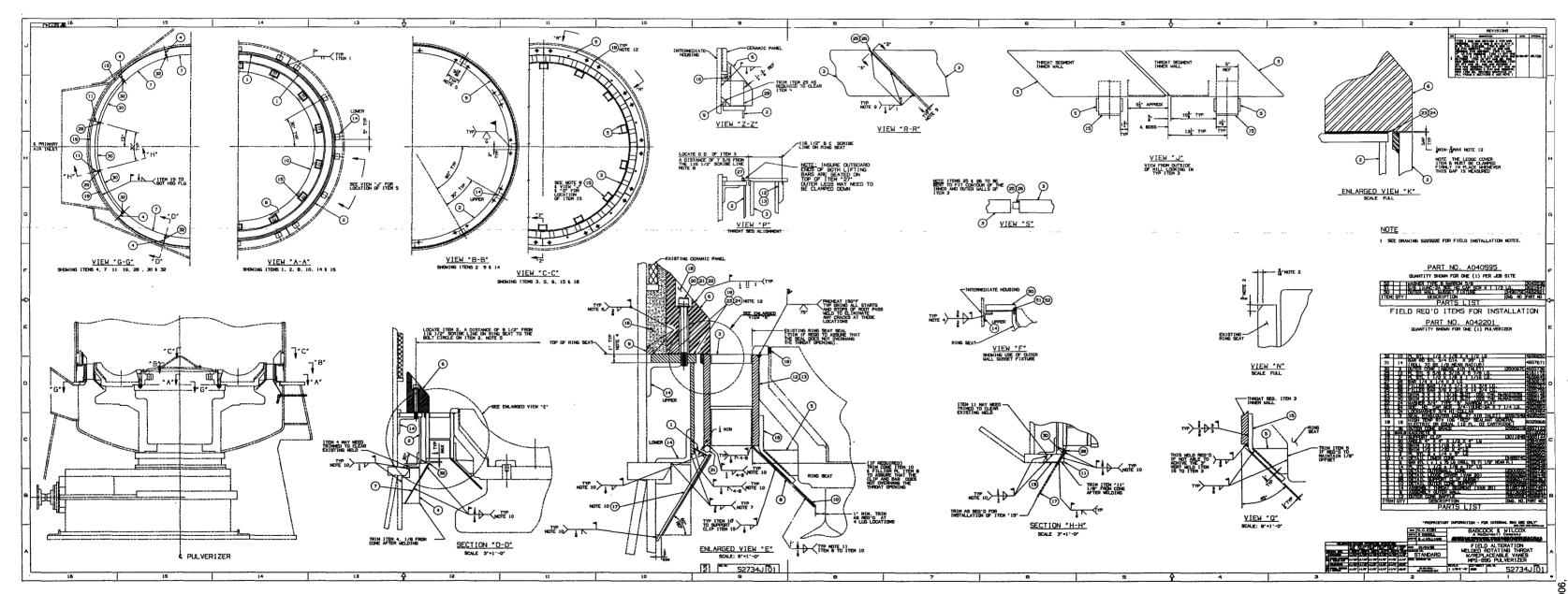
The following data (provided by the customer) is required by B&W to size the port area for the rotating throat:

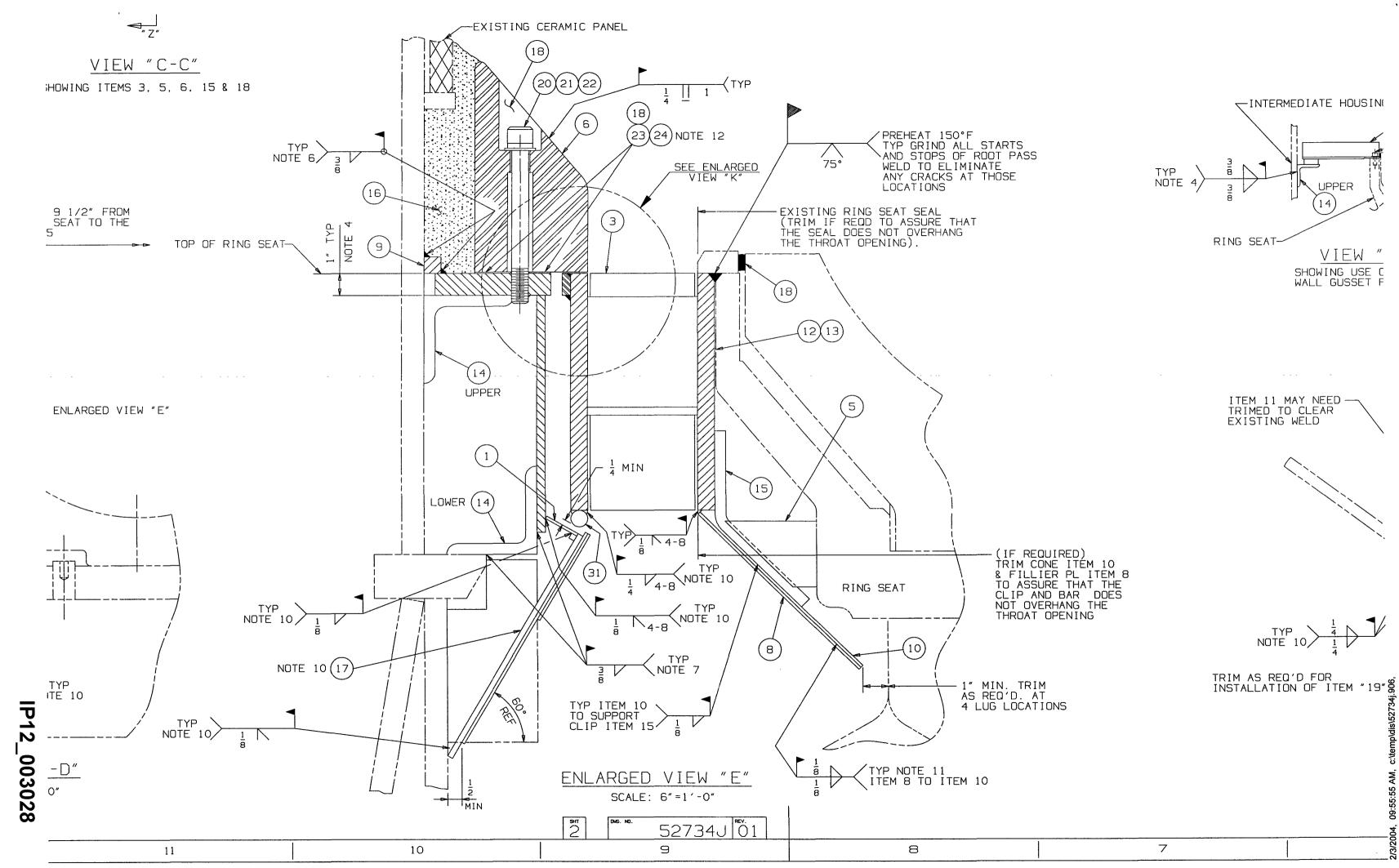
1.	Normal full load coal flow per pulverizer
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14.	Existing Fineness / Desired Fineness
15.	What is the major goal of installing rotating throats ie; reduce mill pressure drop, reduce grinding zone erosion, improve fineness?

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January 15, 2004

Kert Kule 435-748-6520





- 07-0ct-04 10: 29: 31

Unit 1 Pulv data Printed out for: PHIL-H O Messages U1 Pulv 2

07-0ct-04 10: 29: 31

Unit 1 939.0 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Motors						TECO	TECO	
Pulv Status	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	NO	NO	ON
Feeder Speed	77.3	8.87	0.0	79.2	79.5	77.4	8.87	81.9
Amps	59.7	0.89	0.0	69.5	68.7	28.7	47.5	66.7
Stator Temp (C)	87.3	2.66	33.7	112.	123.	81.3	61.9	132.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	152.	146.	6.77	142.	164.	149.	142.	131.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	123.	.36.	75.6	121.	153.	134.	126.	141.
Rotating Throat			Tech		ВРІ		В&м ВВ	B&W
Backplate Ave T	954.	848.	974.	. 906	952.	. 768	. 068	916.
SA Damper Pos	73.1	73.2	35.8	73.3	73.4	77.1	72.8	74.0
SA Windbox Press	2.5	2.1	0.2	2.3	2.2	2.6	0.0	1.4
Coal Pipe Ave T	633.	617.	607.	626.	637.	633.	614.	613.
								man de la companya de
Previous Rotating	61						Alstom	SW

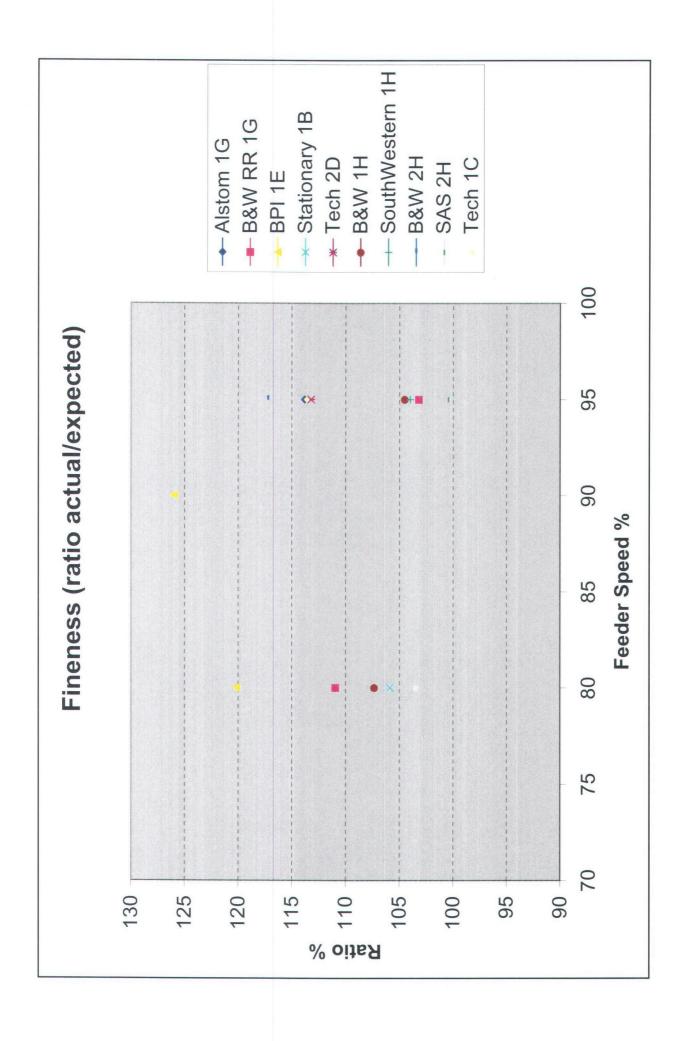
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Printed out for: PHIL-H - 07-Oct-04 10: 29: 43 O Messages U2 PULV 2 Unit 2 Pulv Data

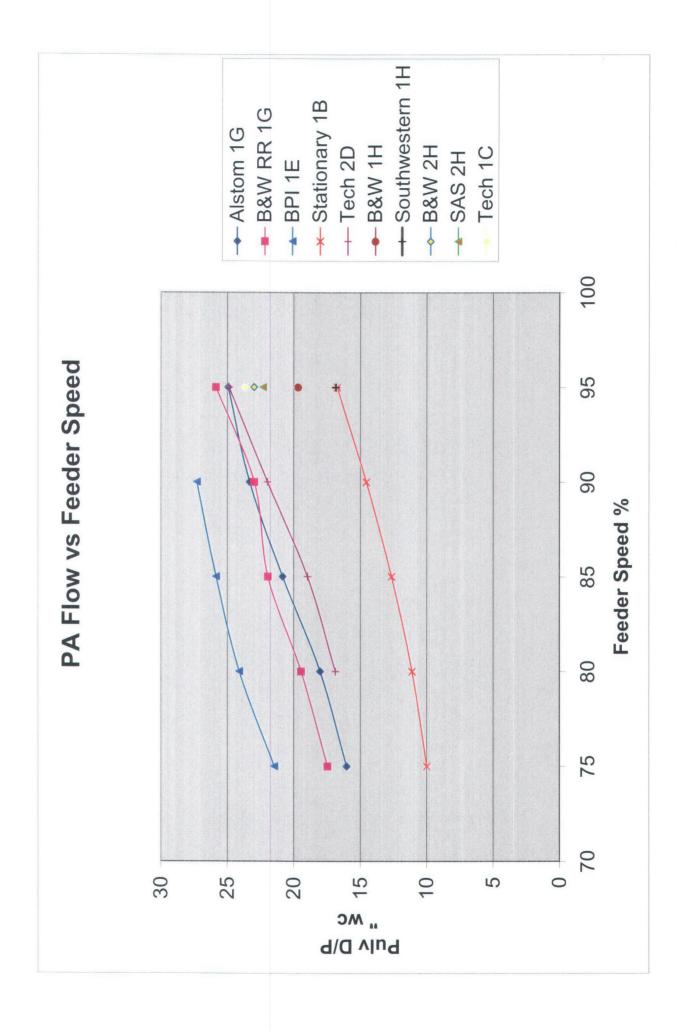
07-0ct-04 10: 29: 43

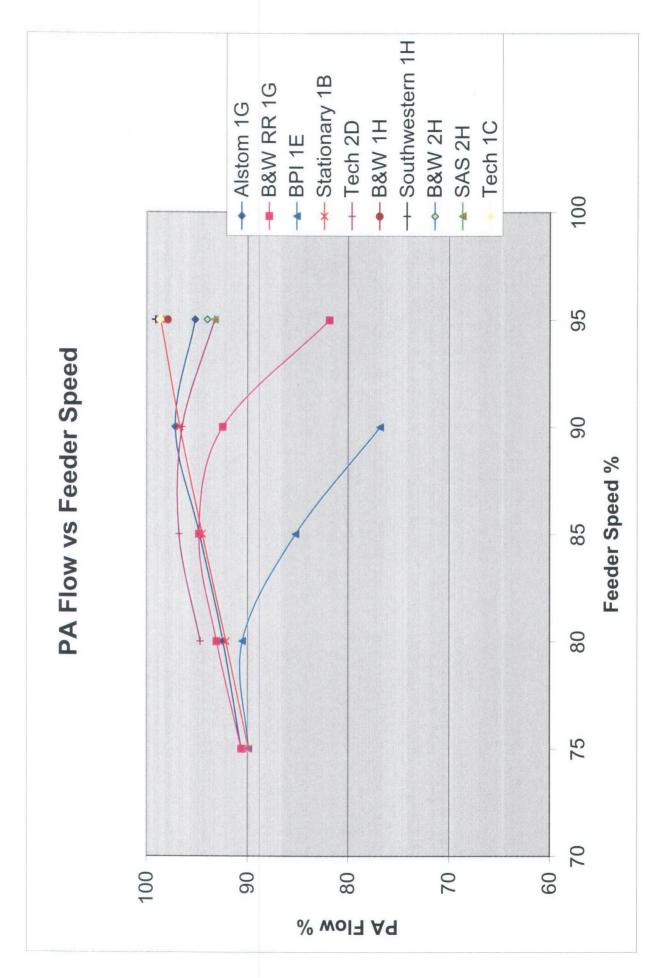
Unit 2 940.0 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Pulv Status	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON
Feeder Speed	0.2	77.8	80.7	77.3	77.1	73.7	73.4	71.2
Amps	0.0	60.1	62.6	68.1	59.2	62.9	62.6	69.8
Stator Temp (C)	55.4	99.0	101	124.	85.9	116.	98.8	106.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	97.7	144.	158.	160.	143.	161.	167.	167.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	93.3	124.	136.	146.	132.	129.	135.	147.
Rotating Throat		B&W RR		Tech	B&W RR			B&W
Backplate Ave T	147.	435.	21.	0.	25.	354.	59.	0.
SA Damper Pos	25.0	72.9	77.3	76.9	77.4	72.0	67.8	66.3
SA Windbox Press	0.0	2.1	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.0	2.7
Coal Pipe Ave T	0.	713.	41.	173.	37.	699.	44.	0.
Previous Rotatin	9							SAS

EndTim= 07-Oct-04 10: 29: 43 /EvalTim= 07-Oct-04 10: 29: 43 /PanRate= 0



Test#	Stationary	Stationary	Tech	Stationary	BPI	Stationary	B&W RR	B&W
Date Tested	7/7/2003	7/7/2003	7/9/2003	7/9/2003	7/2/2003	7/7/2003	8/19/2004	7/8/2003
Unit	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mill	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н
% Feeder Speed	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Actual % Through 200 Mesh	73.90	68.20	70.60	68.80	75.40	74.00	67.98	68.90
Expected % Through 200 Mesh	62.26	64.41	68.22	67.12	62.74	62.67	61.27	64.19
HGI	44.0	45.7	48.1	47.4	44.8	44.0	43.3	45.1
Total Moisture	7.79	8.66	8.16	8.44	9.15	7.36	8.38	7.83
Air Dry Loss	6.46	7.30	6.89	7.07	7.59	5.92	6.18	6.32
As Received Btu	11,867	11,782	11,932	11,969	11,519	12,118	11,600	11,980
	11,007	11,702	11,002	11,000	11,010	12,110	11,000	11,500
Test Period Average Data								
Test								
Unit Pulv	1/A	1/B	1/C	1/D	1/E	1/F	1/G	1/H
% Feeder Speed	79.71	83.08	81.37	81.74	80.32	80.51	79.89	82.53
Actual Pulv Coal Flow (tph)	54.17	53.60	55.33	55.56	54.62	54.73	54.35	56.12
PA Damper Position (%)	75.51	82.06	98.98	77.43	87.74	75.59	81.25	83.65
PA Flow (%)	92.14	92.16	92.42	94.29	91.38	91.63	92.45	91.32
PA Inlet Damper Temp (DEGF)	300.77	322.53	325.48	310.52	316.49	322.19	328.74	351.64
PA D/P (INWC)	16.94	18.12	25.16	19.80	20.30	17.77	18.64	21.53
Disch Temp (DEGF)	150.00	151.07	150.92	150.03	150.94	151.02	150.53	149.74
Pulv Motor (amps)	68.48	58.57	67.91	61.27	79.34	64.04	46.82	61.57
PA Mass Flowrate (lb/min)	3709	3639	3624	3663	3617	3596	3653	3653
air to fuel ratio	2.02	1.93	1.98	2.01	1.98	1.99		
Pulv hrs since 30K Overhaul	12395	15858	6315				2.02	1.94
				2481	1884	13380	585	834
Pulv H amp swing	9.24	6.16	7.96	6.78	10.63	8.71	3.76	5.84
PA Duct Pressure (INWC)	47.82	48.27	46.30	46.22	43.70	48.24	46.21	47.30
Hydraulic Skid Press FeedBack	2297	2219	392	2209	2159	2383	2102	2329
Hydraulic Skid Press Set Pt	2388	2400	2399	2400	2388	2398	2393	2400
Test								
Mill	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
* Contract % Through 200 Mesh @ 95 % FDR SPEED	70	70	70	<b>7</b> 0	70	70	70	70
HGI Correction	0.880	0.914	0.962	0.948	0.896	0.880	0.866	0.902
Moisture Correction	0.975	0.967	0.971	0.969	0.964	0.981	0.978	0.977
Fineness Correction	1.118	1.086	1.028	1.045	1.111	1.112	1.133	1.090
Expected % Through 200 Mesh (Good @ 65 tph only)	62.26	64.41	68.22	67.12	62.74	62.67	61.27	64.19
Actual % Through 200 Mesh	73.90	68.20	70.60	68.80	75.40	74.00	67.98	68.90
Difference	11.64	3.79	2.38	1.68	12.66	11.33	6.71	4.71
Ratio	118.69	105.88	103.49	102.50	120.18	118.07	110.96	107.35
% Retained on 30 & 50 Mesh	0.20	0.30	0.30	0.10	0.00	0.20	0.21	0.10
Actual % Through 50 Mesh	99.60	99.50	99.30	99.00	99.70	99.50	99.79	98.90
Actual % Through 100 Mesh	96.70	94.60	95.90	95.70	97.20	96.80	95.78	95.70
*Contract coal - 48 HGI and air dry loss < 4%.								
Expected is found from fineness correction vs % through 200 mesh graph.								
,	A PULV	B PULV	C PULV	D PULV	E PULV	F PULV	G PULV	H PULV
Fineness Correction	1.118422	1.086172	1.027619	1.044731	1.111325	1.112265	1.133250	1.089580
Expected	62.26	64.41	68.22	67.12	62.74	62.67	61.27	64.19
		V I.TI	· · · · · ·	<u>.</u>	VE.17	02.01	01.21	UT. 10







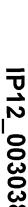
### The Babcock & Wilcox Company Generating Powerful Solutions\*

# Quotation No. 00033501

#### Replacement Parts Customer Copy

B&W CONTACT INFORMATION	QUOTE PREPARED FORCUSTOMER RFQ REF.#: STATIONARY THROAT ASSY	GENERAL INFORMATION
TELEPHONE: (800) 354-4400  NEW QUOTATIONS AND ORDERS: OPTION 2  QUOTE AND ORDER STATUS: OPTION 2  PROBLEM RESOLUTION: OPTION 3	ATTENTION: ALAN DEWSNUP 850 WEST BRUSH WELLMAN ROAD	B&W CUSTOMER NUMBER: U041681001 SALESMAN: D DALLOF TAKEN BY: SME1
REISSUE OF DOCUMENTATION: OPTION 4  FAX: (330) 860-9350  WEB SITE: WWW.BABCOCK.COM	DELTA, UT 84624-9522	PAYMENT TERMS: 0.00% 0 DAYS, NET 30 FREIGHT: PREPAID & ADD FOB: POINT OF SHIPMENT
MAIL ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 665	E-MAILED TO:	OEM CONTRACT REF.#: RB-614/15
BARBERTON, OH 44203-0665	DPMENSTER@BABCOCK.COM	QUOTE VALID UNTIL: 10/16/2004

ITEM	#	DESCRIPTION	B&W PART NO. CUSTOMER PART NO.	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	EXT'D PRICE LEADTIME
001	PATITEI PATITEI .	E PRICE OF ITEM ONE INCLUDES CHARGES TO ESTABLISH A NEW ITERN. THE FIRST PURCHASE OF THIS ITEM WOULD BE AT THE M ONE PRICE. SUBSEQUENT PURCHASE WOULD NOT INCLUDE ITERN CHARGES AND WOULD BE PURCHASED AT THE PRICE SHOWN IS M TWO.  PLACEMENT STATIONARY THROAT ASSEMBLY LOWER THROAT SEGMENTS HIGH TEMP IRON ALLOY		1 EA	\$78,660.00 0	\$78,660.00 28 WEEKS
	* 14 * AL NO EST	UPPER THROAT SEGMENTS VAM 20 LEDGE COVER SEGMENTS VAM 20 LL NECESSARY HARDWARE TE: THE PRICE FOR THIS ITEM INCLUDES TOOLING CHARGES TO TABLISH A NEW PATTERN.				
002	* 7	PLACEMENT STATIONARY THROAT ASSEMBLY LOWER THROAT SEGMENTS HIGH TEMP IRON ALLOY 4 UPPER THROAT SEGMENTS VAM 20	00033501002	1 EA	\$58,330.00 0	\$58,330.00 28 WEEKS





# Quotation No. 00033501

### Replacement Parts Customer Copy

TEM 7	DESCRIPTION	B&W PART NO.	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	EXT'D PRICE
		CUSTOMER PART NO.	1	UNIT WEIGHT	LEADTIME
	* 14 LEDGE COVER SEGMENTS VAM 20				
	* ALL NECESSARY HARDWARE				
03	LOT,MATERIAL SURCHARGE	2363940	1 LT	\$0.00	\$0.00
	DUE TO THE PRICE VOLATILITY OF THE STEEL MARKET, THE PRICE			0 1.	0 DAYS
	AND DELIVERY OF THE ABOVE ITEM(S) MAY BE ADJUSTED AT THE				
	TIME OF ORDER BASED ON APPLICABLE MATERIAL SURCHARGES. NO				
	FABRICATION WILL BE RELEASED PRIOR TO YOUR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT				
	AND APPROVAL OF THE SAME.				
			TO.	TAL PRICE	\$136,990.00
-			£ 3==		• • •

WHEN COMMUNICATING WITH B&W, PLEASE USE THE B&W QUOTATION NUMBER AND B&W PART NUMBERS HIGHLIGHTED ABOVE. ANY DEVIATIONS IN THE QUANTITY OF ITEMS ORDERED FROM THE QUANTITY OF ITEMS QUOTED MAY CAUSE A CHANGE IN PRICE AND DELIVERY. THE SHIP DATE STATED WITH EACH ITEM ABOVE IS BASED ON THE RECEIPT DATE OF YOUR PURCHASE ORDER AND QUOTED LEADTIMES.



#### **Babcock & Wilcox**

#### Quotation

**Customer Copy** 

**B&W Service Company Replacement Parts** No. 00027660

B&W CONTACT INFORMATION	QUOTE PREPARED FOR CUSTOMER REQ REF.#: LOWER THROAT SEGMENTS	GENERAL INFORMATION
TELEPHONE: (800) 354-4400  NEW QUOTATIONS AND ORDERS: OPTION 1  QUOTE AND ORDER STATUS: OPTION 2  PROBLEM RESOLUTION: OPTION 3	INTERMOUNTAIN POWER SERVICE ATTENTION: ALANDEWSNUP 850 WEST BRUSH WELLMAN ROAD	B&W CUSTOMER NUMBER: U041681001 SALESMAN: D DALLOF TAKEN BY: SAR1
PEISSUE OF DOCUMENTATION: OPTION 4  FAX: (330) 860-9350  WEB SITE: WWW.BABCOCK.COM	DELTA, UT 84624-9522	PAYMENTTERMS: 0.00% 0 DAYS, NET 30 FREIGHT: PREPAID & ADD FOB: POINT OF SHIPMENT
MAIL ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 665	E-MAILED TO:	OEM CONTRACT REF.#: PB-614-615
* BARBERTON, OH 44203-0665	DPMENSTER@BABCOCK.COM	QUOTE VALID UNTIL: 07/25/2003

ITEM	*	DESCRIPTION	B&W PART NO.	QUANTITY	UNITPRICE	EXT DPRICE
			CUSTOMER PART NO.	]	UNIT WEIGHT	LEADTIME
	IM WE AS	OTE: DUE TO THE EXTENSIVE LEADTIME AND PATTERN CHARGES VOLVED WITH ITEM ONE (STATIONARY LOWER THROAT SEGMENTS), E ARE OFFERING ITEM TWO (LOW PRESSURE DROP ROTATING THROAT) S AN ALTERNATE. THIS ITEM IS BEING QUOTED AT A REDUCED RICE FROM OUR OFFERING LAST YEAR				
	ON SE	OWER THROAT SEGMENTS VAM20 NE COMPLETE LOWER THROAT RING, CUT INTO SEVEN INDIVIDUAL EGMENTS FOR EASE OF INSTALLATION. SEGMENTS MACHINED FOR PLICE PLATES TO SECURE THE ASSEMBLY.	00027660001	1 EA	\$39,525 <i>0</i> 0 0	\$3 9,525.00 20 WEEKS
	B8	.TERNATE TO ITEM 00 1 kW CAST, "LOW PRESSURE DROP" ROTATING THROAT ASSEMBLY. G GENERALLY DESCRIBED IN OUR PREVIOUS QUOTATION 023684.	00027660002	1 LT	\$38,750.00 0	\$38,750.00 <b>20 WEEKS</b>
				то	TAL PRICE	\$39,525.00
		`				
		BRICATING WITH RAW PIEASE INS THE RAW OURT ATON MIRHER AND RAW PAST MINNESS HIGH IG			···········	

PAGE 1 OF 3

THANK YOU FOR YOUR INQUIRY NOTWITHSTANDING THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS ON YOUR FEQUEST FOR QUOTATION WE ARE PROCESSING THIS QUOTATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED ON THE LAST PAGE OF THIS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT. SUCH TERMS SHALL APPLY TO ALL GOODS AND SERVICES PROVIDED HEREUNDER. PLEASE NOTIFY US IMMEDIATELY IF YOU HAVE ANY OBJECTIONS.

13:21 58 07/08/2003

27-Aug-04 08: 16: 54 27-Aug-04 08: 23: 30 27-Aug-04 08: 24: 03 Mayor Wet \$ 953.0 27-Aug-04 08: 26: 01 76. 74. 73. 75. 76. 75. 1SGAPEFORE 1SGAPEFDRC 1SGAPEFDRE) 1SGAPEFDRD 1SGAPEFORA 1SGAPEFDRE 1SGAPEFDRE) TTITTITION 1 SGAPEFORG 1COAXIO27A o Fle Spel. × 4WK/div 1 90 /648 U1 Pulv Operating data 4wk/div 4wk/div \* \* × 29-May-04 08: 24: 03 29-May-04 08: 23: 30 08: 26: 01 0.0 10b 100 . გზ 100× 100. 100. × . 88 29-May-04 90 90 <u>ත්</u> 90. 100.

Int ( Feeder Treads

- 27-Aug-04 08: 16: 54

rainted out for: PHIL-H

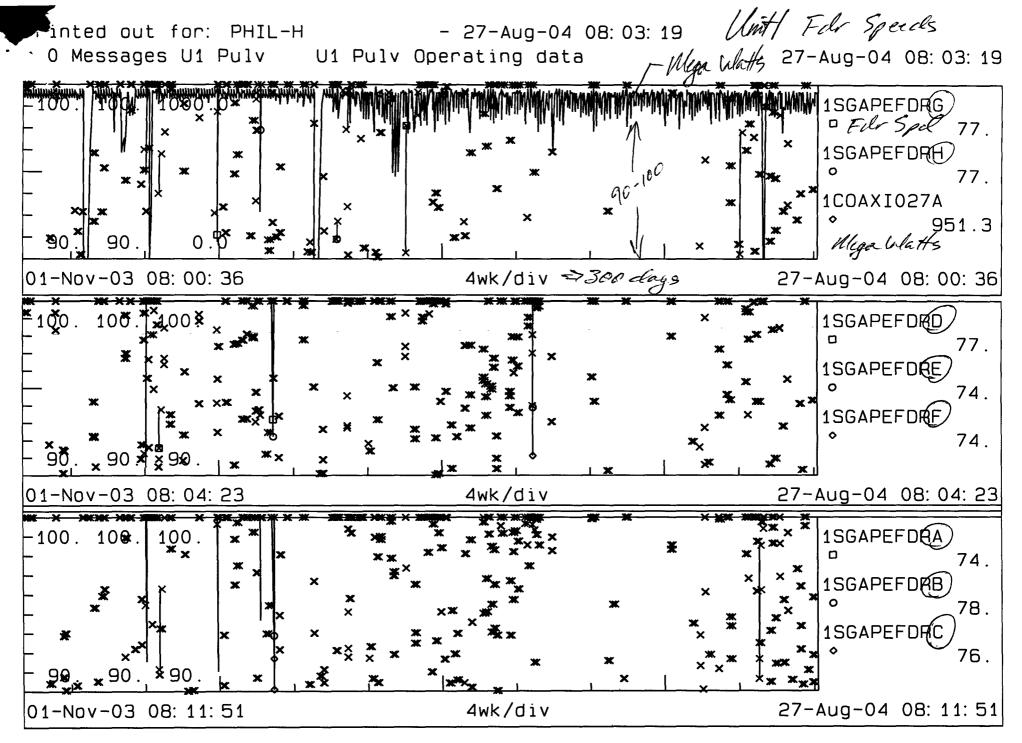
O Messages U1 Pulv

No agreement continues operation at 95% Freder Speed men a 90-day period EndTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 16: 53 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 16: 53 /PanRate=

IP12\_003040

Printed out for: PHIL-H - 27-Aug-04 08:17:00 0 Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data 27-Aug-04 08:17:00 WANT 1SGAPEFDRG 75. 1SGAPEFURH 75. 1COAXI027A 953.0 0.0 90. 90. 29-May-04 08:26:01 4wk/div 27-Aug-04 08:26:01 X X  $-100 \times 100.100.$ 1SGAPEFDRD ». × \* 76. 1SGAPEFDRE X 74.  $\times$   $\times$ 1SGAPEFDRF 71. 90. 90.  $\times \times$ 29-May-04 08:24:03 4wk/div 27-Aug-04 08:24:03 100. 100. 100. 1SGAPEFDRA ×× 73.  $\times$ 1SGAPEFDRB 76. 1SGAPEFDRC 76. 90. 90. 29-May-04 08:23:30 4wk/div 27-Aug-04 08:23:30

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 08:17:00 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 08:17:00 /PanRate= 0

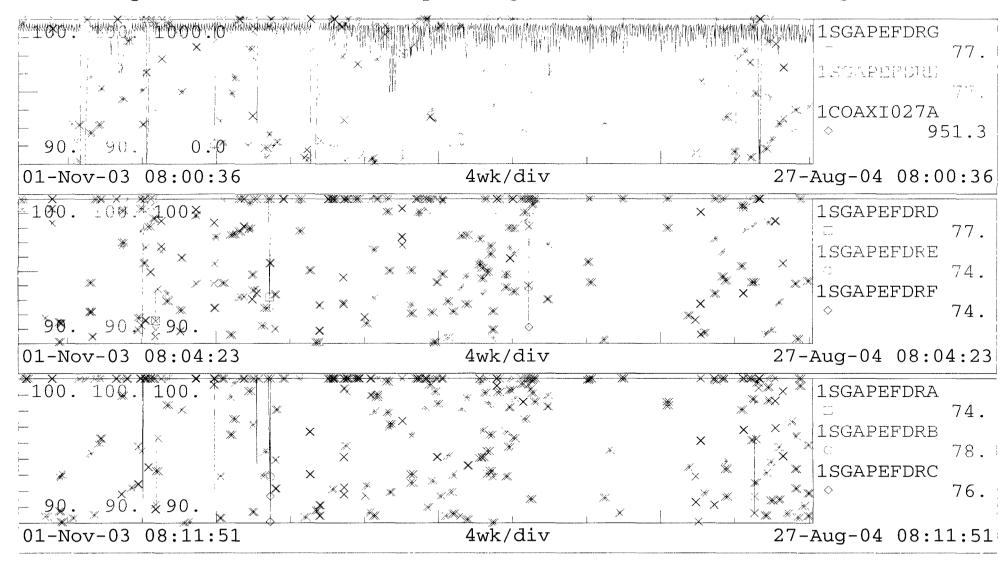


EndTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 03: 19 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 03: 19 /PanRate= 0 No apparent continuous operation at 95% Feeder Speed for 300 day period.



Printed out for: PHIL-H - 27-Aug-04 08:03:35 0 Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

27-Aug-04 08:03:35



EndTim= 27-Aug-04 08:03:35 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 08:03:35 /PanRate= 0

Sinted out for: PHIL-H

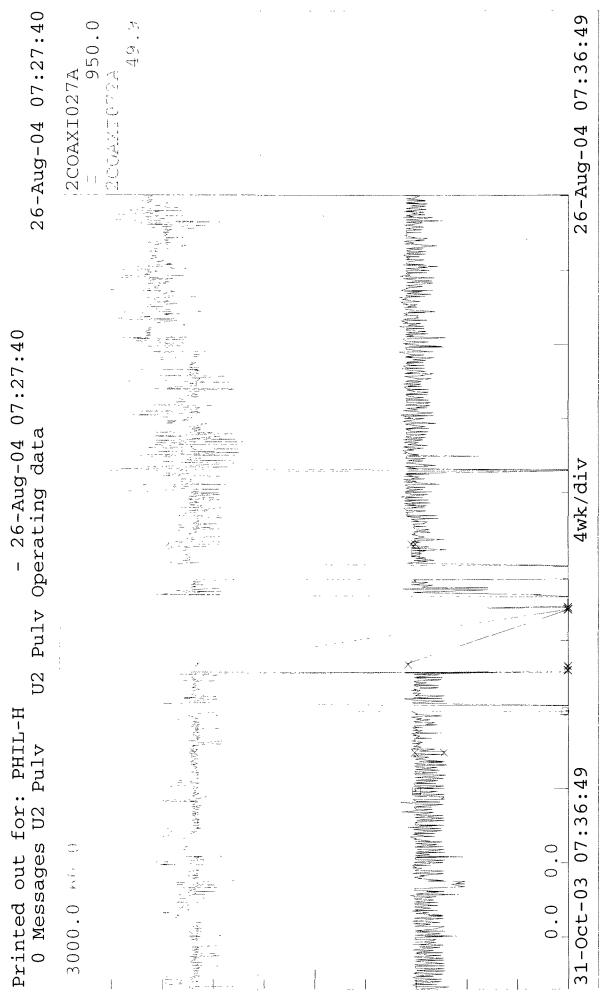
O Messages U2 Pulv ( U2 P)ulv Operating data 26-Aug-04 07: 41: 01 3000.0 60.0 2COAXIO27A 950.0 2COAXIO72A 49.8 0.0 0.0 26-Aug-04 07: 46: 58 4wk/div 31-0ct-03 07: 46: 58

- 26-Aug-04 07: 41: 01

Mint 2

EndTim= 26-Aug-04 07: 41: 01 /EvalTim= 26-Aug-04 07: 41: 01 /PanRate= 0

Duct Pressure has been > 44" we for months. No correlation w/B? W Throats (16, 2E)



/PanRate= 07:27:40 EndTim= 26-Aug-04 07:27:40 /EvalTim= 26-Aug-04

inted out for: PHIL-H - 27-Aug-04 08: 31: 53

O Messages U1 Pulv 2 Unit 1 Pulv data

27-Aug-04 08: 31: 53

Unit 1 ) 909.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Burner Location	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
Motors						TECO	TECO	
Pulv Status	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON
Feeder Speed	69.9	71.9	71.6	71.0	74.3	67.5	70.8	70.5
Amps	56.4	72.5	69.5	69.5	0.0	56.9	45.0	67.7
Stator Temp (C)	95.0	99.0	117.	111.	63.6	69.8	58.8	130.
Mtr Brg Temp-IB	153.	147.	146.	144.	92.9	143.	140.	132.
Mtr Brg Temp-OB	123.	136.	138.	120.	92.1	129.	125.	139.
Rotating Throat			(Tech)		(BPI)	(	B&W RR	B&W
Backplate Ave T	965.	867.	895.	925.	1177.	923.	923.	951.
SA Damper Pos	67.6	68.0	71.6	68.2	10.0	68.1	67.8	64.7
SA Windbox Press	1.5	1.1	1.4	1.2	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.6
Coal Pipe Ave T	637.	621.	526.	630.	911.	639.	620.	621.
							Alstom	

EndTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 31: 53 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 31: 53 /PanRate= 0

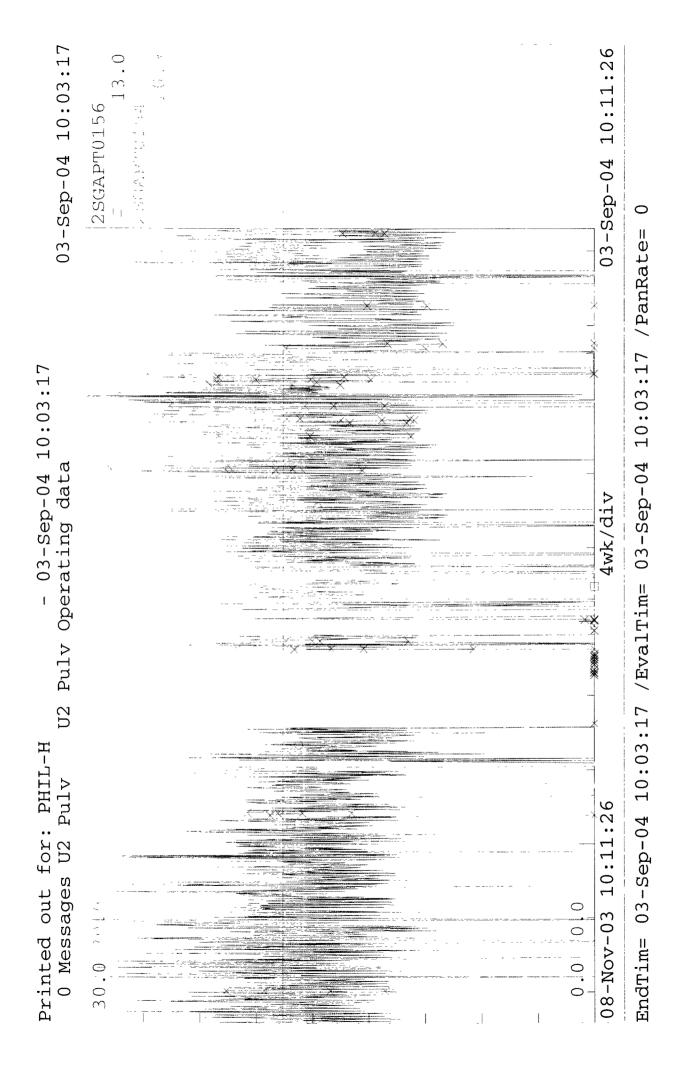
27-Aug-04 08: 32: 24 ı

27-Aug-04 08: 32: 24

Unit 2 Pulv Data Inted out for: PHIL-H O Messages U2 PULV 2

	_	_						- i
n i	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
3	3rd row Front	1st row Front	2nd row Rear	4th row Rear	4th row Front	2nd row Front	1st row Rear	3rd row Rear
	ON	OFF	ON	ON	NO	NO	NO	NO
	72.2	0.1	73.4	74.1	73.7	74.0	2.69	73.4
	64.6	0.0	61.3	67.3	8.85	66.4	65.2	72.0
	89.5	55.7	83.0	121.	€.08	156.	96.9	107.
	143.	0.38	149.	157.	138.	161.	163.	168.
	130.	79.1	126.	138	131	127.	133.	146.
				Tech (	B&W RR			
	0.	19.	16.	93.	20.	212.	38.	0.
	67.5	23.0	66.7	71.5	72.0	71.9	62.4	67.4
	1.6	0.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.6	0.8	1.5
	0.	0.	40.	173.	20.	0 .	41.	0

0 EndTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 32: 24 /EvalTim= 27-Aug-04 08: 32: 24 /PanRate=

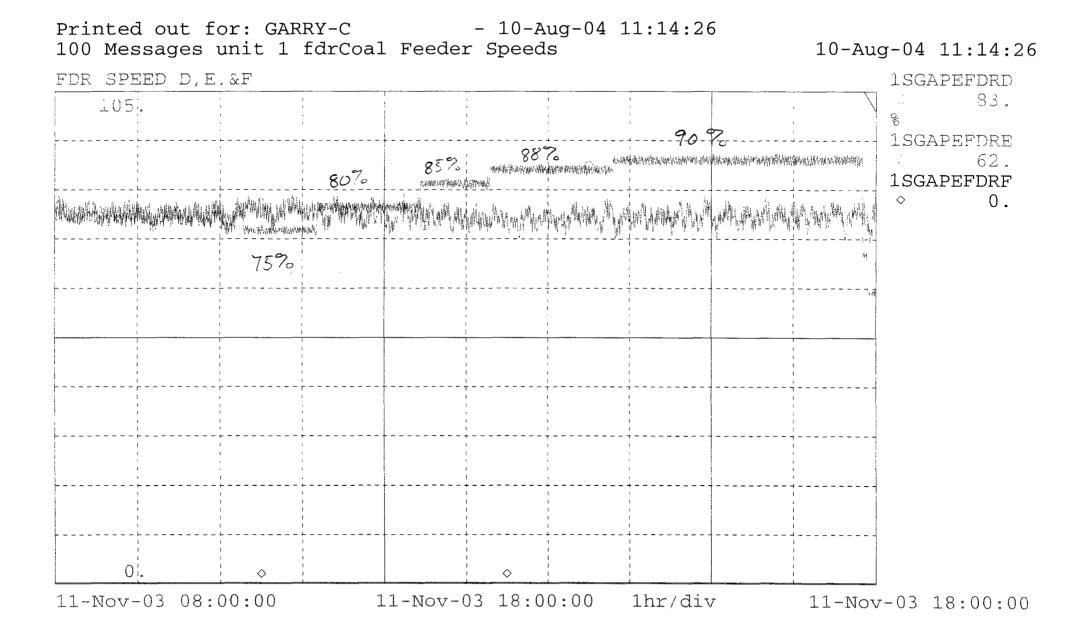


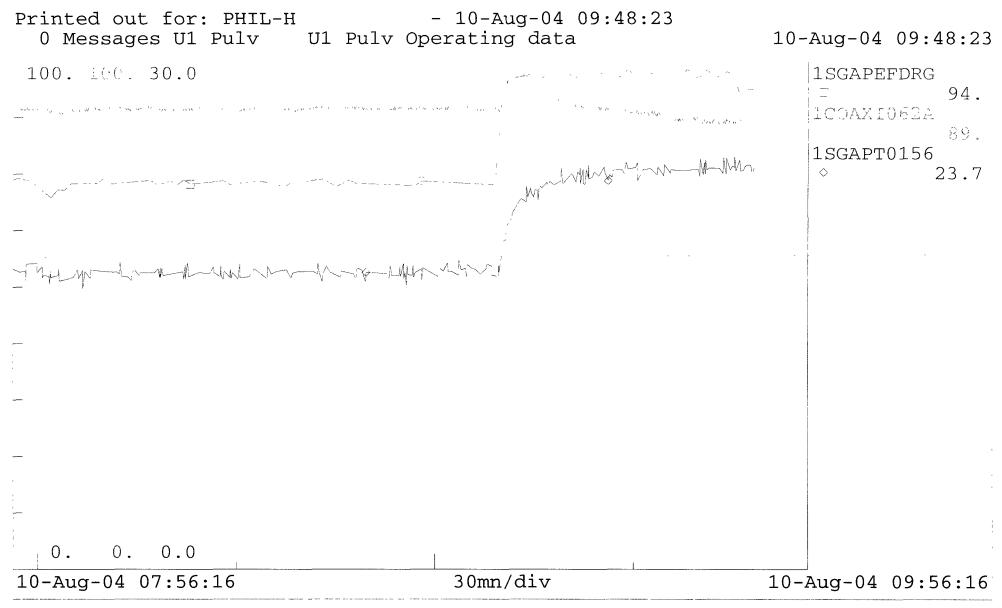
Printed out for: PHIL-H - 10-Aug-04 09:48:35

0 Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data 10-Aug-04 09:48:35

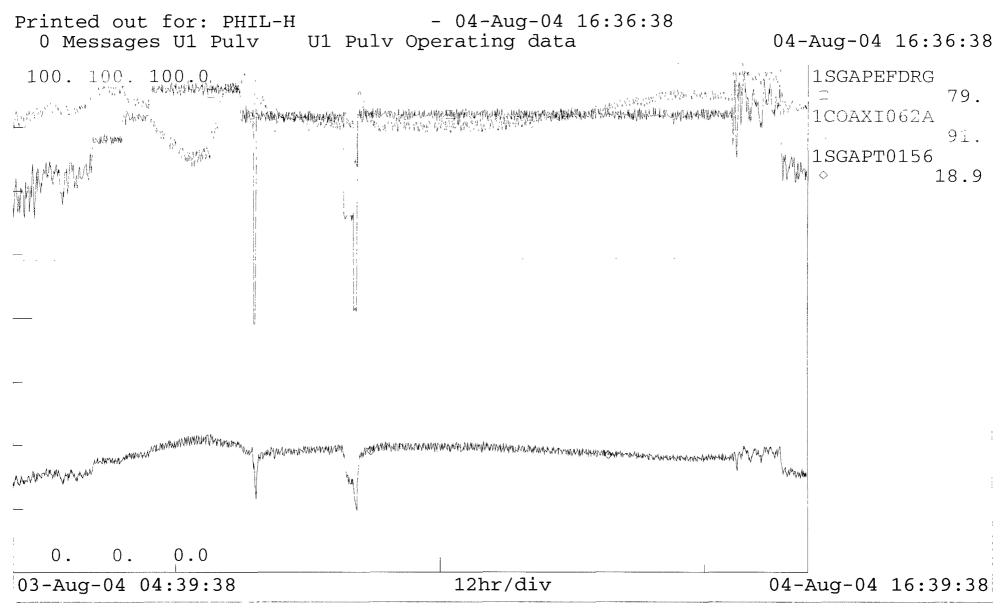
Unit 1 947.8 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	·	Pulv D		Pulv F		
Coal Flow357.6TPF	I 54.8	56.3	55.4	C.i	54.8	0.2	63.9	58.0
Feeder Speed	80.5	84.2	81.3	0.1	80.9	0.2	94.4	85.0
Amps (Duct Pr44.2)	57.9	66.9	67.2	0.0	65.9	0.0	55.7	66.5
Coal Pipe Vel	4328.	4119.	4333.	1.	4307.	1.	3872.	4385.
PA Flow %	100.	92.3	99.7	0.0	97.6	0.0	88.6	100.
PA Damper Pos	95.5	81.8	89.6	0.0	89.8	0.4	100.	100.
SA Damper Pos	77.5	77.8	81.3	51.4	77.8	25.0	90.4	78.3
PA Mass Flow	3955.	3711.	3904.	1.	3866.	1.	3471.	3955.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.29)	19.5	13.4	18.9	0.1	17.4	0.0	23.7	18.1
Air to Fuel Ratio	2.13	1.96	2.11	0.44	2.09	0.19	1.63	2.05
Pulv Inlet Temp	301.8	288.8	292.2	66.5	293.6	162.9	367.8	328.5
Pulv Outlet Temp	150.9	147.3	147.7	86.4	150.1	151.1	151.4	153.1
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	6.0	0.0	6.5	0.0	5.7	11.1	0.1	12.0
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	4.	2278.	2257.	83.	2187.	3.	2120.	2346.
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt	2400.	2400.	2400.	1149.	2400.	1149.	2400.	2400.

EndTim= 10-Aug-04 09:48:35 /EvalTim= 10-Aug-04 09:48:35 /PanRate= 0

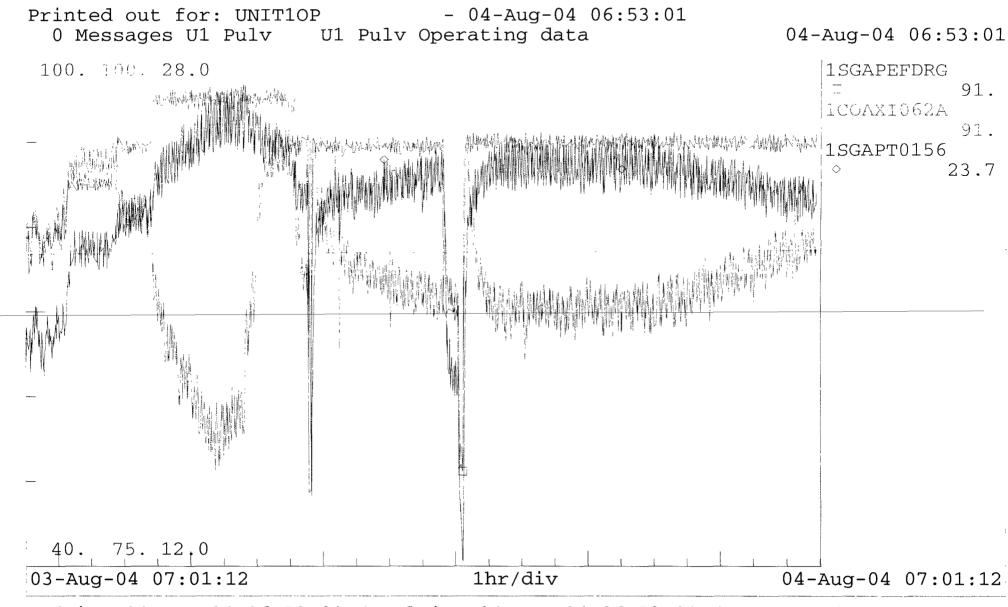




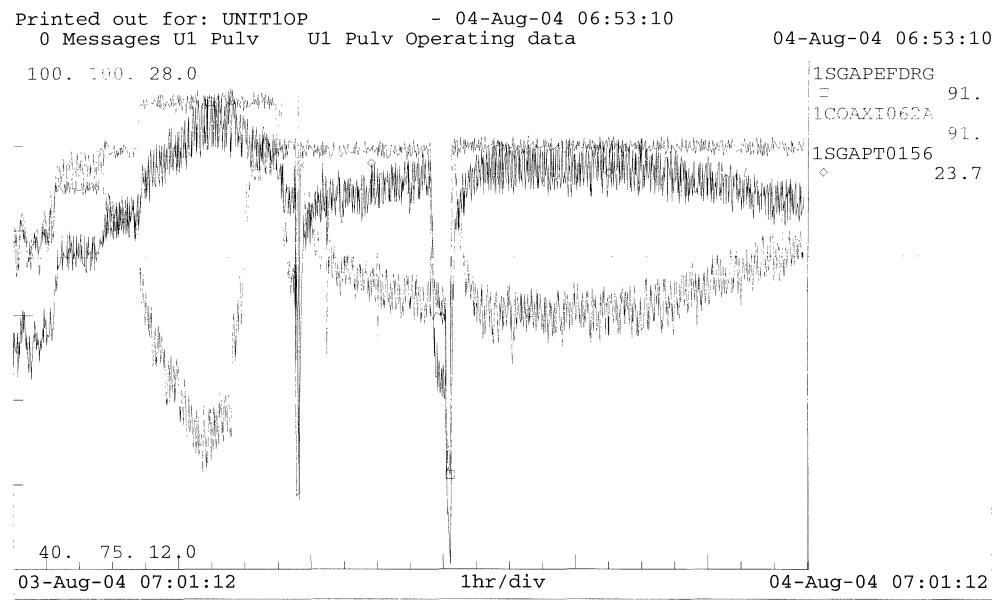
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EndTim= 04-Aug-04 16:36:38 /EvalTim= 04-Aug-04 16:36:38 /PanRate= 0



EndTim= 04-Aug-04 06:53:01 /EvalTim= 04-Aug-04 06:53:01 /PanRate= 0



EndTim= 04-Aug-04 06:53:10 /EvalTim= 04-Aug-04 06:53:10 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UOSUPER - 30-Jun-04 07:18:07

O Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data

Unit 2 926.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C		Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	
Jun 1 F. M358.4TPF	T in the	2422	10.15	, , <del>,</del>	Badi	45.1	1.4.1	····.
Feeder Speed	87.3	89.0	1.1	88.0	Calc	74.6	95.2	87.1
Amps (Duct Pr49.2	) 59.3	67.5	0.0	73 5	0.0	66.9	65.8	77.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4277.	4439.	0.	4220.	0.	4419.	4387.	4410.
PA Flow %	96.8	100.	( )	95 9	0.0	98.9	98.0	100.
(PAdamper Pos	100.	91.9	0.6	97.2	1.9	81.5	83.4	99.1
SA Damper Pos	84.3	84.5	22.1	88.3	19.0	73.2	90.1	84.4
PA Mass Flow	3812.	3955.	1.	3801.	0.	3900.	3890.	3955.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.27)	25.5	24.5	0.0	25.7	0.0	22.1	22.4	22.6
Air to Fuel Ratio	0 1.94	1.96	0.04	1.91	Calc	2.35	1.81	2.00
Pulv Inlet Temp	300.9	314.5	101.5	312.6	102.4	308.4	336.2	348.1
Pulv Outlet Temp	148.8	151.1	89.3	150.0	87.7	149.4	149.4	148.4
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-2.0	-14.	6.0	0.0
Air Bias	11.5	9.6	0.0	0.0	8.5	10.1	0.0	11.1
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2302.	2221.	0.	2401.	2314.	2191.	2376.	2260.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	2400.	1149.	1610.	1940.	2235.	2400.	2400.

30-Jun-04 07:18:07

EndTim= 30-Jun-04 07:18:07 /EvalTim= 30-Jun-04 07:18:07 /PanRate= 0

Printed out for: UOSUPER - 30-Jun-04 07:18:03

0 Messages U2 Pulv U2 Pulv Operating data 30-Jun-04 07:18:03

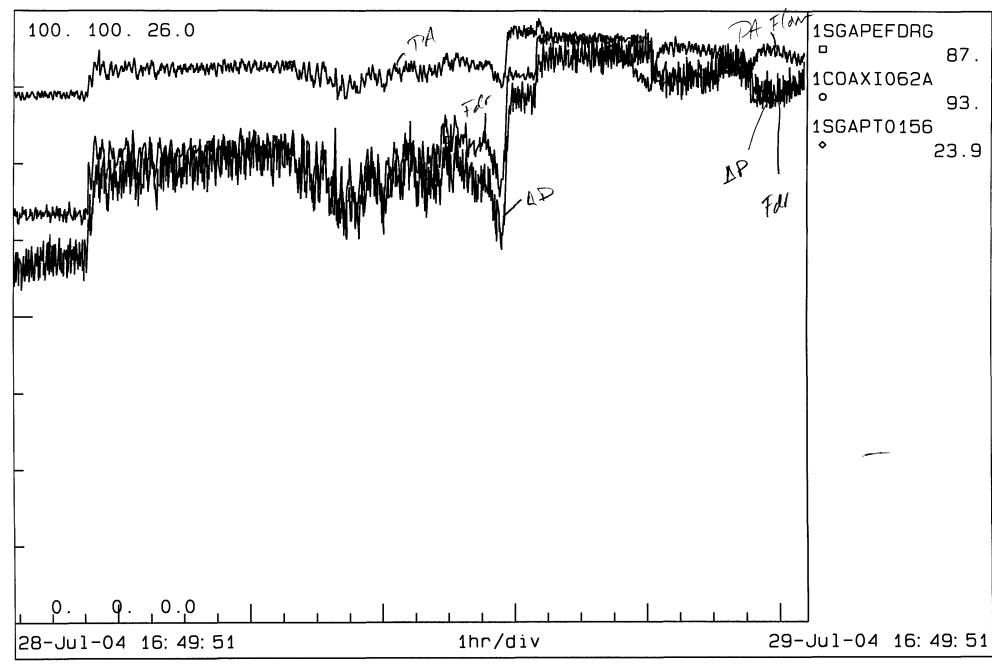
Unit 2 926.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	•	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	,,
Just Mlow358.4TPF	I	00.4	> \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\		Badī	19.0	1.4.6	Öl "."
Feeder Speed	87.3	89.0	1.1	88.0	Calc	74.6	95.2	87.1
Impo (Duct Pr49.2)	50.3	67.6	() (,	73,5	0.0	66.9	65.8	77.0
Coal Pipe Vel	4277.	4439.	0.	4220.	0.	4419.	4387.	4410.
Ph Plow %	96.8	100.	£ 13	95.9	<i>ii</i> ()	98.9	98.0	100.
(PAdamper Pos	100.	91.9	0.6	97.2	1.9	81.5	83.4	99.1
SA Damper Pos	84.3	84.5	22.1	88.3	19.0	73.2	90.1	84.4
PA Mass Flow	3812.	3955.	1.	3801.	0.	3900.	3890.	3955.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.27)	25.5	24.5	0.0	25.7	0.0	22.1	22.4	22.6
Air to Fuel Ratio	1.94	1.96	0.04	1.91	Calc	2.35	1.81	2.00
Pulv Inlet Temp	300.9	314.5	101.5	312.6	102.4	308.4	336.2	348.1
Pulv Outlet Temp	148.8	151.1	89.3	150.0	87.7	149.4	149.4	148.4
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-2.0	-14.	6.0	0.0
Air Bias	11.5	9.6	0.0	0.0	8.5	10.1	0.0	11.1
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2302.	2221.	0.	2401.	2314.	2191.	2376.	2260.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 2400.	2400.	1149.	1610.	1940.	2235.	2400.	2400.

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- 29-Jul-04 16: 44: 18

O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

29-Jul-04 16: 44: 18



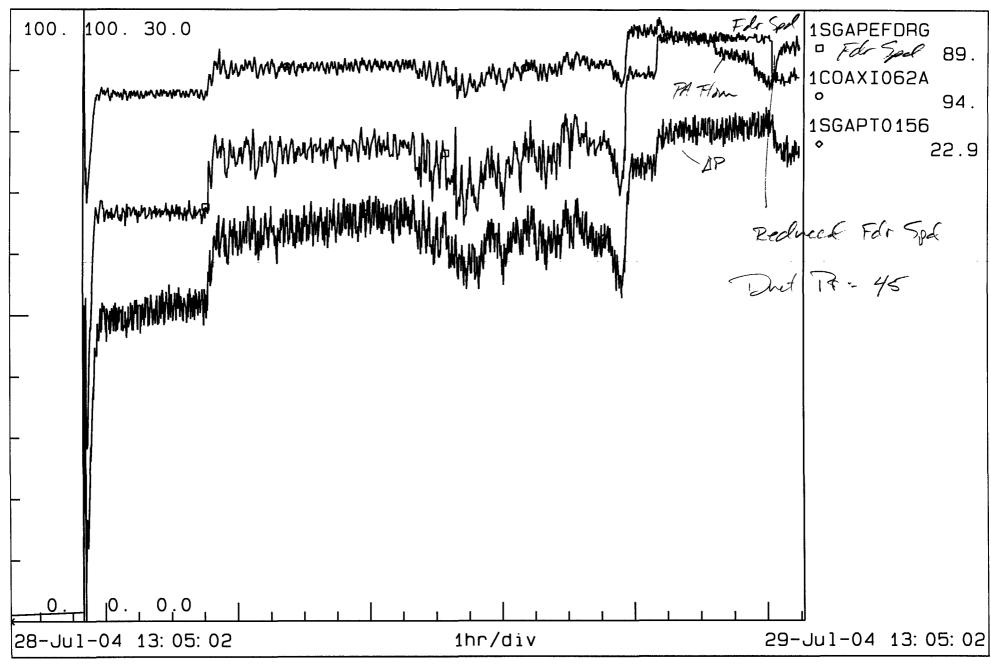
- 29-Jul-04 16: 44: 33 U1 Pulv Operating data finted out for: PHIL-H O Messages U1 Pulv

29-Jul-04 16: 44: 33

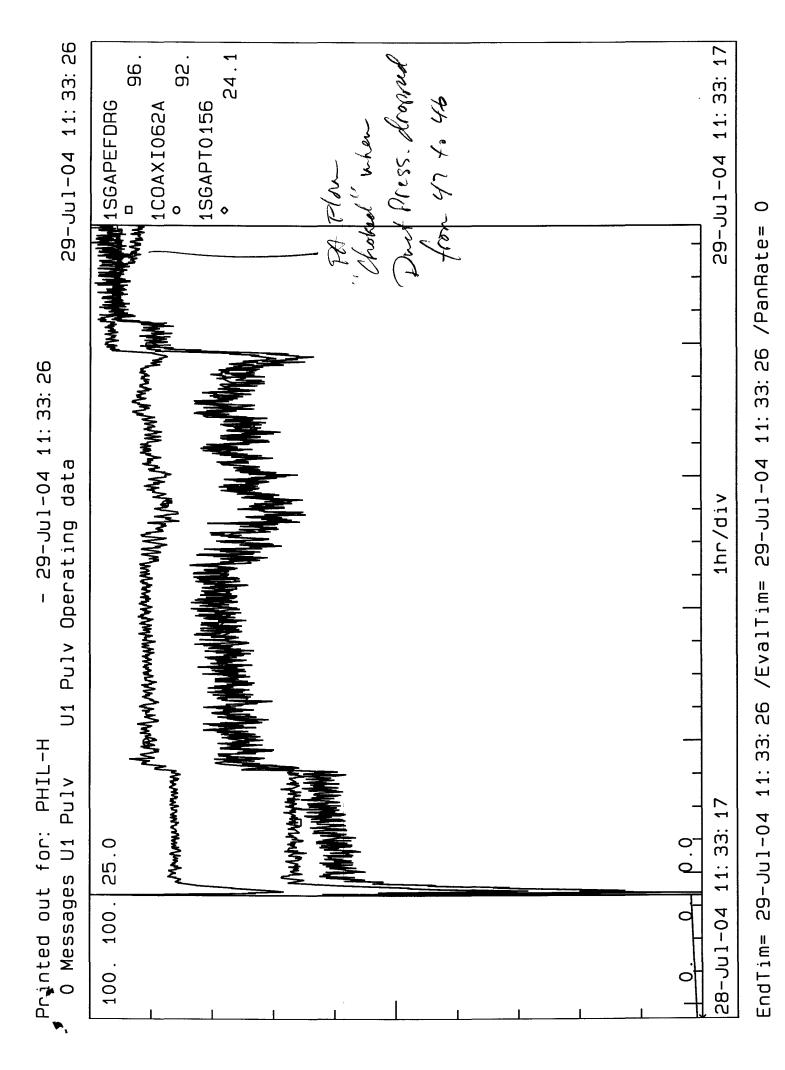
а] Flow360.8ТРН	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
	lpe	50.9	50.3	50.4	49.4	46.9	58.7	51.1
Feeder Speed	Calc	75.8	73.8	74.4	73.4	70.1	86.0	77.3
Amps (Duct Pr44.1)	0.0	66.5	63.4	64.2	63.0	47.7	47.4	66.4
Coal Pipe Vel	5.	. 3836.	. 4249.	. 6068	3938.	4398.	4099.	4340.
PA Flow %	0.1	88.5	95.4	3.88	88.0	97.9	92.3	97.3
PA Damper Pos	0.0	77.0	6.37	73.1	77.1	85.0	2.66	81.0
SA Damper Pos 3	35.0	66.8	6.07	0.79	66.9	65.5	83.3	67.7
PA Mass Flow	5.	3502.	3791.	. 7136	3508.	. 0886	. 0898	3859.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.35)	0.0	10.5	13.6	13.0	13.2	16.0	23.2	12.8
Air to Fuel Ratip Ca	Calc	2.04	5.26	5.09	2.11	2.45	1.87	2.20
Pulv Inlet Temp	87.2	279.8	2.975	8.272	278.7	278.1	320.7	289.7
Pulv Outlet Temp	92.8	150.8	150.1	149.7	150.1	150.1	150.4	151.3
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	0.0	11.7	0.1	8.7
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	8	2234.	2181.	1966.	2029.	. 4	2175.	2239.
Hyd Skid Pr Setpt 1	1149.	2282.	2250.	2256.	2197.	2111.	2400.	2291.

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O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data 29-Jul-04 12:57:05



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O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data 29-Jul-04 11: 33: 33

Unit 1 946.5 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow363.2TP	H BadI	49.8	48.9	50.0	48.4	46.5	64.6	51.2
Feeder Speed	Calc	74.5	73.8	72.1	72.3	67.5	95.7	76.3
Amps (Duct Pr46.2)	0.0	68.9	66.4	67.7	62.2	47.7	53.9	64.9
Coal Pipe Vel	5.	3915.	4242.	3930.	3886.	4338.	4076.	4297.
PA Flow %	0.1	88.3	95.5	87.8	87.7	97.6	92.8	96.7
PA Damper Pos	0.0	75.3	73.0	66.3	75.2	80.1	100.	79.0
SA Damper Pos	35.0	66.2	69.5	66.2	66.2	64.8	91.2	66.9
PA Mass Flow	5.	3492.	3790.	3478.	3472.	3875.	3635.	3860.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.35)	0.0	9.7	13.8	11.4	12.7	15.3	24.6	13.2
Air to Fuel Rati	Calc	2.08	2.26	2.13	2.12	2.53	1.67	2.21
Pulv Inlet Temp	81.5	282.3	283.9	291.8	282.0	282.2	350.5	288.2
Pulv Outlet Temp	89.1	151.3	150.6	149.7	150.8	150.3	150.3	151.5
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	0.0	11.7	0.1	8.7
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	5.	2240.	2140.	1976.	1995.	4.	2105.	2219.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 1149.	2247.	2199.	2234.	2182.	2091.	2400.	2287.

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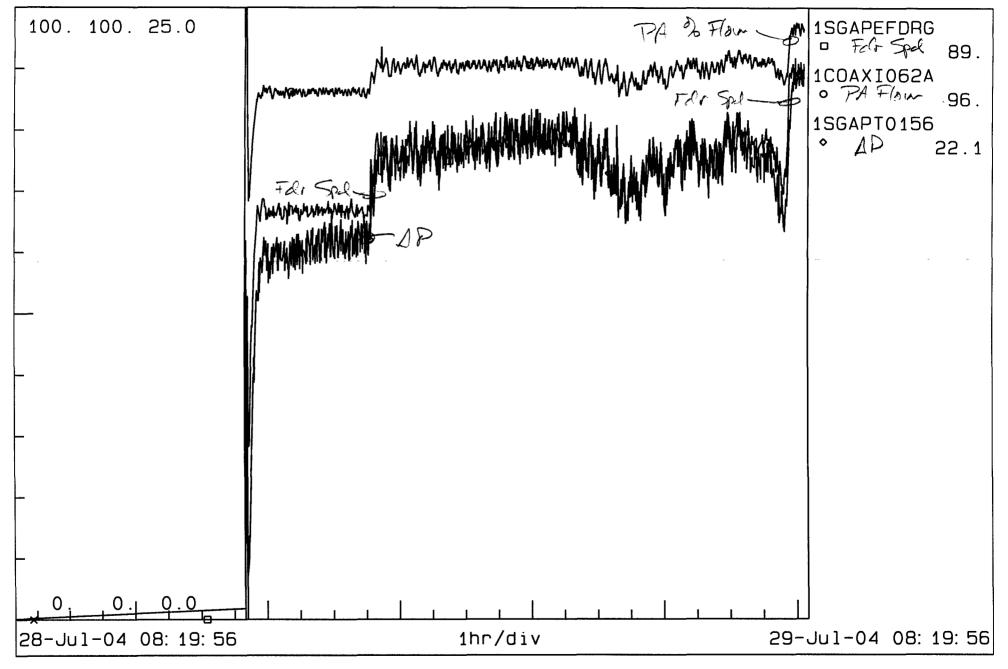
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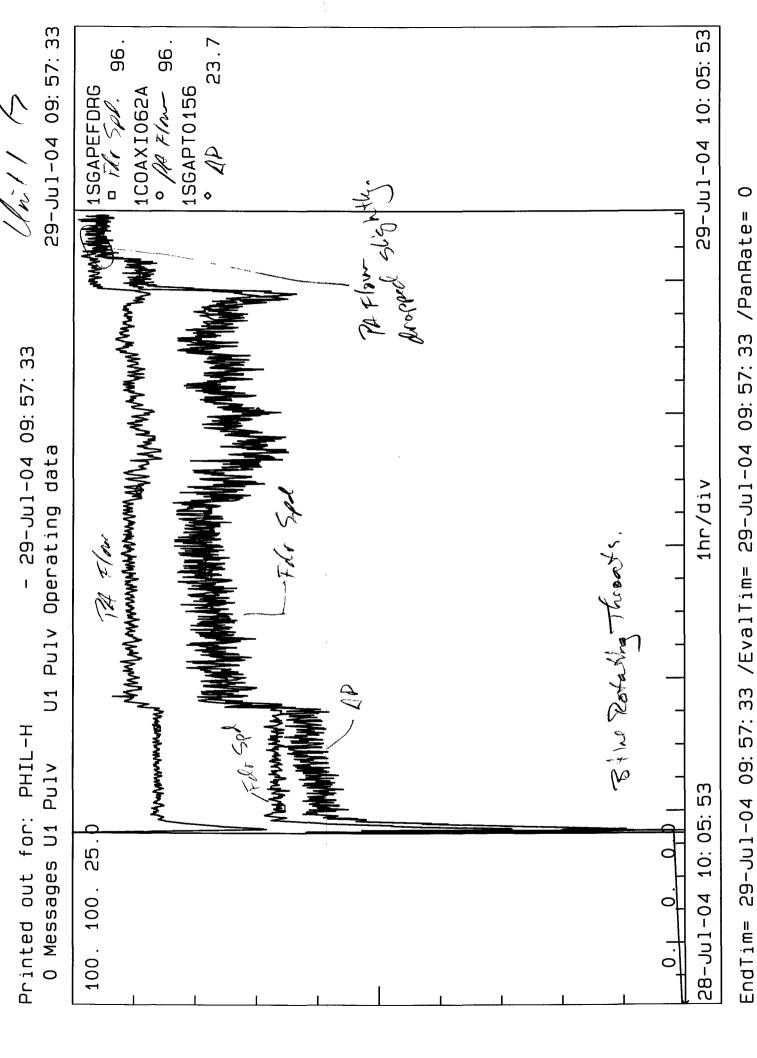
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16 Bilal Rot Throats

O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data



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O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

16 Bild Rd. Thooks

29-Jul-04 10: 04: 40

Unit 1 950.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow365.9TP	H BadI	51.3	51.6	51.9	50.4	48.2	64.7	52.9
Feeder Speed	Calc	77.7	75.4	76.0	73.6	70.5	95.7	78.3
Amps (Duct Pr46.6)	0.0	69.9	59.2	65.4	62.4	51.2	52.4	65.9
Coal Pipe Vel	4.	3956.	4259.	3942.	3935.	4369.	4252.	4349.
PA Flow %	0.1	88.6	95.2	88.5	88.2	98.1	94.8	97.3
PA Damper Pos	0.0	75.8	73.5	66.8	75.6	80.2	99.9	79.5
SA Damper Pos	35.0	68.8	72.5	69.3	69.0	67.5	91.7	69.6
PA Mass Flow	4.	3530.	3804.	3487.	3473.	3909.	3760.	3834.
Pulv DP (N0x 0.34)	0.0	10.1	12.7	11.4	13.3	14.9	24.2	14.0
Air to Fuel Rati	o Calc	2.00	2.23	2.03	2.08	2.44	1.73	2.16
Pulv Inlet Temp	79.2	285.2	293.2	302.8	289.9	289.1	347.7	291.9
Pulv Outlet Temp	86 . 1	151.4	150 . 1	149.7	149.7	150 . 1	150.4	150.6
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	0.0	11.7	0.1	8.7
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	2.	2225.	2181.	2049.	2007.	3.	2099.	2280.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 1149.	2287.	2297.	2302.	2234.	2169.	2400.	2345.

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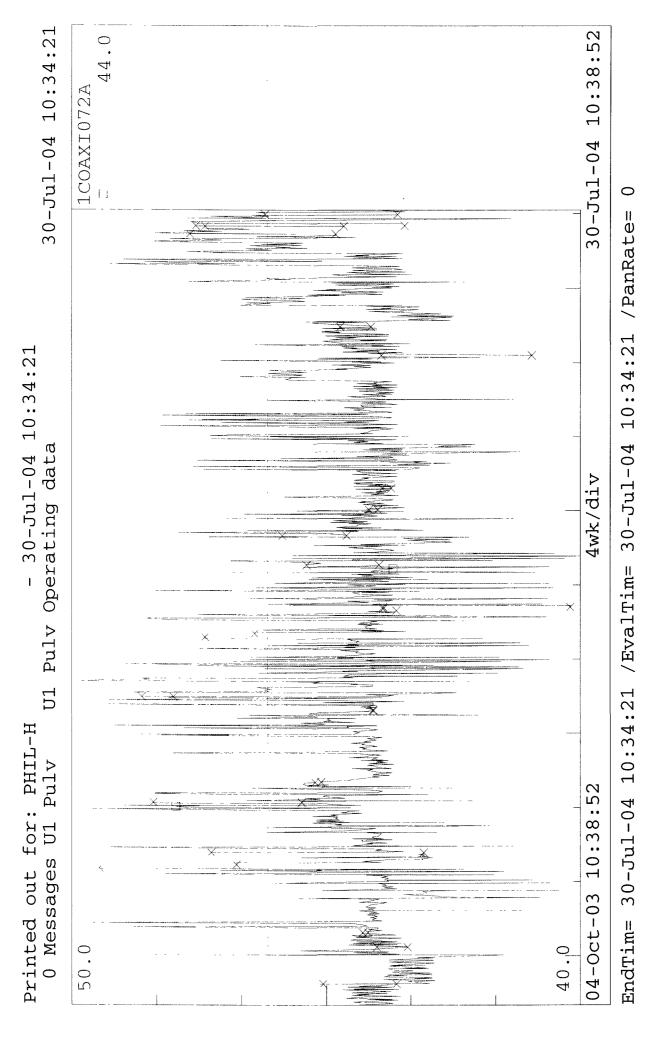
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O Messages U1 Pulv U1 Pulv Operating data

29-Ju1-04 07: 45: 34

Unit 1 897.3 MW	Pulv A	Pulv B	Pulv C	Pulv D	Pulv E	Pulv F	Pulv G	Pulv H
Coal Flow353.4TP	H 0.0	50.8	49.6	50.6	49.5	46.3	60.5	51.9
Feeder Speed	0.0	74.2	71.4	72.2	71.6	67.7	88.9	75.3
Amps (Duct Pr47.3)	0.0	63.7	60.2	62.5	63.7	47.4	48.2	65.4
Coal Pipe Vel	4.	3975.	4289.	3957.	3940.	4394.	4111.	4350.
PA Flow %	0.1	88.6	95.6	88.3	87.8	98.4	95.3	96.8
PA Damper Pos	0.0	74.9	73.0	66.0	74.9	79.4	82.7	78.9
SA Damper Pos	35.0	67.0	70.5	67.2	67.0	65.7	85.3	67.6
PA Mass Flow	4.	3549.	3768.	3484.	3469.	3894.	3741.	3840.
Pulv DP (NOx 0.32)	0.0	9.3	12.1	11.2	13.1	15.4	19.7	13.2
Air to Fuel Ratio	Calc	2.11	2.37	2.16	2.17	2.56	1.83	2.28
Pulv Inlet Temp	76.2	285.2	300.1	307.8	286.6	299.1	320.5	293.5
Pulv Outlet Temp	84.8	150.6	149.4	149.7	148.9	149.7	149.4	149.4
Coal Bias	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	0.0	0.0
Air Bias	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	0.0	11.7	0.1	8.7
Hyd Skid Pr Fdbk	1.	2206.	2135.	1219.	1981.	3.	2091.	2286.
Hyd Skid Pr Setp	t 1149.	2268.	2222.	2261.	2202.	2102.	2400.	2305.

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Vra Z. 92 chard Schmat. Key Issus Denrisk Differen sal Power PA Part Pressure. Corrate Throughput. Maintenano usues better for Retadle Eperetoms. Rejects Better to have rights. agreed to by all. No sign to " are bad. Eperatins hates rotating throats. Maintenance saves money -. how much? -Rasing Short pressure 2x speed fan speration. - Extra crem for maintener for Statinery shoots. per Dale. · Determine total losts of throats. + - & each style. OR " I pera tomet Rehabithy" worth the & saved

Wear Pahlen - Non-letian in the long end. It mills with B. W. Some upper end wear - Upper-end wear remains a loncern. Upper 49. Loner and hear. - You F concerned of "O.R." Let with rotating throats. - Upsets (6-mill grenation) more likely to occur with sprate. i. 85% - 95% or mill sees for more typeal. - 1/2 45 /2 in each hont. 85.90-85 % speration with high differential. (25"-26") u « concem. Status 90 8 /2 1/2. - No Stationary charges - 2B (?) Upize 15% krigger nen Heroat. Techonomics weldable, overinge throat still available?

Bill earlies version is hetter - Lames.

(Roshing H noil(s)

毫**707.7** 35500

Finances medernest is cravial because of his o'co effect. Fineness possibilely effects both parameters. - OP higher with Rotating throats. " Zot on a nominal bosis is a Concern James - Mainterence is in tough shape with regard to repairing staxonary throat Behind the 8-Ball. what is the area. - Technomics a contact them shut throat status - valeldable, Eversize. Very hater. hybrid mode of aderation - one rotating throat may cause higher duct pressure: Higher diret pressure to caused by the existinge of only one throat. Eng. Frediking Kespores bility, Seemt to de excert effect to make huse Hungs sur. "Finences chazs/dilves every time me gren ap numbers for much share they changed or impacted us. he throats. 章 [107]

- Find the BPE sketcher of the Technomics

throats

- Determine the B! We cross-sectional area.

What cross-sectional area seems to

make best.?

- Compare all of the throats area.

Fineness.
- Gam's dota is rether obspussed over the. Too many parameters.

"O.R." from seturing to stationary throats.

Recent derates for mills. inthen? Inthis?

Leads to concerns over the fature wishilip

8 DR Ared mills.

- Sca Holding

- Barner-Stabilizer -> Maintenance

- Barner linkger for Old burners. - Maintenance

- Steam spacer

- Blue Ram around stoot blomer

- Traded hard-cuffs for Sootblener | Tube Shields

GRO Tech is part of base contract:

Thenter losts

1) Rusiem for Maintenance Costs

2) Revier for læses hans fran each kne sheek. 3) u mis-hilling

Max tons/hour/unit 360
Min tons/hour/unit 320

Units online 7

Tons of Rock/hour/mill 5.7
Pounds of Rock/hour/mill 190.5

## The Costs of Rock

Past & Future Operating Costs

## Summary

Average Annual Costs of Rock \$1,769,555

Operating Costs for Past 5 Year(s) \$6,388,518
Operating Costs for Future 5 Year(s) \$11,307,036

Total Past & Future Costs (PV) \$17,695,555

Input Number of Years to Look Back
Input Number of Years to Project Forward
Input Cost of Capital (%)

Cost Breakdown
Past & Future Operating Costs

Past & Future Operating Costs	Operating Costs for Past 5 Year(s)	Operating Costs for Next 5 Year(s)
<u>Operations</u>	Bandarida accomo escribilizar en tradiciona de distribución de del del de del del del del del del d	na daten ji desindakti reddoj koopunedas ji kooj nooqolyahaan ahiji erakuu uu midak jeen ja ayaga gaas ji istidag
1 additional operator 24-7 to assist with pulling rejects. This requires 4 men to support a 24-7 schedule		
Costs per Man Men Required Per Unit Costs  \$68,750 4 \$275,000 x2 Units \$550,000	\$2,750,000	\$2,750,000
Maintenance  This year, Maintenance will be adding a night shift specifically dedicated to rebuilding the mills. This is attributed to rock and iron entering the mill with the coal. The size of the crew will be 10 mechanics and 1 supervisor for a period of 5 months. It is anticipated that this would last for 5 months, and be a yearly		
expense The costs are listed below		
Labor \$470,000 Parts \$500,000 \$970,000		\$4,850,000
Estimating that 30% of the pulvenzer mill maintenance budget is attributed to wear associated with rock. The present budget is \$880,000 for parts, and \$1,500,000 for labor.		
Labor \$1,500,000 Parts \$880,000 \$2,380,000		
Est 30% 30% 30%	\$3,570,000	\$3,570,000

Phil Hailes
10/7/2004 10 09 AM
S \text{NGINEER\OSENGINEER\1PHIL-H\Pulverizer Studies, Cost, Performance\PulverizerRockCosts xls}

#### **MEMORANDUM**

## INTERMOUNTAIN POWER SERVICE CORPORATION

TO:

George W. Cross

Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>

FROM:

Dennis K. Killian

DATE:

October 21, 2002

SUBJECT: Estimated Costs of Increased Rejects in Coal

A study to determine the cost of increased rejects in the coal has been conducted. The study specifically looked at the past costs incurred due to an increased amount of rock and metal in the coal being received from the mines.

The cost of increased rock in the coal, over the past 5 years, is estimated at \$4M.

The items reviewed to determine this cost were:

- 1) Costs to the Operations Department for reject system operation (\$550,000/yr).
- 2) Costs to the Maintenance Department for mill repair (\$238,000/yr).
- 3) Cost of unit derates associated with a high quantity of rejects (\$65,778/7 incidences).

The total cost break down is as follows:

Cost to Operations \$ 2,750,000 Cost to Maintenance \$ 1,190,000 Cost of Derates \$ 65,778

Total Costs \$4,005,778

## **Unit Derate Costs**

Costs of derates relating to poor coal quality.
Unit 1 has recorded 3 derates and Unit 2 has recorded 4 derates
The cost of 1 MVVhr is \$25.

Unit 1 MWhr Lost	\$/MWhr	Derate Costs
298 8	\$25	\$7,470
24.9	\$25	\$623
664	\$25	\$16,600
987 7		\$24,693
Unit 2 MWhr Lost		
298.8	\$25	\$7,470
107.9	\$25	\$2,698
763.6	\$25	\$19,090
473.1	\$25	\$11,828
1643	•	\$41.085

The average annual costs of derates associated with rock will be calculated based on the above information. This average will be used to project future derate costs attributable to rock. The period of time is from 12/97 to 10/02 (4.8 years). Because of general doubling of mill repair rates and costs, it will be assumed that derates will likewise double due to increased frequency at 6-mill and consequently 5-mill operation.

Total	Derate Costs		
	Unit 1	\$24,693	
	Unit 2	\$41,085	
	-	\$65,778	
Average Derate Co	ost Per Year		
	Costs	\$65,778	
	Years	4.8	
	Costs/Yr	\$13,704	\$68,518
Assume A Doubling	g of Future Derates	x2	
	_	\$27,407	

\$137,036

\$6,388,518 \$1

\$11,307,036

	Outage	OUTAGE	Cause		Equiv.	
UNIT	TYPE	PERIOD	CODE		Hrs	MW Lost
IGS2	D1			ICS POLE TRIP - CONVERTER STATION RUNBACK.	0.81	672.3
IGS2 IGS2	D1 D1			ID FAN SUPPLY BREAKERS 1A2 & 1B2 TRIPPED DUE TO HI TEMP IN FAN INVERTER ROOM. B HEATER STRING O/S TO REPAIR LEAKING VALVE.	0.17 0.03	141.1 24.9
IGS2	D1	07/10/89-07/10/89		ICS POLE 1 TRIP RESULTING IN CONVERTER STATION RUNBACK.	2.08	1726.4
IGS2	D1	11/18/89-11/18/89		METALLIC RETURN LOST WHEN ADELANTO OPENED 2H INTERRUPTING CURRENT ON METALLIC RETURN.	2 10	1743
IGS2	D1	11/21/89-11/21/89		FAILURE OF MW CONTROLLER OUTPUT MODULE.	0 53	439.9
IGS2	D1	01/31/90-01/31/90	3659	ICS POLE 2 TRIP - FLASHOVER DC LINE CAPACITOR CAN REPLACED DUE TO INSULATOR DESTROYED	2 00	1660
IGS2	D1	03/15/90-03/15/90		TRANSFORMER TROUBLE AT ADELANTO REPAIR OIL LEAK	1.51	1253.3
IGS2	D1	05/10/90-05/10/90		CO>1% DUE TO BLR MASTER BACKING OUT TOTAL AIR WHEN COAL PADDLE SWITCH FAILED.	0.07	58.1
IGS2 IGS2	D1 D1	06/29/90-06/29/90 08/15/90-08/16/90		1B BFPT TRIP RESET SOLENOID FAILURE HP HTR 8B O/S - EXTRACTION MBV-2 FAILURE	0 77 1.00	639.1 830
IGS2	D1			FD FAN 1A HYDRAULIC CONTROL PROBLEM	2.13	1767.9
IGS2	D1	12/28/90-12/29/90		POLE 2 BLOCKED DUE TO ADELANTO A PHASE TRANSFORMER TRIP	1.69	1402.7
IGS2	D1	01/24/91-01/24/91		POLE 2 STOPPED TO INSPECT OIL LEAK ON CONVERTER TRANSFORMER AT ADELANTO.	0.90	747
IGS2	D1	02/08/91-02/08/91	3659	BOILER RUNBACK DUE TO POLE 2 TRIPPING DUE TO A LINE FAULT.	0 16	132.8
IGS2	D1	02/08/91-02/08/91		LINE FAULTS ON THE DC LINES, OUTPUT VOLTAGE SET A 70%	6 73	5585.9
IGS2	D1	04/20/91-04/20/91		FD FAN 1B MODICON CARD FAILURE	0 05	41.5
IGS2	D1 D1	12/25/91-12/25/91		C CONDENSER HIGH BACKPRESSURE - AIR IN-LEAKAGE AT EXPANSION JOINT.	0.70	581
IGS2	D1			FW HIGH RANGE FLOW TRANSMITTER FAILED CAUSING DRUM UPSET POLE 2 TRIP DUE TO HIGH GAS INDICATION ON ACS CONVERTER XFMR.	0.06 3.37	49.8 2797.1
IGS2	D1			FD FAN A MOTOR CONNECTION FAILED CAUSING A GRND FAULT RELAY TRIPPING B CWP & A CT FAN.	063	522.9
IGS2	D1	07/21/92-07/21/92		POLE 2 BLOCKED FINE WATER HEAT EXCHANGER PROBLEM	0 23	190.9
IGS2	Ð1	12/08/92-12/08/92		F PULV TRIP DUE BURNER TEMP IND, B&E FDRS TRIPPED. UNABLE INSERT LTRS DUE TO LOGIC. PULV TRF	0 26	215.8
IGS2	D1	01/28/93-01/28/93	3320	AIR IN-LEAKAGE INTO CONDENSER WHILE WORKING ON C CONDENSATE PUMP.	0 40	332
IGS2	D1	04/22/93-04/22/93		LOSS ID FAN LINKS C1, D1 & D2 DUE TO LOSS HVAC SYSTEM IN ELECTRICAL ROOM.	0.04	33.2
IGS2	D1	06/16/93-06/16/93		POLE 2 BLOCKED SHEDDING LOAD DUE TO FINE WATER PROBLEMS AT ADELANTO	0.66	547.8
IGS2	D1 D1	08/31/93-08/31/93 09/08/93-09/08/93		FIVE PULV OPERATION FOLLOWING G PULV EMERGENCY TRIP.	0.02 0.09	16.6 74.7
IGS2	D1	09/23/93-09/23/93		FIVE PULV OPERATION FOLLOWING LOSS F PULV LUBE OIL PUMP. FIVE PULV OPERATION FOLLOWING A FEEDER PROBLEM	0.09	16.6
IGS2	D1			CONDENSER TUBE LEAK IN CONDENSER A INSIDE PASS	3.35	2780.5
IGS2	D1	02/23/94-02/23/94		FIVE PULV OPERATION FOLLOWING H PULV EMERGENCY TRIP	0 04	33.2
IGS2	D1	03/22/94-03/22/94	3619	ICS POLE 2 TRIP. BROKEN LINE ON CONV XFMR BUSHING DURING HIGH WINDS.	0 85	705.5
IGS2	D1	06/30/94-06/30/94		G FEEDER PADDLE SWITCH REPLACEMENT 5 PULV OPERATION	0.15	124.5
IGS2	D1	11/21/94-11/21/94		5 PULV OPERATION AFTER B PULV TRIP	0 06	49.8
IGS2	D1 D1	12/18/94-12/19/94 01/15/95-01/20/95		POLE 2 BLOCKED CONVERTER TRANSFORMER PROBLEMS AT ADELANTO ICS POLE #2 DC CURRENT TRANSDUCER CATASTROPHIC FAILURE.	2 67 19 25	2216.1 15977.5
IGS2	D1	03/01/95-03/01/95		FIVE PULV OPERATION LOAD DROP FOR STABILITY.	0.71	589.3
IGS2	D1			POLE 2 TRIP WHILE POLE 1 O/S	0.71	132.8
IGS2	D1	03/27/95-03/27/95		POLE 2 O/S FOLLOWING TRIP. POLE 1 I/S	3 11	2581.3
IGS2	D1	05/07/95-05/07/95	3659	BI-POLE BLOCK LOSS FINE WATER FLOW	0.71	589.3
IGS2	D1	10/01/95-10/01/95		PA FAN 2B PMCS. CPU BOARD FAILURE	0.32	265.6
IGS2	D1	10/17/95-10/17/95		PULV PROBLEMS WHILE IN SIX MILL OPERATION.	0 01	8.3
IGS2 IGS2	D1 D1	01/20/96-01/20/96 01/21/96-01/21/96		A PA FAN TRIPPED DUE TO MODICON FAILURE.	0.22 0.09	182.6 74.7
IGS2	D1	02/06/96-02/06/96		6 PULV OPERATION F O/S REBUILD & B PULV DAMPER PROBLEMS. POLE 1 TRIPPED INSULATOR FLASHOVER	0.09	215.8
IGS2	D1	02/06/96-02/06/96		BOTH ICS POLES O/S TILL 10 11 REDUCED VOLTAGE ON POLE 1.	4.55	3776.5
IGS2	D1	07/02/96-07/02/96		LOSS PACIFIC AC INTERTIÉ LINE	0.08	66.4
IGS2	D1	08/10/96-08/10/96	9300	PULV STARTUP PROBLEMS FOLLOWING MILLS BEING TRIPPED FOR PRESS EXCURSION BY GRID UPSET	0.36	298.8
IGS2	D1	09/19/96-09/19/96		A&B PULV TRIPPED ON FALSE LOW PA FLOW INDICATION.	0 14	116.2
IGS2	D1			ECC LOST MICROWAVE COMMUNICATIONS LOAD REDUCED DUE TO CONTINGENCY ARMING CONCERNS.	1 41	1170.3
IGS2 IGS2	D1 D1	01/16/97-01/16/97 06/17/97-06/17/97		COAL FUEL SUPPLY TO UNITS CONVEYOR 18B O/S& FREEZING TEMPS BOTH CONTRIBUTORS #3 CV SERVO REPLACEMENT FOLLOWING FAILURE	1.96 0.17	1626.8 141.1
IGS2	D1	07/14/97-07/14/97		6 MILL OPERATION WITH H O/S MAINT, E PULV BROKEN LOADING RODS	0.17	116.2
IGS2	D1	09/20/97-09/20/97		F & G PULV EMERGENCY TRIPPED DUT TO BAD INPUT MODULE.	0.14	249
IGS2	D1	09/27/97-09/28/97		6 PULV OPERATION - B PULV TRIPPED AND A O/S FDR CALIBRATION.	0 12	99.6
IGS2	D1	12/02/97-12/02/97	9290	LOAD LIMIT DUE TO POOR DUALITY COAL.	0.36	298.8
IGS2	D1	12/20/97-12/20/97	3634	2A SUMP PUMP GROUNDED CAUSING 2A04 MAIN BRKR TO TRIP	0 41	340.3
IGS2	D1	04/24/98-04/24/98		E1 BURNER COAL PIPE FIRE. MILL TRIPPED. 6 PULV OPERATION	0.08	66.4
1GS2	D1	07/01/98-07/01/98		REDUCED DRUM PRESS DÜE TO DRUM SAFETY CONCERNS.	0.33	273.9
IGS2	D1	07/01/98-07/01/98	W 6	LOAD LIMIT TO HYDROSET DRUM SAFETIES  LOAD LIMIT DUE TO ROCK IN COAL FOR STABILITY WHILE TAKING 2A PAN FAN TO HIGH SPEED.	1 16 0.13	962.8 107.9
IGS2	D1	09/02/98-09/02/98	, ,,,,,,,,	SAH 1B COUPLING/MOTOR FAILURE.	0.13	215.8
IGS2	D1			HP FW HTR 8A ALTERNATE DRAIN LINE FAILURE.	2.24	1859.2
IGS2	D1	10/08/98-10/08/98		B4 SUS TRIPPED ON HIGH TEMP TRIPPING E, G &H PULV RUNBACK TO 600 MWG	0.25	207.5
IGS2	D1	12/14/98-12/14/98		A BFPT O/S FOR LEAKING PRESSURE SWITCH REPLACEMENT	0.08	66.4
IGS2	D1	01/21/99-01/21/99		E PULV TRIP ON LOSS LUBE OIL PUMP	0.09	74.7
IGS2	D1			ADELANTO POLE 2 B-PHASE MAIN TRANSFORMER PROBLEM	0 69	572.7
IGS2	D1			B FD FAN PMCS TRIP CPU BOARD REPLACED	0 10	83 66.4
IGS2	D1	03/23/33-03/29/99	1415	B FD FAN PMCS TRIP CPU BOARD REPLACED	0 08	66 4

IGS2	D1	10/19/99-10/21/99	920	ID FAN TRIP LOAD LOWERED DUE TO BOTTOM ASH PROBLEMS	1 30	1079
IGS2	D1	02/16/00-02/16/00	3659	POLE #2 BLOCK. CONVERTER STATION AT ADELANTO FLASHOVER	0 39	323.7
IGS2	D1	09/12/00-09/12/00	8499	D SCRUBBER MODULE TRIP. MODICON GROUND PROBLEM	0.06	49.8
IGS2	D1	09/13/00-09/13/00	8650	A BAGHOUSE CASING TRIP ON PC CPU FAILURE.	0.36	298.8
IGS2	D1	10/29/00-10/30/00	1410	B FD FAN TRIP FD FAN MOTOR A-PHASE GROUNDED.	0.23	190.9
IGS2	D1	11/26/00-11/27/00	1488	1A SAH BURNED UP CLUTCH ON START-UP AIR DRIVE.	2.32	1925.6
IGS2	D1	01/10/01-01/11/01	3659	POLE 2 BLOCK DUE TO FLASHOVER AT ADELANTO.	0 44	365.2
IGS2	D1	01/11/01-01/11/01	3659	POLE 2 BLOCK. POLE & CONVERTER DC CONVERTER DIFFERENTIAL	0 62	514.6
IGS2	D1	04/07/01-04/07/01	250	5 PULV OPERATION, A O/S MAINT, F FDR BEARING REPLACEMENT, H FDR SPEED PROBLEM	0 17	141.1
IGS2	D1	05/15/01-05/16/01	9290	PULV LOADING UP DUE TO BAD COAL PA FAN IVS 100%. 28 PA FAN TO HI SPD WHICH TRIPPED.	0.92	763.6
IGS2	D1	05/16/01-05/16/01	9290	PULV REJECTS PROBLEM. PULV TRIPS ON B & G LOW AIR FLOW DUE TO EXCESSIVE PYRITES.	0.57	473.1
IGS2	D1	06/16/01-06/16/01	3659	POLE 1 BLOCK DUE TO POWER CONTROL GLITCH. POLE 2 METALLIC RETURN PROBLEM.	1 45	1203.5
IGS2	D1	06/24/01-06/24/01	310	B & D PULV O/S INSPECTIONS. C MILL TRIPPED AND G FEEDER LOST SIGNAL.	0.22	182.6
IGS2	D1	09/07/01-09/07/01	250	B & G FEEDER/PULV TRIPPED 5 PULV OPERATION	0.08	66.4
IGS2	D1	09/10/01-09/10/01	260	PA FAN 2B PMCS REPLACED REMOTE I/O J-540	0.20	166
IGS2	D1	09/15/01-09/15/01	260	PA FAN 2B PMCS. REPLACED REMOTE I/O J-540	0.21	174.3
IGS2	D1	09/17/01-09/17/01	260	PA FAN 2B PMCS REPLACED 421 POWER SUPPLY	0.34	282.2
IGS2	D1	10/20/01-10/20/01	1488	1B SAH ROTOR STOPPAGE. NEW FLUID COUPLING INSTALLED	0 13	107.9
IGS2	D1	11/24/01-11/25/01	3659	POLE 1 BLOCK. ADELANTO TRANSFORMER C PHASE Y BUSHING BROKEN CONDUCTOR	3.63	3012. <del>9</del>
IGS2	D1	12/01/01-12/01/01	3412	B BFPT TRIP DURING WEEKLY OVERSPEED TESTING BAD POSITION LOGIC BOARD.	0 39	323.7
IGS2	D1	12/01/01-12/01/01	3412	B BFPT TRIP DURING SUS TESTING. SOLID GROUND ON UNIT BATTERY BUS REPAIRED.	1.59	1319.7
IGS2	D1	12/28/01-12/28/01	250	5 PULV OPERATION A PULV & G FDR PROBLEMS WITH C PULV O/S MAINTENANCE.	0.09	74.7
IGS2	D1	04/20/02-04/20/02	3659	POLE 2 BLOCKED HOT SPOT REPAIR LINE DROP CONNECTION TRANSFORMER B PHASE X1 Y BUSHING.	3 03	2590.65
IGS2	D1	08/05/02-08/05/02	3659	POLE 2 Y BUSHING B PHASE CONNECTOR PROBLEM	0.61	521.55

# **Pulverizer Coal Flow and Run Time**

# **Pulverizer Tons/Run Hour**

	OCT 8, 2002	OCT 1, 2001	Tons						
	Meter Reading	Meter Reading	(Difference)	Run Hours	Tons/Run Hour	Days Ran	T	ons/Run Hour	
1A -	954488	565000	389488	8098	48.10	337	1D	49.06	+1 Sigma 48.61
1B	920269	536030	384239	7956	48.30	332	1B	48.30	· ·
ROT	696892	460476	236416	4964	47.63	207	1F	48.23	
1D	940185	533803	406382	8283	49.06	345	2B	48.11	
1E	917337	548121	369216	8174	45.17	341	1A	48.10	
1F	932817	551801	381016	7900	48.23	329	1H	48.07	
ROT	956177	619855	336322	7025	47.88	293	2D 🦠	48.01	_
ROT	927961	571866	356095	7408	48.07	309	1G 🥎	47.88	Median 47.86
2A	901473	526859	374614	7880	47.54	328	2G	47.84	•
2B	903996	543106	360890	7501	48.11	313	2E	47.70	
2C	854553	544290	310263	6521	47.58	272	_1C	47.63	Ave 47.60
ROT	886421	528351	358070	7459	48.01	311	2C	47.58	•
2E	899877	559134	340743	7143	47.70	298	2A	47.54	
2F	904051	557145	346906	7360	47.13	307	2F	47.13	-1 Sigma 46.60
2G	850144	517725	332419	6949	47.84	290	2H 🦠	45.34	
ROT	837728	569899	267829	5907	45.34	246	1E	45.17	
Average	S		346932	7283	47.60	303.6	A۱	verages	47.60
Median			357083	7434	47.86	310.0	М	edian	47.86
Stand De			44528	887	1.01	36.9	St	and Dev	1.01
+1Si			391460	8170	48.61	340.5		+1Sigma	48.61
-1 Si	gma		302403	6396	46.60	266.7		-1 Sigma	46.60

## **Explanatory Notes:**

ROT = Rotating Throats are Installed.

Yellow highlight shows mill data for rotating throats.

Bold Face data are outside +/- 1 standard deviation.

Data compiled between October 1, 2001 and October 8, 2002.

"Meter Reading" is accumulated tons of coal per PI (Archive Data List)

"Tons (Difference)" is total tons (the mathematical difference between the two meter readings).

"Run Hours" is accumulated actual run time for each mill (i.e. down-time is excluded) per PI.

"Tons/Run Hour" is "Tons (Difference)" divided by "Run Hours".

"Days Ran" is actual number of days that the mill was running.

Phil Hailes 10/7/2004 10:09 AM

Dennis
James
September 14, 2004

# Estimated Pulverizer Maintenance Cost Difference – Stationary vs. Rotating Throats

## I. Parts

## A. Throats and Ledge Covers

Upper stationary throats and ledge covers must be replaced every year. The difference in cost between stationary and rotating throats is estimated as:

\$25,000/set X 16 mills/year = +\$400,000/year for stationary throats.

There is an additional cost over the next four years to stay with, and go back to stationary throats, on all the mills, if this is the direction that is chosen. All of the mills will need new lower throats installed as soon as possible. The cost of installation and reinstallation of lower stationary throats is estimated as:

 $$125,000/\text{set} \times 4 \text{ mills/year} = +$500,000/\text{year} \text{ for stationary throats.}$ 

## B. Overhaul Parts

Overhauls are ideally scheduled every 30,000 hours. However, because of upper stationary throat and ledge cover replacements every year, overhauls are done in conjunction with the throat and ledge cover change outs on stationary throat mills. Maintenance has found that we lose about six months to one year (or about 1/4) of the wear on tires, bowl segments, ceramics, pivot pins, wear plates, and wheel guards, as compared to what we can do with rotating throats. The difference in cost between stationary and rotating throats is estimated as:

 $$55,000/\text{mill} \times 16 \text{ mills} \times 1/4 = +$220,000/\text{year for stationary throats}.$ 

## C. <u>Erosion Resistant Parts</u>

High PA duct pressure and pulverizer D/P's have increased erosion in the mills. Tungsten carbide plate has been welded in these mills and appears to be able to last for years (though our experience is still limited). Assuming 2 sheets of plate added to the rotating throat mills at every overhaul, the difference in cost between stationary and rotating throats is estimated as:

 $$2,500/\text{sheet} \times 2 \text{ sheets} \times 4 \text{ overhauls/year} = -$80,000/\text{year for rotating throats}.$ 

## II. Labor

## A. Stationary Throats

Upper throats and ledge covers must be changed every year. This requires raising the frame, removing the wheels, changing out the upper throats and ledge covers, repairing any damage in the mill, and then putting each of the mills back together. During the throat and ledge cover change outs, five mills must also receive a complete overhaul each year (six mills every third year). Based on our history without using overtime, the time to replace throats and ledge covers will take about 2-3 weeks for each mill, and an overhaul will take about 8-10 weeks. Coupled with the normal 3,000 hour inspections, Maintenance will need to do at least 4 mills during outages using contractor labor, and one day of overtime per week will be required during the year to keep up with the work load, which includes unscheduled, breakdown and emergency work.

## B. Rotating Throats

With rotating throats, overhauls are scheduled based on mill parts condition and usually not the throats. Four mills would receive a complete overhaul each year (no contractor labor needed), and the normal 3,000 hour and 6,000 hour inspections/repairs could be done with existing manpower on regular shifts to keep up with the load. No labor costs in added shifts, overtime, or for contractors are anticipated.

## C. <u>Labor Cost Difference for Stationary Throats</u>

The difference in labor costs between stationary and rotating throats is estimated as:

Contractor Labor During Outages: \$70,000/mill X 4 mills = +\$280,000/year.

Overtime (5/10's for the year): 32/hour X 1.5 X 10 hours X 12 employees X 52 = +\$300,000/year.

## III. Stationary Throat Maintenance Total Cost Difference Per Year

\$400,000

+500,000

+220,000

-80,000

+280,000

+300,000

+\$1,620,000/year

#### **MEMORANDUM**

#### INTERMOUNTAIN POWER SERVICE CORPORATION

TO: George Cross Page <u>1</u> of <u>6</u>

FROM:

Dennis Killian

DATE:

October 11, 2004

SUBJECT: Status of Rotating and Stationary Throats

## Recommendations

- 1) Install one set of B&W Reverse Rotation(B&W RR)large port throats and conduct performance tests.
- Install the B&W RR large port throat in the next available rotating throat mill rather than altering another stationary throat mill, if possible.
- 3) After completion of the B&W RR large throat test, a determination for future use should be made between the large or medium port rotating throat design.

## Summary Statements of Present Status

- The B&W RR throat is capable of maintaining 90% feeder speed, 90% PA flow at 44" wc. These parameters are required during 6-mill operation and unit generation of 950 MW. This has occurred with a 50/50 split of rotating and stationary throats in operation.
- The B&W RR throat is the most viable option for rotating throat use at this point. This is taking into consideration: cost, performance, vendor viability and support, difficulty of installation, maintenance and a mandate to stop testing and make-a-decision.
- 3) Neither rotating throat nor stationary throat mills consistently pass the established performance criteria for rotating throat acceptance.

- 4) Of the 16 pulverizers, 8 have stationary throats and 8 have rotating throats. These are distributed evenly between the units, with each unit having 4 of each kind.
- 5) The 8 rotating throats on site consist of 4 designs from 3 manufacturers. The 8 throats are: (3) B&W RR medium port, (2) B&W old style, (1) BPI and (2) Techinomics.
- 6) The B&W RR medium throat mills, do not have rejects. The consequence of this, is expected to be upper-mill wear. There exists an unresolved trade-off between rejects for an operator, or potential upper-mill wear for maintenance.
- 7) At the present time, the decision is between use of B&W RR medium port or a yet-to-be-installed B&W RR large port. Area of the large port throats is 10% greater than the area of the medium port throats.
- 8) PA Duct pressure has been has been >44" wc for an extended period and prior to installation of the B&W RR throats. All rotating throat tests were required to be conducted at 42" wc.

## Discussion of Recommendations

Recommendation 1)

Install one set of B&W Reverse Rotation (B&W RR) large port throats and conduct performance tests.

Instant transition to either rotating or stationary throats is not possible, whether there is a mandate or not; consequently, there exists an opportunity to confirm the performance of the yet-to-be installed large port B&W RR throat.

This large port throat has already been ordered. The past 3 B&W RR throats have medium sized ports. The new B&W RR large throat should be installed into the next available rotating throat mill, if possible. This will bring IPP closer to having a fleet of mills with consistent rotating throat products.

Commitment to full use of stationary throats is apparent, but the decision as to which throat is best should be made after testing of the B&W RR large port is complete.

## Recommendation 2)

Install the B&W RR large port throat in the next available rotating throat mill rather than altering another stationary throat mill, if possible.

This is a conservative recommendation and a concession to caution. It would be preferable at this time, to eliminate some of the rotating throats that IPSC is no longer considering for future use. Consequently, this would mean purchasing stationary throat hardware for the upcoming Unit 1 F mill overhaul.

Ideally, maintaining the status quo by not altering the balance of 8 stationary and 8 rotating throats, as agreed upon, would be preferred. However, with the recommendation of installing a B&W RR large port throat and the immediate need to install new throats into Unit 1 F (stationary throats) as issues, it would be practical to save the \$30,000 to \$50,000 of purchase and installation costs by installing the B&W RR large port into the F mill rather than stationary throats.

## Recommendation 3)

After completion of the B&W RR large throat test, a determination between the large and medium port design will be made.

It is expected that the large port throat will reduce DP and improve PA flow at 90% and 95% feeder speeds. It will also reduce throat velocities, thereby allowing rejects to be removed from the mill. At this point, rejects are minimal in the B&W RR medium throats, and are expected to cause upper-mill wear during operation. If rejects are allowed to occur by reducing velocities, less upper-mill wear may result. The effect of larger port openings on coal fineness will also be determined.

Should a B&W RR medium throat be installed into any mill, and it is later determined that a larger size port is best, alterations could be made. With some preparation, the medium throats vanes could be trimmed by Maintenance to facilitate a 10% increase in port size. Ideally however, a properly sized throat would be purchased.

## Discussion of Present Status

A meeting was held with most of the key individuals concerned about pulverizer mill components. This meeting was principally driven by the use of the newest style B&W RR medium port throats which have recently been installed. In the end, the decision was made that the then-present mill configurations would remain status quo. That is to say, stationary throat mills would only be replaced with stationary hardware and not be replaced with rotating throats; and all rotating throat mills would be fitted with rotating throat hardware as needed and not returned to a stationary throat configuration. This was an interim compromise, that is not fully satisfactory to everybody.

Commitment to one style of throat or the other (i.e. stationary vs rotating) can not practically be implemented immediately; time will be required to fully transition to either style, without regard to which style is selected. Consequently, time exists to determine if the soon-to-be installed large ported B&W RR throat will be adequate. To date, the 3 B&W RR throats that have been installed, medium sized ports only.

The various versions and the location of the installations are as follows:

#### Unit 1

A Mill: Stationary
B Mill: Stationary
C Mill: Techinomics
D Mill: Stationary

E Mill: BPI

F Mill: Stationary

G Mill: B&W Reverse Rotation (CCW), New Style,

Medium Port.

H Mill: B&W Clockwise Rotation, Old Style.

## Unit 2

A Mill: Stationary

B Mill: B&W Reverse Rotation (CCW), New Style,

Medium Port.

C Mill: Stationary
D Mill: Techinomics

E Mill: B&W Reverse Rotation (CCW), New Style,

Medium Port.

F Mill: Stationary G Mill: Stationary

H Mill: B&W Clockwise, Old Style.

## Performance Tests and Criteria

All rotating throats designs have been tested, after installation, against certain performance criteria established by Engineering. All rotating throat designs were determined to have not met the performance criteria. The principal criteria that was not met, with regard to performance, has been the inability to maintain 95% PA flow and low DP at 95% feeder speed, with duct pressure at 42" wc. (Additionally, some throat designs also have not been acceptable for reasons other than performance such as mechanical loosening, mill wear, installation difficulty, etc.)

Failure of all rotating throat designs to meet the criteria, when such throats are being used at other plants, leads to questions as to whether the criteria used to "fail" the rotating throats is reasonable. Would the existing stationary throats meet the performance criteria? A recent test showed that 3 of 4 stationary throats mill could not meet the criteria. Interestingly, the one stationary throat performed very well, was due for a major overhaul (Unit 2 A) with throats to be removed for wear. Another, performed poorly, though a major overhaul with new hardware, had just been completed (Unit 1 D).

The B&W RR medium port throat is able to maintain 90% feeder speed, without loading-up during 6-mill operation for extended periods beyond at least 12 hours. This is not to say that this throat is the absolute best performer with regard to rotating throat performance. At this point, we do not intend on reconsidering and retesting all of the past rotating throat designs to some newly established criteria.

All manufacturers, when informed of the failed test, claimed that had IPSC raised duct pressure above 42" wc, their throat would have passed the performance tests. This is also true of the B&W RR throat. PA Duct pressure has been >44" wc for an extended period and prior to installation of the B&W RR throats. All rotating throat tests were required to be conducted at 42" wc.

With a combination and consideration of all of the factors involved with rotating throats, including a mandate to stop testing and make-a-decision, we are deciding between B&W Reverse Rotation throats, or stationary throats.

IPSC has increased duct pressure. Two past cases have shown that with the larger sizing of the rotating throat port, DP and PA flow parameters can be improved. The large port size B&W throat is expected to provide adequate performance when judged against these parameters. As a general rule with the throat designs tested, as the port openings increase with a throat, it is more likely to meet a 95% feeder speed criteria. However, coal

fineness can be reduced to below acceptable levels. Caution must be followed, as a throat opening that is too large, may have serious consequences.

## Maintenance Costs

It is agreed by all, that the purchase and installation of rotating throats saves money with regard to the maintenance budget.

The figure of \$1,620,000 is based on a summary statement of costs and savings generated by the Maintenance Department. Disagreement and debate could be made about the particulars used to generate the figure, but it is agreed that mill life has been extended and maintenance money saved with the use of rotating throats.

A comparison could be generated between costs and savings experienced by both Maintenance and Operations if required.

Note: The term "Reverse Rotation" used in the previous table and throughout this paper, is a bit of a misnomer. The term refers to the orientation of the vanes within a port. It does not refer to the direction of the table and throat rotation.